Strategy for the Provision of School Places and Schools' Capital Investment 2015/16 to 2017/18







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FOREWORD

Schools are at the very centre of shaping experiences for children and young people - not just in terms of providing a good education, but also in encouraging positive attitudes and helping them to become valued members of society both as a child and into adulthood.

Therefore it is vital that our children receive a first class education in an environment where they feel both safe and valued. In Lancashire, we are proud that our schools continue to perform at above the national average and that many children leave school with good qualifications and a positive outlook on life that will equip them well for the future. However, this does not come easily or by chance and it is the role of Lancashire County Council to support Lancashire schools in their ambitions: to strive for continuous improvement; to celebrate success and share good practice; and to address issues before they become a cause for concern. There are many ways in which Lancashire County Council does this. This document is concerned with just two of them: school place commissioning and schools' capital investment – in other words, how the council intends to ensure that the right number of school places are in the right areas at the right time in order to meet ever changing demand; and how it intends to direct capital resources to secure school place provision of high quality in premises that are safe, secure and fit for purpose.

I am pleased to report that:

- The County Council has successfully provided sufficient school places for all Lancashire children and young people for September 2014 and in previous years by creating 2553 additional school places in areas of need;
- The accuracy of pupil forecasts has been very good, thus providing confidence in future forecasts and proposals;
- The vast majority of children were offered places at their preferred school despite the pressures of increasing population in many parts of the County

I would like to thank all schools that have taken part in the major expansion programme, particularly headteachers and governors for their leadership and management of consultation and building projects whilst at the same time continuing to raise standards and improve outcomes for children.

Challenges for the future remain. The school age population continues to grow, requiring additional school places to be provided into the foreseeable future; land

availability and other practical issues are obstacles to development in some areas; and access to sufficient funds for school building development continues to be limited.

I am determined that we will meet these challenges with robust commissioning arrangements which have been secured through consultation and collaboration with schools; Diocesan and Church Authorities; and the twelve borough and city councils that make up Lancashire.

I believe that this plan sets out a realistic vision for the future of education provision in Lancashire and provides a framework for schools and other providers to work closely with the County Council to deliver a good school places for every Lancashire child.

It is hoped that schools, parents, those concerned with infrastructure development, and all those with an interest in education provision in Lancashire will find the document useful.

County Councillor Matthew Tomlinson

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Cabinet Member for Children, Young People and Schools

Introduction

This strategic document provides the context and policy for school place provision and schools' capital strategy in Lancashire. The document also provides information for schools and stakeholders on an area basis that may prove useful in school development planning. The document represents Lancashire County Council's forward plan for the next three years. Policy and information will be refreshed annually on a rolling three year basis to reflect the most up to date position. This strategic document utilises January 2014 pupil census data and all contents relate to May 2014 unless otherwise specified.

This document is arranged as follows:

- Information on current school place provision in Lancashire
- Strategy for school place commissioning and capital investment from 2015/16 to 2017/18
- Appendices, including current school information arranged by areas.

The document will form the cornerstone of our school place commissioning policy and capital investment strategy for the next three to four years and will contribute to Lancashire's vision and priority objectives for children and young people. Further details of the vision and priority objectives can be viewed in the Lancashire Children & Young People's Plan 2014-2017

http://www.lancashirechildrenstrust.org.uk/cypplan/

Sufficiency of School Places

Lancashire County Council has a statutory duty to ensure that sufficient school places are available for its resident children and young people. By far the most significant challenge facing Lancashire, and many other local authorities nationally, is the unprecedented increase in demand for primary school places. Since 2010, 2353 additional primary school places have been commissioned, the majority of which in good or outstanding schools to increase the prospect of pupils receiving an excellent education in Lancashire. Over the timeframe of this plan it is anticipated that a further 3 forms of entry (90 places) will be needed on a permanent basis and a further 7½ classes (225 Reception places) will needed to address a temporary increase in demand. The completion and occupation of new housing developments will add to this estimate as will any inward migration.

Clearly, the provision of the required additional places must take top priority in terms of strategic delivery and expenditure from the schools' capital allocation. The vast majority of the schools' capital allocation over this three year period will need to be used for additional place provision, leaving very little for projects that address the suitability of premises.

In order to deliver its statutory responsibilities around the provision of school places, Lancashire County Council will seek to provide standardised design solutions wherever possible, in order to minimise costs and timescales. In providing standard designs, the build quality will not be compromised but the opportunity to address existing suitability issues in schools may not be available. Lancashire County Council will seek to adhere to the published criteria in identifying schools for expansion and will always take governing body views into account. However, school place commissioning powers ultimately rest with Lancashire County Council and, on occasion, it may need to utilise these powers if an appropriate negotiated solution cannot be found.

Where new housing development creates a demand for school places in excess of those available, Lancashire County Council will expect district councils to work with Lancashire County Council in seeking a financial contribution from the developers that is proportionate to impact in order to mitigate against the effect of any new development on local infrastructure. It is critical that developers make a financial contribution to school places as, without one, Lancashire County Council will be unable to deliver the required provision and this will impact on the children and families that come to settle in new developments.

The school age population in the secondary sector continues to decline in most areas of Lancashire and, with few exceptions, it will take some years for overall pupil numbers to recover to their previous levels. This is presenting a different challenge for schools with low pupil numbers and the County Council is forming a strategy to maintain the quality of education provision in the medium term. The aim will be to support schools, wherever possible, to withstand the fall in pupil numbers. However, where there are significant challenges around education standards, in schools where pupil numbers are not expected to rise and that have increasingly difficult budgetary circumstances, the county council will open up discussions on:

- entering into partnership with another high quality education provider, where this is an appropriate option; or,
- assess and discuss the implications of a structural school organisation solution that may include school closure.

School closures will only be progressed where there are no other viable solutions that are likely to quickly improve education standards.

Targeted Investment

Lancashire County Council must continue to make progress in enabling children and young people who require specialist provision to be educated within the Lancashire maintained sector wherever possible. Over the past five years an additional 150 places have been commissioned at Lancashire maintained special schools which have usually been part funded from the anticipated revenue savings over a period of time. The plan will continue to address the sufficiency of places in the special sector and to address premises issues at special schools. Wherever opportunities are available and costs permit, Lancashire County Council will seek to co-locate special and mainstream school provision in order to provide inclusive opportunities.

For some children, mainstream or special school provision is not appropriate and alternative provision is needed, usually on a short term basis before being reintegrated into school. It is important that the amount of alternative provision available in Lancashire is sufficient and that premises do not hinder the delivery of an appropriate curriculum. The plan will seek to address these issues in Lancashire's alternative provision over the next three years.

Strategic Maintenance of the School Building Stock

There will be a continuous programme of work to address serious condition issues in schools. The suitability of premises is unlikely to be addressed unless it is integral to works arising from condition led projects.

It is important to note that this plan is a 'live' document which underpins the dynamic process of ensuring the need for sufficient and appropriate school places in Lancashire. The plans may alter as a result of changes in migration, housing development and as a result of discussions and consultations with schools; Diocesan and Church Authorities; District Councils; Local Elected members and others.

SECTION 1: CONTEXTUAL INFORMATION

Key Characteristics of Lancashire

The Lancashire County Council area is a large, diverse local authority covering an area of 2,903 square kilometres. 1.18 million people live within the county council area, making it the fourth largest council in England and Wales. There are an estimated 277,000 children and young people aged up to 19 years living in the county (2011 Census data). Perhaps Lancashire's defining characteristic is its size and diversity, with urban, rural and coastal communities spread across 12 districts. Within the broader 14-authority Lancashire area, there are also two unitary authorities, operating independently from Lancashire County Council. These are Blackburn with Darwen and Blackpool.

Each district has its own unique demography and geography. Almost one quarter of Lancashire's population live in the districts of Lancaster (12%) and Preston (12%) whilst at the other end of the scale 5% live in Ribble Valley and almost 6% live in Rossendale. Approximately 19% of the population of Lancashire live in rural areas.

The components of population change in 2013 revealed strong inward migration flows in Chorley and Lancaster of 900 or more, whilst Burnley, Hyndburn and Preston each saw negative migration changes in excess of 400. Fylde and Wyre both saw deaths exceed births by over 400, but births exceeded deaths by more than 400 in both Pendle and Preston.

As well as some of England's most prosperous communities, Lancashire also has pockets of very severe deprivation. The 2010 <u>Index of Multiple Deprivation</u> indicates that Burnley falls into the 10% most deprived areas of England. The districts of Pendle, Hyndburn and Preston also demonstrate clear evidence of deprivation. In contrast, Ribble Valley is in the top 15% least deprived authorities in the country.

The 2011 census revealed that 7.7% of the county council area's population were from minority ethnic backgrounds, much lower than the national average of 14.0%. However, the four districts of Burnley, Hyndburn, Pendle and Preston have ethnic minority proportions greater than 10%. The most significant ethnic group is "Asian or Asian British" who comprise 6.1% of the resident population in the county council area, a proportion lower than the national average of 7.5%.

The 2011 Census usual resident population figure for the county council area shows an <u>increase of 3.2%</u> since the last census in 2001. That was well below the England and Wales increase of 7.8%. Preston recorded the largest numeric increase in usual residents of more than 10,000 people since the last census. It also had by far the highest growth rate within the county of over 8%, whilst Chorley had an increase of approaching 7%.

Future population projections reveal that the county council area's population is expected to grow by <u>5.8% between 2012 and 2037</u> to 1.24 million. This rate of growth is expected to be well below the average for England of 16.2%. At the district level,

West Lancashire is predicted to see a growth rate of just 1.4%, whilst Burnley and Hyndburn are expected to see minor population decreases. In contrast, rates of above 10% are predicted for in Rossendale and Chorley.

In the Lancashire County Council area, the <u>number of households</u> is expected to increase by just under 7% between 2011 and 2021, which compares to a national increase of 10%. There is projected to be of around 9% in households in Chorley and South Ribble, but a small reduction in Burnley.

The <u>UK fertility rate</u> has risen from an average of 1.7 children per woman of child-bearing age in 2002 to 1.94 in 2012. Patterns of fertility in the Lancashire sub-region have largely followed those nationally with a fertility rate of 1.93 for the county council area in 2012. There are however marked variations between districts. For example in 2012, the fertility rate for Ribble valley was 1.75 whilst in Pendle it was 2.23.

Current School Provision

Lancashire County Council has a statutory duty to ensure that every child living in Lancashire who wants a place in a Lancashire school is able to access one. In order to carry out this duty effectively Lancashire County Council must ensure that changes in the population are taken into consideration when planning school place provision. At the same time planning activities must recognise the unique differences within specific areas. Each district has its own demography and geography, including highly populated urban areas and sparsely populated rural areas. At the same time school planning must recognise the needs of the more vulnerable and disadvantaged members of the community, such as those with special educational needs.

The education provision in Lancashire exhibits many strengths but there are two key features which parents value when seeking a school place for their child – the ability to secure a place at an appropriate school with high education standards and the diversity in the types of schools available. Lancashire is strong in both respects.

In July 2014, the Ofsted grades of Lancashire County Council maintained schools were as follows:

	Total	Outstanding	Good
Nursery	24	16	8
Primary	485	95	321
Secondary	88	16	47
Special	30	11	17
Alternative Provision	10	2	6

Overall, 85% of schools are graded either good or outstanding by Ofsted.

There are a wide range of school categories in Lancashire providing parents with an element of choice, depending on place availability, in most areas of the County. There are: 202 (37.3%) of Lancashire schools community schools, 262 (47.7%) voluntary aided, 46 (8.2%) voluntary controlled, 17 (4.8%) Academy and Free schools and 11 (1.9%) foundation schools. Ten Diocesan/Church Authorities are important partners in the provision of schools in Lancashire. These are:

- Blackburn Church of England Diocese
- > Bradford, Ripon & Leeds Church of England Diocese
- Lancaster Catholic Diocese
- Leeds Catholic Diocese
- Liverpool Catholic Diocese
- Liverpool Church of England Diocese
- Manchester Church of England Diocese
- Salford Catholic Diocese

- > The Methodist Districts of Lancashire & Liverpool
- United Reformed Church

At July 2014 there were 27 academies and 1 free school in Lancashire. In September 2013, the first UTC and 14-16 in FE Unit opened, both in East Lancashire. Lancashire County Council will continue to work closely with academies and free schools in terms of planning for the provision of school places.

A full breakdown of the types of mainstream schools is provided in the table below:

School Category	Primary	Secondary	Total
Academy - Sponsor led	1	3	4
Academy – Converters	5	17	22
Academy – Free School		1	1
Community	180	32	212
Foundation	2	5	7
Foundation (Trust)	2	2	4
Voluntary Aided	1	1	2
Voluntary Aided – Catholic	103	18	121
Voluntary Aided – Church of England	140	3	143
Voluntary Aided – Church of England and	3	0	3
Methodist	4		
Voluntary Aided – Methodist	1	0	1
Voluntary Aided – Muslim	0	1	1
Voluntary Controlled	6	1	7
Voluntary Controlled – Church of England	32	0	32
Voluntary Controlled – Methodist	7	0	7
Voluntary Controlled – Church of England and Methodist	1	0	1
Total	485	83	568

Source -LCC Internal Records July 2014

For further information on the different types of schools please see https://www.gov.uk/types-of-school/overview

Lancashire County Council places equal value on all state maintained schools, regardless of whether they are community; voluntary, foundation or academy and will apply the strategy for the provision of school places and schools' capital investment across all sectors based on need and the priorities as contained within the strategy.

The diversity across Lancashire is further demonstrated by the varying school sizes. Primary schools currently range in size from under 20 pupils to 610. Maintained Secondary schools currently range in size from 141 to 1,297. Many, but not all, of the small schools serve rural areas, with 178 primary schools currently designated as rural by the Department for Education. Of these schools 16 are over 2 miles from their nearest neighbour, 41 are over 2 miles from the nearest school of the same denomination/type and 121 are within 2 miles of a school of the same denomination.

Despite the increased pressure for primary school places, in some areas of Lancashire the number of places available is far greater than demand, resulting in surplus places. The 2013/14 figures show that 88 primary schools and 18 secondary schools had surplus places greater than 25%. 6 primary schools and 8 secondary schools had surplus places greater than 50%. School budgets are largely determined by the number of pupils on roll and therefore surplus places act as a drain on resources. A disproportionate amount of the budget is utilised in running and maintaining premises that are too large, affecting the amount of resources available for teaching and learning.

In contrast, 6 primary schools experienced overcrowding greater than 10%. This is due to factors such as admitting above admission numbers and successful admission appeals. Significant overcrowding impacts on curriculum delivery as well as the day to day environment for pupils and staff.

The map below shows the numbers of maintained and academy schools in each District:



Special Schools

Lancashire County Council provides a flexible range of provision and support for pupils with additional needs that can respond to the special educational needs (SEN) of individual pupils and parental preferences.

There are 30 Special Schools across Lancashire, each are able to provide for a wide range of additional needs.

Alternative Provision

Alternative Provision in Lancashire is provided in a number of settings across Lancashire. There are 10 Pupil Referral Units (PRU - formally known as Short Stay Schools in Lancashire), 3 are in the Primary sector and 7 in the secondary sector. There are settings within hospitals and a number of independent providers.

The short stay schools are maintained schools, but are not mainstream schools. The council commissions these schools to provide for permanently excluded pupils, pupils with medical needs necessitating education other than at their school for a period, and a smaller number of hard to place pupils unable to attend mainstream, all statutory responsibilities of the LA.

The School Forum also commissions an intervention/outreach support service from the Primary PRUs accessible to all primary mainstream schools. Intervention programmes, respite and alternative curriculum programmes are also provided by the secondary PRUs - but this is commissioned and funded directly by mainstream secondary schools.

The provision commissioned is monitored closely in terms of curriculum and pupil outcomes by the county council.

Permanently excluded pupils will only be on the roll of the PRU until reintegrated. The PRU works closely with Pupil Access Team to support reintegration. Pupils with medical needs will be dual rolled with their mainstream school.

The Lancashire Hospital Education Service is centrally managed as a service, therefore not a school. It consists of 3 general hospital classrooms for inpatients (Royal Preston Hospital, Royal Lancaster Infirmary and Ormskirk & District General Hospital), county wide Home Teaching provision for pupils who are house bound, educational provision for day patients with mental health needs at Burnley General Hospital, and for inpatients with significant mental health needs at the Junction Lancaster. These are located in NHS buildings. The provision at Royal Preston Hospital also includes a specialist unit for inpatients with mental health needs up to the age of 18.

There are a number of independent providers of Alternate Provision across Lancashire, many commissioned by mainstream schools and PRUs to supplement provision. Occasionally these are also commissioned by the county council for Year 11 pupils, previously missing education and who are unable to secure a school place.

Lancashire County Council has a Lancashire Alternative Provision Policy to ensure compliance with DFE Guidance on Alternative Provision and a policy on Ensuring Good Education for Pupils with Medical Needs.

Early Years Provision

There are a number of types of private and maintained childcare provision across Lancashire. Each provider has to be registered with <u>Ofsted</u> and hold a certificate of

registration. The following is a list of the different types of provision within Lancashire registered with Ofsted:

Type of Provision	Number of Providers
Childminders	910
Day Nurseries	343
Pre-School Playgroups	161
Nursery Units of Independent Schools	13
Breakfast Clubs	338
After School Clubs	368
Holiday Schemes	100
Maintained Nursery Classes	85
Maintained Nursery Schools	24

Post 16 Provision

The county council has a statutory duty to secure sufficient and suitable education and training provision to meet the reasonable needs of all young people in their area, by influencing and shaping provision through local partnerships and by identifying gaps, enabling new provision and developing the market. The young people covered by this statutory duty are those aged 16-19 and those aged 19-24 who have a learning difficulty and/or disability and are the subject of a learning difficulty assessment.

There are a number of post 16 settings situated around Lancashire:

- 9 colleges, including 1 sixth form college and 1 land based college. West Lancashire College is also included in this figure and this college is part of the Newcastle College Group
- 1 Foundation Learning Provider
- 15 School Sixth Forms
- 9 Academies, including 1 UTC

Population Projections and Factors Influencing the Future Provision of School Places

Primary Schools

Due to the rise in demand for primary school places, Lancashire County Council has already commissioned 2196 permanent additional primary school places since 2011 in the following areas: Lancaster (Lancaster City Centre and Morecambe), Fylde (Lytham St Annes), Chorley (Euxton), Burnley (Padiham), Hyndburn (Oswaldtwistle) and Pendle (Nelson, Brierfield and Barnoldswick). In addition, 60 additional temporary Reception places have been provided for September 2014 in Clitheroe, Bacup and Preston.

Due to the continued increase in the birth rate, particularly the steep rise in the 2010/11 year, it is anticipated that further additional places will need to be added to deal with demand predominantly in the 2015 intake year. The rise in the birth rate is not uniform across the county, nor is the increase necessarily steady, exhibiting marked variances year on year within local areas. In some areas the situation is compounded by plans for significant new housing development.

Each district council produces a 5 year Housing Land Supply (HLS) document which outlines the land allocated for the building of new houses within each district. The estimated pupil yield as a result of the occupation of new housing is factored in to pupil roll projections.

In addition, families moving into and out of areas impact on pupil numbers. This is factored into projections by referring to past trends in migration within each school year group.

Details of Lancashire County Council's pupil roll projections methodology can be accessed at http://www3.lancashire.gov.uk/corporate/web/viewdoc.asp?id=100807.

These forecasts, together with the birth data and current pupil numbers, have helped to identify a number of 'hotspots' where additional places are likely to be needed in the near future. In some cases, these 'hotspots' show a sustained increase in demand for places and the provision of a permanent solution. However, in some instances, there will be one or two isolated years of increased demand followed by a fall. In such instances it may be necessary to seek a temporary solution to the provision of additional places. This may be in the form of a 'bulge year' in one or more schools. In areas where the proportion of surplus places is already low, even small increases in pupils can have significant impact. The current hotspots are as follows:

District	Planning area	PAN 2014 /15	•	ected inted		5 year HLS Housing Planned	Potential Primary School	
		713	2014/ 15	2015/ 16	2016/ 17	riamicu	Pupils from this Housing	
Lancaster	Morecambe & Heysham	675	655	681	764	373	63	
Lancaster	Rural North Lancaster	130	102	138	110	119	20	
Wyre	Poulton-Le- Fylde and Staining	244	222	219	254	268	46	
Ribble Valley	Clitheroe Town	200	189	133	159	944	160	
Ribble Valley	Langho and Whalley	140	143	123	135	1408	239	
Fylde	Lytham St Annes	405	347	430	392	823	140	
Preston	Preston East	705	702	722	691	240	41	
Preston	Preston West	499	490	467	438	994	169	
Preston	Goosnargh & Grimsargh	90	84	69	65	191	32	
South Ribble	Leyland	439	407	492	398	1615	275	
South Ribble	Rural South Ribble	142	114	130	124	863	147	
Chorley	Chorley Central	445	425	472	457	819	139	
Chorley	Clayton-le- Woods	225	174	208	223	573	97	
Chorley	Euxton	190	158	214	193	809	138	
Hyndburn	Oswaldtwistle	259	252	259	242	61	10	
Hyndburn	Clayton-le- Moors	126	133	137	118	96	16	
Rossendale	Rawtenstall	236	213	204	192	663	113	

The 5 year HLS housing planned denotes the housing included in the latest 5 year housing land supply documents provided by the district councils. There are some areas where there is additional significant interest from housing developers and there is potential for a number of housing developments to come forward outside of the 5 year Housing Land Supply quotas, as windfall sites. Such areas include Whalley in the Ribble Valley and Chorley. Lancashire County Council has no guarantee that housing in the 5 Year HLS will come forward within this timeframe but is closely monitoring the situation.

The potential for housing development can make the planning of pupil places complex particularly in the primary sector, where there is a relatively short lead-in period. We are working very closely with the district planning authorities in order to secure the

most up-to-date information available for school place planning purposes. However, it may take some time from a housing development securing planning permission to reach the point of occupation and, indeed, the generation of additional children. Therefore, we must carefully plan the timing of additional places in order to minimise impact upon existing provision.

Where the growth in pupil numbers is directly linked to housing development and existing school places are not sufficient to accommodate the potential additional pupils that the development may yield, we would seek to secure developer contributions towards additional school places, via Section 106 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 or The Community Infrastructure Levy in accordance with section 222 of the planning act 2008. Only by securing such contributions (which, depending upon the scale of development, may also include a contribution of a school site), can we mitigate against the impact upon the education infrastructure which the development may have. The need to secure contributions from developers, where necessary, will continue as we work with district councils in preparing Community Infrastructure Levy Charging Schedules.

Details of the methodology applied to ascertain the need to make requests for developer contributions are contained within Lancashire's Planning Obligations Policy Paper, available on the Lancashire County Council website: http://new.lancashire.gov.uk/council/planning/planning-obligations-for-developers.aspx.

It is anticipated that the following additional school places will be required over the timeframe for this plan:

Year	By 2015	By 2016	By 2017
Permanent			
Morecambe and Heysham	1 fe		
Chorley Central	1 fe		
Euxton / Buckshaw	1 fe		
Temporary (bulge year expansion)			
Rural North Lancaster			½ fe
Morecambe and Heysham		2 fe	
Lytham St Anne's	1 fe		
Preston East	1 fe		
Leyland	2 fe		
Clayton – le - Woods			½ fe
Oswaldtwistle			½ fe

^{*}fe = form of entry (typically 30 pupils)

These projections factor in the impacts of known housing developments. The impact of City Deal is not factored in as the phasing of delivery is currently unknown.

Clearly, changes to migration and the rate of housing development may alter these projections.

Secondary Schools

In contrast to the position of rising pupil numbers in the primary sector, the secondary sector is still experiencing falling rolls in some areas, reflecting the lower numbers leaving the primary school sector at year 6. The general decline in numbers of primary school pupils entering the secondary sector is expected to continue for the next three years. However, the decline is not spread equitably across all schools or all districts.

There are also parts of the county where significant housing development coming forward may impact upon the numbers of secondary places required. The forecast figures below take into account planned housing included in the relevant district councils' 5 Year Housing Land Supply document. However, there is potential for additional housing development to come forward outside of the 5 Years Housing Land Supply (ie 'windfall sites') which could have an additional impact upon the number of spare places available.

A summary of the current and expected secondary place position is given below:

District	PAN 2014 /15	Expe	cted inta	ike base Leavers	5 year Potential HLS Secondary housing School Pupils				
	715	2014/ 15	2015/ 16	2016/ 17	2017/ 18	2018/ 19	housing planned	from this Housing	
Lancaster	1579	1322	1253	1349	1318	1407	1499	135	
Wyre	1294	1094	1133	1119	1105	1129	1623	146	
Ribble Valley	941	925	911	924	888	908	2867	258	
Fylde	685	598	607	693	582	630	1284	116	
Preston	1301	1168	1198	1273	1336	1312	1612	145	
South Ribble	1786	1365	1475	1428	1501	1532	3529	318	
West Lancashire	1402	1104	1158	1189	1133	1203	967	87	
Chorley	1135	1024	1156	1116	1173	1164	2870	258	
Hyndburn	1060	968	987	1020	1001	1002	754	68	
Burnley	1120	844	906	994	947	1003	1478	133	
Pendle	1041	868	910	977	966	974	2241	202	
Rossendale	993	860	835	838	832	871	2357	212	

It is important to note that some pupils travel considerable distances to access the secondary school of their choice. Therefore, the above figures should be treated with caution as some districts are significant net 'importers' of secondary aged children from surrounding local authorities and districts. Few available spare places does not necessarily mean that the district will require additional secondary school places for its local population in the future.

Once the trend in falling Year 7 numbers reverses, total secondary pupil numbers are expected to start to rise again in line with the recent increase in primary numbers. In the Chorley District this process has already begun and there is a need to provide an additional two forms of entry (60 places per year group) by September 2015. Processes are already underway to secure these places.

At the current moment in time it is expected that additional secondary school places will be required in Districts as follows:

District	Additional Places	Date
Lancaster	1 fe	2022
Fylde	1 ½ fe	2022
Preston	4 ½ fe	At various stages between
		2017 and 2020
Chorley	3 fe	At various stages between
-		2015 and 2020
Pendle	1 fe	2019

fe = forms of entry, typically 30 pupils

These projections factor in the impacts of known housing developments. The impact of City Deal is not factored in as the phasing of delivery is currently unknown.

Clearly, changes to migration and the rate of housing development may alter these projections.

Special School Provision

Lancashire County Council wishes to continue the policy of co-locating special school provision with mainstream provision in order to provide pupils with inclusive opportunities and wider access to a range of facilities. Lancashire County Council will continue to broker arrangements between mainstream and special schools, especially where existing premises are poor and there are opportunities for re-location on an alternative site.

In addition, Lancashire County Council must move forward with the provision of additional special school places for children and young people that are currently educated outside of Lancashire and / or in the independent sector due to insufficient provision within Lancashire's maintained system. The anticipated revenue savings are such that prudential borrowing principles can be applied to the Dedicated Schools Grant which effectively funds the capital development on the basis that it is paid back over five years.

In addition, Lancashire County Council must ensure that children with additional needs are able to access mainstream provision wherever this is preferred and practicable. There already exists a good spread of provision within the county but the programme is very much demand led and funding is allocated on an annual basis to meet emerging needs.

Alternative Provision (Short Stay Schools)

Nationally there is an increase in Primary exclusions, this is increase is also reflected in Lancashire. The county council under the guidance of Alternate and Complementary Education and Residential Services (ACERS) Team will be carrying out a review of sufficiency of Pupil Referral Unit places, especially in Primary aged pupils, and the suitability of buildings.

Lancashire County Council has three primary and seven secondary settings of Alternative Provision situated across the county.

ACERS will also be carrying out a review of processes around commissioning and monitoring commissioned alternate provision for pupils without a school place, either in the mainstream sector or within pupil referral units.

Early Years Education

Lancashire County Council will only commission additional maintained provision in areas where there is insufficient provision and a need can be demonstrated for additional provision. Lancashire County Council undertakes an annual exercise to assess the sufficiency of childcare across the county. This is managed by the Quality and Continuous Improvement Service. Further details can be obtained from the team on 01772 531555. Information on the Free Early Education funding for 2, 3 and 4 year olds can be found at:

http://new.lancashire.gov.uk/children-education-families/childcare-and-family-support.aspx

The county council will take into account the following factors when considering proposals or responding to consultations from maintained primary schools to add nursery classes:

- The existing pattern of early years provision in the area, including provision in the private, voluntary and independent sector (quantity, quality, breadth, viability and effects on the overall value for money / affordability of early years provision in the area if additional provision is established);
- The future pattern of early years provision in the area, (quantity, quality, breadth, viability and effects on the overall value for money / affordability of the future early years provision in the area if additional provision is established);

- Evidence of parental demand;
- Effects on the viability of nearby early years providers, (particularly the scale of the effect compared to the provider(s) size);
- The educational standards at the school(s) proposing expansion;
- The capital costs of the proposals, including future capital costs where the numbers of eligible children are expected to rise;
- Viability of the proposal's planned numbers, taking into the sufficiency data and nearby high quality early years providers who are expanding or have spare capacity;
- The sustainability of the budget proposal in the long term;
- The admission arrangements which must be compliant with the Admissions Code
- Any consequences for resourcing the Reception to Year 6 curriculum at the school.

Post 16

Under section 15ZA of the Education Act 1996, the county council has a statutory duty to secure sufficient and suitable education and training provision to meet the reasonable needs of all young people in their area, by influencing and shaping provision through local partnerships and by identifying gaps, enabling new provision and developing the market. The young people covered by this statutory duty are those aged 16-19 and those aged 19-24 who have a learning difficulty and/or disability and are the subject of a learning difficulty assessment.

The Learning and Skills Team has produced a Statement of Priorities document which outlines the priorities and actions needed in order to meet this statutory duty. As well as meeting the statutory duty, this statement will help to support the achievement of the objectives outlined in Lancashire's Youth Employment Strategic Framework (YESF).

The main issues outlined in this document are summarised below:

- Participation by Lancashire young people is not increasing. This is a key priority
 in Lancashire, which is further enhanced through the introduction of Raising the
 Participation Age (RPA). All partners and stakeholders must take positive
 action to address this key priority, with a clear focus on 16-18 FE participation;
 16-18 Apprenticeship participation; improving impartial Information, Advice and
 Guidance (IAG); and identifying and removing barriers which are preventing
 young people from participating
- All partners must work together to reduce the number of NEET (Not in Education, Employment or Training) and Not Knowns in Lancashire through a range of actions such as data sharing and information exchange, focused/personalised IAG and improved support for those young people identified as at risk of becoming NEET

- All providers of EFA funded provision must ensure that their provision offer meets with Study Programme requirements, with specific emphasis on the delivery of GCSE English and maths where required
- Education and training providers should review their curriculum offer to ensure that young people are enabled to access clear progression routes into sustainable employment and further learning, with a focus on the LEP priority sectors and apprenticeships at level 3
- All partners and stakeholders must ensure that each young person, regardless
 of their background, is aware of the various education and training opportunities
 available to them and that they are fully supported to allow them to achieve and
 progress to their full potential
- Building on the improvements made to date, the attainment gap for both young people eligible for FSM and for young people with SEN must continue to be narrowed, ensuring that young people from disadvantaged backgrounds are able to achieve in line with their peers
- Providers should ensure that their provision is aligned to the Lancashire LEP Priority Sectors to provide young people with the best opportunity for progression into sustainable employment
- All IAG given to young people must reflect the real opportunities in the local labour market and provide information on all education and training routes related to the growth sectors within the county
- All partners and stakeholders must work together to develop an inclusive provision offer across the different learning routes

The county council will review and update the information in this document periodically. This will enable the current position to be shared and will allow us to see the progress being made towards the range of priorities above, as well as the contribution towards the achievement of the Lancashire Youth Employment Strategic Framework objectives.

A copy of the full Statement of Priorities can be obtained by contacting Sarah Hirst from the Learning and Skills Team at sarah.hirst@lancashire.gov.uk.

SECTION 2: STRATEGY FOR SCHOOL PLACE COMMISSIONING

The political, environmental and economic landscape has changed dramatically over recent years, touching all areas of Lancashire County Council responsibility including its role in relation to school organisation. School organisation is integral to facilitating school improvement and striking the right balance between supporting schools and championing the interests of children and families is vital.

County Council Statutory Requirements

The Education and Inspections Act 2006 placed a duty on local authorities to act as commissioners, rather than providers, of school places. Local authorities are under a statutory duty to:

- Ensure there are sufficient school places in their area
- Promote high educational standards
- Ensure fair access and equal opportunity
- Promote the fulfilment of every child's educational potential
- Promote diversity in provision
- Expand popular and successful schools
- Increase opportunities for parents to access schools of their choice

As commissioner of school places, Lancashire County Council will be the 'proposer' for the majority of proposals that address strategic need in an area. However, mainstream schools may also make and determine their own proposals and the School Organisation Regulations 2013 provides measures for mainstream schools to expand or alter the age range (except for adding or removing a sixth form) without needing to undertake statutory consultation. The School Organisation Unit website at: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/school-organisation contains full guidance on making changes to school organisation and provides links to relevant statutes.

The County Council has produced guidelines for schools wishing to make changes which include Lancashire County Councils position statement in terms of future impacts on accommodation and schools' capital. The guidelines can be found at: https://schoolsportal.lancsngfl.ac.uk/security/login.asp?page=/view_sp.asp?siteid=44 71&pageid=42022&e=e

Please note, this link is only available to Lancashire schools registered on the Schools Portal

Factors to be taken into Consideration When Proposing to Alter School Provision

Sufficient school places

A basic requirement of the school place commissioning strategy is that it ensures that there are the right numbers of school places, of the right type, in the right areas. In other words, that school provision reflects parental demand for places and does not involve excessive travel for pupils.

It is desirable for schools to be at the centres of the communities that they serve in order to provide easy access to their facilities by children, young people and their families, and the resident community. Lancashire County Council will seek to commission school places at schools and in areas that provide easy access in terms of travelling distance, time and nature of the journey, aiming to facilitate sustainable modes of transport such as cycling and walking. However, this is not always possible, especially in a large county such as Lancashire with many rural communities, and some children routinely make long journeys to school due to the nature of the community in which they live. Lancashire County Council will aim to ensure that disadvantaged groups are not adversely impacted by changes to school locations. A further and important consideration is that Lancashire County Council will seek to commission additional places, when needed, at schools with high levels of parental preference in the local area, in particular those schools that are oversubscribed, wherever possible.

Education standards

Guidance on school organisation is clear that outcomes should lead to school improvement and increased attainment levels. The Government wishes to see a dynamic system in which weak schools that need to be closed are closed quickly and replaced by new ones where necessary; and the best schools are able to expand and spread their ethos and success. Standards information used in planning school place provision includes:

- Attainment scores at key stages 2 and 4
- Ofsted evaluations

This information is coupled with information on deprivation, as measured by entitlement to free school meals and the Indices of Multiple Deprivation, and the amount of pupil progress between key stages in order to set attainment in context. Where a review of school provision proves necessary, including when additional school places are required, Lancashire County Council will seek to reshape provision or provide the additional places so that pupils are able to access schools that offer improved opportunities for achievement and attainment.

Fair access and equal opportunity

In making proposals to alter school provision, the County Council will be mindful of its impacts on access to school places for different sections of the community. The aim will be to maintain a coherent education system where children are not disadvantaged in terms of education opportunity because of where they live or because of their individual circumstances.

Promote the fulfilment of every child's potential

Lancashire County Council has a role as children's champion in the widest sense. The implication for school organisation is that Lancashire County Council must secure places at popular and successful schools, at the same time as supporting schools in challenging circumstances to improve. Lancashire County Council must provide advocacy for parents and also hold schools to account for the use of public resources. However, in doing so, the relationship between schools, Lancashire County Council and elected members needs to be maintained as a strong and positive one.

Lancashire County Council will consider the likely impact of school reorganisations on outcomes for children and young people. Schools will provide or have swift and easy access to a wide range of extended services, providing opportunities for personal development; academic and applied learning; training; addressing barriers to participation and supporting children and young people with particular needs, for example, looked after children or children with special educational needs (SEN) and disabilities.

Promote Diversity

Lancashire has always had a diverse pattern of school provision, owing largely to the significant proportion of voluntary aided schools in the county, and is accustomed to positive working relationships with the nine Diocesan/Church Authorities. Over recent years new providers have been established, including Trust schools and Academies. Lancashire County Council is working in partnership with an increasing number of providers in order to develop a school organisation and capital investment strategy that delivers optimal solutions for local areas. The policy of Lancashire County Council is that all categories of school are of equal value and this principle will be applied when planning and delivering the strategy.

Lancashire County Council has a flexible approach to school place commissioning that aims to benefit local children and is built around the proven success of local providers. However, there is a balance to be struck between welcoming diversity and new provision and the importance of maintaining coherence within the school system.

Lancashire County Council seeks to maintain or increase levels of diversity and choice for parents wherever possible. However, due to the remoteness of some small communities it must be recognised that a choice of schools is not always possible and that, if parents seek a particular type of provision, it may involve travelling out of the local community.

In reorganising school provision, the aim will be to maintain the balance of denominational provision, unless parental preferences via the admissions process provide evidence that change is required. In considering places at voluntary aided schools, Lancashire County Council works in partnership with the appropriate Diocesan and Church Authorities, from inception to completion of the review.

Expand popular and successful schools

Lancashire County Council will seek to provide additional places, when needed, at existing schools that provide outstanding or good standards of education, as judged by Ofsted, wherever possible. Particular attention will be paid to the effects of proposals on groups that tend to under-perform including children from certain ethnic groups, children from deprived backgrounds and children in care, with the aim of narrowing attainment gaps.

In addition to high education standards, we would seek to expand schools that have high levels of parental first preferences for admission, wherever practicably possible, in particular, schools that are regularly oversubscribed. This approach provides parents with increased opportunities for obtaining a preferred school place for their child.

Where the expansion of an existing school is not possible or not appropriate, and additional school places are required, Lancashire County Council will commission a new school. The Education Act 2011, and non-statutory guidance, contains a presumption that the new school will be an academy or free school.

The process for establishing a new school has been amended by section 37 of the Education Act 2011 and has been summarised in Appendix 5 of this document.

The Education Act 2011 can be found at the following link: http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2011/21/pdfs/ukpga 20110021 en.pdf

School Organisation Challenges

Over the next three years, Lancashire County Council and its partners will need to address a range of issues around school organisation in order to maintain a coherent system that is fit for purpose, stable, and delivering the best possible outcomes for children and young people.

The main issues to be addressed are:

 The urgent need to provide additional primary and secondary places in some parts of the county;

- The sufficiency of suitable education provision for children with special education needs and children who require alternative provision within County;
- The need to keep under review, and take appropriate action where necessary, the fall in secondary school numbers; and
- Continuing to support the educational viability of the high proportion of small schools in the county, where appropriate.

The following sections outline the County Council's approach to each of these areas.

The Challenge in Providing Additional Places

In areas that have been assessed as requiring additional places, the commissioned schools will be selected according to the following criteria:

- Pupil attainment levels (Outstanding or good as judged by Ofsted) and attainment scores at key stages 2 and 4
- High levels of parental first preferences (in particular, oversubscribed schools)
- The current size of the school
- Location of the school relative to population
- Practicalities of expansion on the existing or nearby site
- Costs of expansion
- The governing body's wishes

Lancashire County Council will aim to provide additional places at existing schools, wherever possible and appropriate, rather than commission new provision. The rationale for this approach is to maintain stability in the existing school system; to provide the places in the shortest timescale possible; and to achieve best value for money, within a reduced capital allocation.

Lancashire County Council will not normally seek to expand schools beyond two forms of entry (60 pupils into reception year forming two classes) unless this is the only realistic option in the area; school leadership is strong and good practice is embedded; standards are high; and there are few or no significant challenges in the local area served by the school.

Lancashire County Council will always seek to arrive at a negotiated solution with governing bodies. However, on occasion, Lancashire County Council may need to utilise its school place commissioning powers if an alternative solution is either not available or not considered to offer the same quality of educational opportunity to local children.

Where a new primary school is required, the preference is for school sizes of one form of entry (30 pupils per year group) and above.

The planning window for additional primary places is short and birth information and planning applications are constantly monitored in order to plan ahead effectively. Lancashire County Council will normally wait until at least two, and preferably three

years, of increased demand in the area is evident before it makes proposals to permanently expand a school. The reason for this policy is to ensure that permanent places are not created where temporary places would be sufficient; to maintain stability of provision in neighbouring schools; and to reduce the risk around unnecessary capital expenditure. This policy will often mean that schools that are commissioned to provide additional places will have a temporary expansion followed by a permanent expansion once statutory consultation has been completed. However, where the need for places is significant but not sustained, the authority may need to seek 'temporary' solutions to providing the places for one (or occasionally more) years. This may be achieved by providing an expansion or remodel of existing accommodation that can then be converted to other purposes once the large year group has left school, or through the provision of a temporary classroom on site.

The Government expects local authorities to prioritise the provision of additional places alongside significant and/or urgent condition repairs in capital investment strategies. The section on Capital Strategy for Schools provides detailed information and provides proposed priorities for expenditure in 2014/15 to 2016/17.

Special Education Needs

Lancashire County Council will continue to provide a flexible range of provision and support for pupils with additional needs that can respond to the special educational needs (SEN) of individual pupils and parental preferences. Lancashire County Council's strategy is to continue to provide high quality inclusive provision within mainstream schools wherever possible; to age phase special school provision to reflect mainstream provision; and to maximise opportunities to co-locate special schools with mainstream schools in order to create more inclusive settings. Lancashire County Council will only develop proposals for changes in SEN provision that are likely to lead to improvements in the standard, quality and/or range of educational provision.

The <u>Inclusion and Disability Support Service (IDSS)</u> have introduced the Lancashire local offer which brings together information for children and young people with special educational needs and disabilities and their families in one place. Visit the new <u>special educational needs and disabilities - local offer</u> section for more information for parents and carers.

Alternative Provision

Alternate and Complementary Education and Residential Services (ACERS) Team will be addressing the following challenges over the lifetime of this document:

- Monitoring of commissioned provision and pupil outcomes.
- Improve communication with the development of a website.
- Development of a quality assurance system for independent providers
- Annual reviews of relevant policies.

 Remaining up to date with national trends and developments to inform policy decisions.

Challenges around Small Schools

Not all small schools present challenges or are a cause for concern. Indeed, many of Lancashire's small primary schools and some small secondary schools provide good or outstanding standards of education and are a vital part of the community they serve. The commonly held factor for such schools is that they are intended to be small – they occupy small premises and serve small, often rural, communities.

However, there is another group of small schools that face significant challenges. The Audit Commission, in its publication 'Trading Places' states the following:

Such schools can be grouped under the heading 'schools in difficulty' and can be identified with reference to a basket of measures, such as the near-failure of an Ofsted inspection, declining admissions, high levels of unfilled places, poor and unimproving performance in GCSE exams and high levels of absence by both pupils and staff.Many such schools enter financial, social or educational spirals of decline —or a combination of all three........The reduced funding that accompanies the loss of pupils makes it harder for a school to address its failingsThis fate compounds the problems of poor intake, poor staff morale and performance, and poor educational quality. Until such schools close or recover, their pupils suffer an unacceptably low quality of education.

Such schools are of concern not merely because of the poor education they offer. They have an adverse impact on an LEA's ability to manage the supply of places and school admissions effectively, since the majority of parents become desperate to avoid sending their children to such schools. This lack of popularity leads to high levels of unfilled places in the schools in difficulty, with a few such schools often accounting for a significant proportion of the LEA-wide problem of unfilled places. It also creates problems of oversubscription and possible overcrowding at other more highly regarded schools, where parents seek sanctuary.

Contributory factors to the 'spiral of decline' described by Ofsted, with particular reference to education standards, are difficulties in attracting and retaining high quality staff; increased staff workloads; and the ability to deliver a broad and balanced

curriculum. It can be particularly difficult for small schools to attract and retain the right calibre of individual to lead a school in these challenging circumstances, particularly if it faces additional complexities such as high levels of deprivation, high rates of pupil transience or a disproportionate number of children with English as an additional language.

Small Secondary Schools

Lancashire County Council's preference is for secondary schools of 4 forms of entry 600 pupils and above. It is recognised that in some exceptional circumstances small secondary schools are a necessity, due to factors such as geographical isolation, and a small number of small secondary schools successfully deliver high quality education and are popular with parents. However, pupil numbers across the secondary sector have fallen significantly over recent years and the effects have not been experienced evenly. The general pattern on an area basis is that the most popular schools have maintained their pupil numbers, whilst the majority of schools have experienced and managed some decline. However, there is a small proportion of schools that have had far higher pupil numbers in the past but are currently experiencing low and declining pupil numbers because many of the available pupils are able to obtain places at other preferred schools. Many of these schools are experiencing difficulties in maintaining and improving education standards whilst, at the same time, managing a declining budget.

Overall pupil numbers at secondary schools are not expected to begin to rise until at least 2018, though intakes are expected to begin to increase in some areas with effect from 2015. In the meantime, strategies are being developed and action plans are being formulated around the small number of secondary schools that are in challenging circumstances. The solution will be different in each case, including supporting the leadership in developing a different curriculum model which is deliverable within a smaller staffing structure; exploring possibilities around partnerships with other high quality education providers; co-location with a local primary school or special school, where appropriate; and collaboration, federation, and foundation status with shared Trusts may offer a suitable solution.

In brokering viable solutions with schools and Diocesan/Church Authorities Lancashire County Council will consider the balance between the need to maintain an educational presence in the area, including the need for particular categories of school, against the need for sustainable and high quality provision.

In circumstances where a robust and sustainable solution cannot be identified, the County Council may have to move towards a structural solution, such as closure. This option will only be taken after all other options have been explored and discounted.

Small Primary Schools

In urban areas, Lancashire County Council preference is for primary school sizes of one form of entry (210 pupils) and above. There are currently 100 primary schools in

Lancashire that are below half a form of entry (105 pupils) in terms of pupil numbers, the majority of these being designated rural schools. It is acknowledged that many of these schools provide good or outstanding standards of education and are a vital part of the community they serve.

Where school size is significantly below one form of entry (210 pupils) Lancashire County Council will promote collaboration through to setting up a federation with other appropriate local schools. When a headteacher vacancy occurs or there is already an executive headship, a move towards hard federation with a single governing body and opportunities for pooling budgets and streamlined management structures will be encouraged.

Collaboration and federation provides opportunities to improve standards and parental preferences. Where pupil numbers in the area are expected to increase in the future, collaboration and federation can help to sustain viability until any upturn in numbers occurs and increases the opportunity for schools to capture first preference applications.

If ultimately a school becomes either educationally or financially unviable and a move to reorganisation remains the only option, an established collaboration or federation with another local school can facilitate continuity in governance and staffing, with the reshaped provision being representative of both schools where appropriate.

Other sustainability solutions for small primary schools includes collaboration or federation with secondary or special schools which may or may not include colocation; or foundation status with a Trust shared amongst other schools (primary, secondary or special).

Infant and Junior Schools

There are a number of separate infant and junior schools in Lancashire and we believe that 'all through' primary schools offer better opportunities for the continuity of learning for pupils. When the opportunity arises we will seek to open up discussions with schools and partners with a view to reorganising provision to make one all through primary school.

Schools requiring intervention

For both primary and secondary schools in special measures, with a notice to improve or otherwise identified as requiring intervention, Lancashire County Council will consider a range of options and take action according to the urgency of the situation and local circumstances. These options will include the feasibility of reorganisation or a change in governance and /or management arrangements. In cases where all options to improve and sustain provision have been investigated and not found suitable, the county council is under a statutory obligation to commence consultation on closure.

Practical Considerations

There is a range of practical considerations that impact significantly on the County Council's ability to deliver according to policy or its preferred options with regards to specific school reorganisation proposals. These are outlined below:

Schools' Capital Funding

The need to provide additional school places will take a significant proportion of the capital allocation for 2014/15 to 2016/17. Lancashire County Council has received a three year allocation for the provision of additional school places and funding for the maintenance of school premises is currently only being provided on a single year basis by DfE. Lancashire County Councils plan for expenditure of the schools' capital programme can be accessed here.

Statutory proposals to alter school provision cannot be published without the necessary capital funding being identified and secured.

Where the county council is commissioning additional school places, it needs to be assured that it achieves value for money. Schools will be provided with any necessary additional accommodation by reference to DfE Building Bulletin area guidelines and curriculum requirements. Therefore, the county council will need to work in partnership with the full range of schools, including Academies, to assess need and arrive at an agreed solution. Diocesan representatives will be included in this process for faith schools.

Due to pressures for additional places, opportunities for the authority to address suitability (fitness for purpose) issues in existing schools are severely restricted. Equally, the need to provide additional places with limited resources may mean that schools may need to consider the reinstatement of classrooms previously adopted for other, non-statutory, purposes. This could include resources such as music rooms; art rooms; after schools clubs; private or voluntary nursery rooms (where lease arrangements allow); nurture rooms and ICT suites. Schools need to be aware of this possibility when considering the conversion of classrooms to other usage. There is a balance to be struck between striving to address school viability; cost effectiveness and stability of provision; and the inclusivity of provision, with the reality of an increasing demand for places and the need to maintain premises with a reduced capital pot.

Planning Permission and Section 77 Consent

The need to secure planning permission and section 77 of the School Standards and Framework Act 1998 consent limits the options for development work at schools in almost all area school expansion programmes. Therefore, whilst the County Council may wish to expand a popular and successful school, site limitations may present an obstacle that cannot be overcome.

Planning permission is required where there are proposals to increase the footprint of a building and in certain other circumstances. For all school expansion programmes, planning permission takes account of highways considerations and how the increased flow of traffic can be safely managed. An informal view from planning officers is taken at the feasibility stage of assessing possible school expansions and it is often the case that some options have to be ruled out because of planning considerations. Where planning permission is required, school organisation proposals may be approved subject to planning consent being obtained.

<u>Section 77 of the School Standards and Framework Act 1998</u> is the Secretary of State's policy to protect school playing fields and public land. It requires schools or the county council to seek the consent of the Secretary of State for Education to dispose of, or change the use of land used by schools.

Section 77 consent must be sought when seeking to build any extension which builds on the school playing fields. If the remaining playing field is then below a specified size (depending on the phase and size of the school) section 77 consent may be denied.

School Net Capacity and Published Admission Numbers

Schools' net capacities are derived from the number, size and use of teaching areas. The Department for Education's methodology is used to calculate a range of workplaces in a school and also indicates an appropriate admission number for a school whilst providing the authority with a measure against which to assess surplus places and overcrowding.

Published admission numbers are normally set at, or slightly above, the indicated admission number level and should be within the maximum and minimum range of workplaces. Schools should be aware when planning any building projects that provide additional teaching areas that will, consequently, increase the indicated admission number. This could lead to a request from the authority to take additional pupils, by increasing the published admission number. Conversely, the removal of accommodation from school use (e.g. a temporary classroom) may decrease the net capacity and should lead to a school considering whether a downward adjustment to the published admission number may be required in order to avoid the possibility of future overcrowding. Schools adding or removing capacity should be aware of the implications on both the level of surplus places and the admission number of the school and **must** inform the authority of any changes to their accommodation which may affect the net capacity.

As the authority needs to be aware of the availability of places at all schools in the county in order to fulfil its statutory responsibility to provide sufficient school places, there is a requirement for academies and free schools within Lancashire to share information on their admission numbers and capacity of their building.

The School Places and Access service will provide advice and guidance upon request to schools considering alterations to premises. This will include impact on the sufficiency of premises and published admission numbers.

Existing Premises and Sites

In drawing up options and proposals around reshaping provision and / or providing additional places, Lancashire County Council will conduct an option appraisal on existing premises and sites to inform feasibility. The issues to be considered will include:

- The condition and suitability of existing premises;
- The ability to expand or alter the premises, including temporary arrangements whilst works are in process;
- The works required to expand or alter the premises and the estimated costs of the project;
- the size and topography of the site;
- road access to the site, including safety issues;
- The likelihood of obtaining planning consent and section 77 consent, if required.

Alterations to school premises and new build schools are subject to planning development consent. This process will consider the impact of the proposals on the local community, in terms of location of premises on site, alterations to traffic conditions and road safety issues. Lancashire County Council will seek to obtain an informal view from the Planning Authority prior to commencing consultation on proposals to alter school provision.

In most cases premises expansions will require consent from the Department for Education to build upon outdoor space. The Department for Education makes it clear that consent cannot be presumed and this could present an obstacle to expanding some schools that would otherwise be ideal for development.

16 – 19 Provision

As the Cabinet Member for Children, Young People and Schools will make the final decision on such proposals, it is advisable that, before starting the consultation process you liaise and consult with the county council, to ensure the LA will continue to meet its statutory duty to provide enough school places for the children of Lancashire and to check that the proposals are possible within the school's desired timescales.

The School Organisation guidance contains a strong presumption that proposals to add a sixth form by high performing schools should be approved. However, the decision making process will be informed by additional factors:

• The existing pattern of post 16 provision in the area , including provision in neighbouring local authorities (quantity, quality, breadth, viability and effects on

the overall value for money / affordability of post 16 provision in the area if additional provision is established);

- The future pattern of post 16 provision in the area, including provision in neighbouring local authorities, for example plans for new establishments such as Studio Schools, University Technical Colleges and Free Schools (quantity, quality, breadth, viability and effects on the overall value for money / affordability of the future post 16 provision in the area if additional provision is established);
- Evidence of parental and student demand;
- Evidence of local collaboration:
- Evidence of the need for the proposed curriculum in the area; for example will
 the sixth form curriculum engage young people that are not in education,
 employment or training (NEET) or displace learner numbers that would have
 otherwise participated in neighbouring learning institutions?;
- Effects on the viability of nearby high quality post 16 providers, (particularly the scale of the effect compared to the provider(s) size);
- Evidence of the intention for the proposals to lead to higher standards and improved progression routes;
- The educational standards at the school(s) proposed for expansion;
- The capital costs of the proposals, including future capital costs where 11 16 pupil numbers are expected to rise;
- Viability of the proposal's planned numbers, taking into account population projections, young people who are NEET (dependent on proposed curriculum, see above) and nearby high quality post 16 providers who are expanding or have spare capacity;
- The sustainability of the budget proposal in the long term;
- The admission arrangements which must be compliant with the Admissions Code;
- Any consequences for resourcing the 11-16 curriculum at the school.

Where the need for additional sixth form provision is not evident but the proposals are from a high performing school, the county council may approve the proposals provided that:

- There is no impact on the schools' capital programme, either at the time of expansion or in the future:
- There is no impact on the school's accommodation for Y7 to Y11, either at the time of expansion or in the future, when the school may be filled to its admission number across all year groups; and
- The governing body agrees that the published admission number for Y7 will not be reduced.

Having considered the above, where any Governing Body is considering expanding their school or changing their age range by adding a Sixth Form, they should ensure that they comply with the appropriate DfE School Organisation Regulations and timescales found in Appendix 4 of this document.

Views of Interested Parties

There are two consultation stages to school organisation proposals that must be conducted in accordance with School Organisation Regulations and Guidance. A summary of the consultation process can be viewed at:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/school-organisation-maintained-schools

As the commissioner, Lancashire County Council will make the final decision on the majority of school organisation proposals; with the exception of new academy schools (see section on Diversity). In doing so Lancashire County Council will consider the views of all those affected by the proposals or who have an interest in them including: pupils; families of pupils; staff; other schools and colleges; local residents; diocesan bodies and other providers; neighbouring local authorities; any other relevant local partnership or group that exists in the area. This includes the consideration of comments submitted during the statutory representation period. Lancashire County Council will not simply take account of the numbers of people expressing a particular view when considering representations made on proposals but will give the greatest weight to representations from those stakeholders likely to be most directly affected by the proposals, for example the parents of children who might be eligible to attend proposed new or expanded provision.

Schools wising to expand or alter the age range outside of the County Council commissioned processes

As a consequence of the changes introduced by the School Organisation (Prescribed Alterations to Maintained Schools) (England) Regulations 2013, governing bodies of all categories of mainstream school can now make the following changes to their schools without following a formal statutory process:

- Expansion (enlargement of premises);
- Alteration of upper or lower age limit by up to two years (except for adding or removing a sixth-form)

Governing bodies considering making these changes are advised to refer to Department for Education guidance: <u>School Organisation Maintained Schools:</u> Guidance for Proposers and Decision Makers published in January 2014.

A <u>guidance document</u> has been produced to support schools through this process. The guidance sets out Lancashire County Council's position statement and contains supplementary guidance in respect of the above changes, which governing bodies may find useful to consider prior to embarking on a change to school organisation. *Please note, this link is only available to Lancashire schools registered on the Schools Portal*

Completed Projects

Barnoldswick Church of England Primary School

To address the growth in the number of births in Barnoldswick, the Cabinet Member for Children and Schools agreed to expand Barnoldswick CE school to double its intake from 30 pupils a year to 60 in March 2012.



The schools existing site on York Street was too small to accommodate the additional pupils, so the school moved in to a purpose built school, co-located on the existing site of West Craven High Technology College.

The build was completed Summer 2014 and will open its doors to 60 new pupils in September 2014.



Bowerham Community Primary School, Lancaster

In 2010 it became apparent permanent primary school age places were required in the Lancaster area from September 2012, schools were invited to expand and Bowerham came forward, proposing to increase their intake each year from 60 to 90 pupils per year.

The Cabinet Member for Children, Young People and Schools approved the decision to expand Bowerham Primary School on 9th May 2011.

The school gained a new set of classrooms and resource space to increase the size of the school by an extra 210 pupils.



SECTION 3: SCHOOLS' CAPITAL STRATEGY

Capital Strategy for Schools 2014/15 to 2016/17

The James Review recommended that future capital allocations should focus on the need for high-quality school places and the condition of facilities, with key Government priorities also featuring in expenditure decisions. Lancashire County Council's current priorities for investment are set out below.

In March 2013, Lancashire County Council received a two year allocation for Basic Need for the provision of additional school places during the financial years 2013/14 and 2014/15. In December 2013, the Government announced details of the County Council's Basic Need allocation for a further two years – 2015/16 and 2016/17. In a further announcement in January 2014, the County Council was issued with a one year only schools capital maintenance allocation.

In June 2014, Cabinet Member for Children, Young People and Schools <u>approved a three year capital strategy for schools</u> covering the years 2014/15 to 2016/17. The strategy assumed the same level of funding for capital maintenance for future years to that which had been received for 2014/15.

Capital Investment Strategy for Schools

The Strategy for the Provision of School Places and Schools' Capital Investment identifies three main strands, in the following priority order, for capital investment for the foreseeable future:

- Supporting growth to respond to demand for places
- Targeted investment in mainstream and special schools
- Strategic maintenance of the building stock

Due to pressure for additional school places it is anticipated that the majority of the capital allocation will be used for this purpose over the timeframe. With regards to targeted investment, the emphasis over the next three years will be as follows:

- Regularising (by increasing) admission numbers at primary schools in areas of high demand for school places to make them compatible with class size 30 requirements;
- Identified projects in special schools and short stay schools, including the provision of additional places and addressing serious suitability and condition issues; and
- Suitability projects in mainstream schools, aimed at addressing accommodation issues that impeded the delivery of provision either

- As identified by Ofsted
- In schools identified as 'requiring improvement' by Ofsted, particularly in geographical areas of high school place demand.

Capital Funding Available 2014/15 to 2016/17

Lancashire County Council's maintained Schools' Capital allocation is as follows:

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	Total (BN)
Basic Need (to support the provision of additional places across all schools including voluntary-aided (VA) schools, open academies, and any new free schools where they address basic need pressures)	8,927,397	8,467,705	8,891,090	26,286,192
Maintenance (to support local priorities and larger projects at non-voluntary aided LA maintained schools)	12,711,690			
Maintenance LCVAP Local Authority Co-ordinated Voluntary Aided Programme (to support the strategic needs of VA schools in conjunction with Diocesan Authorities)	9,656,602			
Devolved Formula Capital (DFC) (all LA maintained schools (provisional amount) direct to schools)	4,517,120			

The DfE has recently concluded a property data survey to provide up to date, validated condition information across the entire school estate. From 2015/ 16 maintenance funding will be determined by utilising to DfE property data survey and, therefore, allocation amounts to individual local authorities could change.

Capital Programme 2014/15 to 2016/17

The three year programme has been set by assuming that the same level of maintenance funding will be received in 2015/16 and 2016/17 as was received in 2014/15. The three year programme will need to be adjusted to take account of changes to maintenance funding as a result of the DfE property data survey and variance between estimates and actual costs for individual projects.

Expenditure on the schools' capital programme is phased over a number of years and the programme reflects carry over from previous year's allocations.

Proposed new starts with the total anticipated costs are provided below

Basic Need

Commitments

Current Projects which started in September 2014 or earlier are:

Morecambe Grosvenor Park	£334,000
Morecambe Greatwood	£1,618,000
Morecambe Westgate	£2,962,000
Barnoldswick CE	£5,269,000
Reedley Primary School	£2,086,000
Nelson St Pauls	£5,198,000
Nelson Lomeshaye	£3,282,000
Chorley Trinity CE/Meths	£2,700,000
Lytham Heyhouses	£5,419,000
Padiham St Leonards	£1,681,000
Oswaldtwistle St Andrews	£1,160,000
Total Commitments	£31,709,000
Future Growth in Pupil Places	
Projects required to provide additional permanent and Temporary school places in: Morecambe; Lytham; Chorley Central; Euxton; Leyland and Preston East	£20,050,000
Regularising published admission numbers in growth areas	£3,000,000
Reserve (to address unplanned for need)	£3,500,000
Targeted Investment	
Projects in special and short stay schools	£5,550,000
Suitability projects at mainstream schools	£4,250,000
Access projects at mainstream schools for pupils with disability	£750,000
Maintenance	
Strategic maintenance of the building stock	£11,290,000

Contingency and charges	£4,008,000

Commitments on 2013/14 and earlier years projects £60,408,000

Grand Total £144,515,000

Devolved Formula Capital 2014/15

This is an annual capital grant made to schools based on a lump sum plus an amount per pupil formula and is designed to enable schools to address building and ICT needs identified in asset management and school development plans. The amount provided is provisional and is based on published lists (November 2013) of open Academies and those intending to open by 1 April 2014.

The provisional allocation is as follows:

Per School	Per Primary Pupil	Per Secondary Pupil	Per boarding pupil, PRU pupil or special school pupil
£4,000	£11.25	£16.88	£33.75

The lump sum and formulaic amounts per pupil are the same in 2013/14 as they were for the previous year.

Universal Infant Free School Meals

The DfE allocated £3.3 million across the Community, Voluntary Controlled and Voluntary Aided sectors to equip schools to be able to comply with the provision of infant free school meals with effect from September 2014. This funding has already been allocated to schools based on need.

Supporting Growth

There is a short planning timeframe for the addition of primary places and Lancashire County Council will normally only make plans for permanent additional provision where there are at least two, and preferably three years of projected demand exceeding current supply. This policy is aimed at minimising the risks of:

- providing additional places where they are not required longer term, thereby creating instability and rendering other local schools vulnerable; and
- incurring unnecessary capital expenditure, impacting on the ability to progress projects at other schools.

Due to the consultation requirements this policy will often mean that temporary accommodation will need to be provided for the first year of expansion (or even longer

if there are unanticipated delays to the project), which will be removed following completion of a permanent expansion.

It is critical that additional resources are levered in, wherever possible, including an imperative for district councils to secure contributions on behalf of Lancashire County Council from housing developers where a development will have an impact on school places in order to mitigate the effects of planned housing developments on education infrastructure. The introduction of the Community Infrastructure Levy in 2010 has led to closer working relationships with district planning authorities in assessing the impact on sites with the potential to deliver future housing developments. This shared knowledge will continue to inform the Community Infrastructure Levy charging schedules to mitigate the effects of education infrastructure. District councils will be encouraged to secure contributions from developers for the rise in pupil numbers directly attributable to the developments, estimated through the application of pupil yield formulae and using Department for Education cost multipliers. The contributions requested, if secured, will cover only part of the cost of providing the additional places and will be spent on school provision within the local area.

It is important that this principle is adhered to in order to ensure that children from new developments (and the surrounding areas impacted on by the development) are able to access a local school place.

Within the Section 106 agreements or Community Infrastructure Levy (the process of requesting and securing financial contributions from housing developers for a range of additional public services required as a direct result of the development) Lancashire County Council will request education contributions paid to agreed timescales and for good quality school sites to be provided, where justified.

School initiated expansion

It should be noted that where individual schools wish to expand and/or increase their admission number and where Lancashire County Council is not satisfied that there is a need for additional school places in the area, schools will need to fund any build requirements and additional revenue expenditure from within their own resources. Schools will need to consider the sustainability of any plans through the medium and long term and how they plan to address resultant premises related matters. For example:

- An increase in an admission number may not immediately require additional accommodation but will do so in the future if the school continues to grow in numbers year on year;
- ➤ The use of temporary accommodation to facilitate an increased admission number will require replacement or permanent build in the longer term.

Further information on school initiated expansions and the issues that schools are advised to consider prior to undertaking one are provided on the <u>Schools Portal</u> for Lancashire schools.

Alternative use of school premises

Where schools have used surplus accommodation for community use and subsequently experience a rise in pupil numbers, leaving the school with a shortage of accommodation for statutory age pupils, Lancashire County Council will expect that the community use ceases and that the accommodation reverts back to its original use. Schools need to factor this policy into any decision to lease accommodation to community users and a break clause in the lease is advised in order to protect Lancashire County Council's statutory responsibilities around school place provision.

Appendices

Appendix 1 – District Information

Appendix 1 provides school information for each district, including maps, numbers on rolls, school capacities and surplus places.

Appendix 2 – Birth Data

Appendix 3 – Special Schools

Appendix 4 - Short Stay Schools

Appendix 5 – School Organisation Regulations 2013

Appendix 6 – Establishing a New School

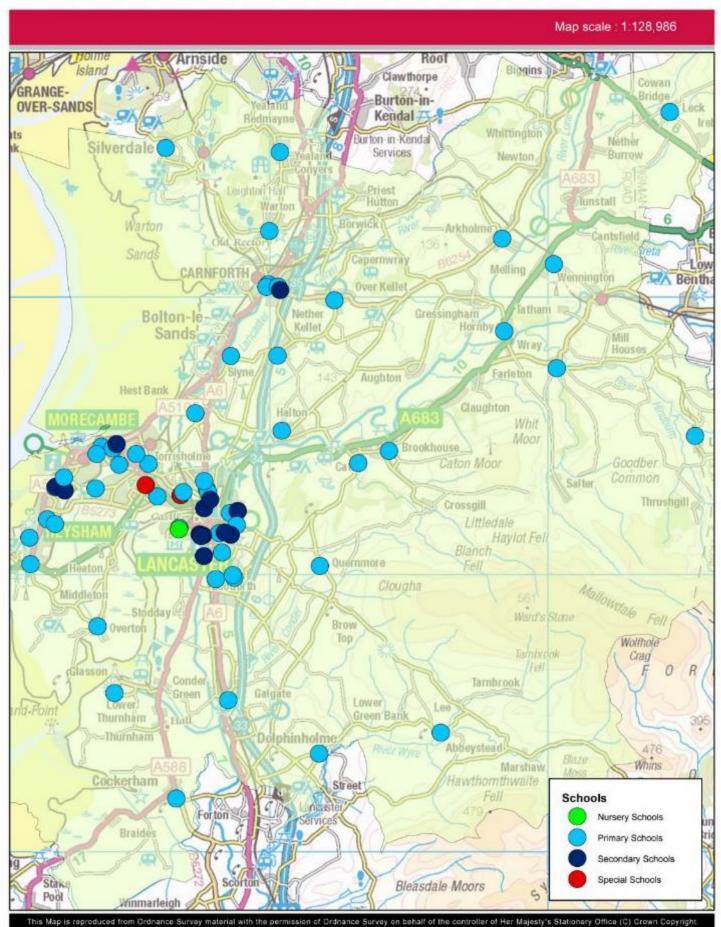
Appendix 1 – School Data and Maps

The following Pages show information on the schools in each of the twelve districts Lancashire covers. The pages are in the following order

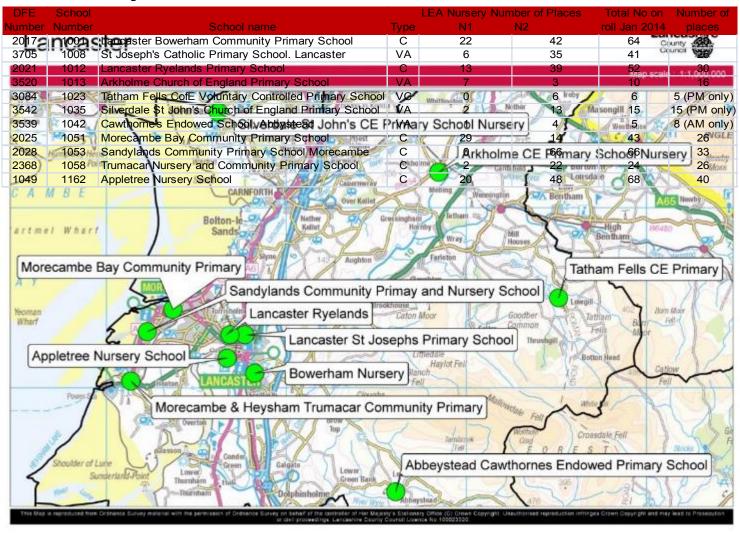
- Lancaster
- Wyre
- Ribble Valley
- Fylde
- Preston
- South Ribble
- West Lancashire
- Chorley
- Hyndburn
- Burnley
- Pendle
- Rossendale

Lancaster





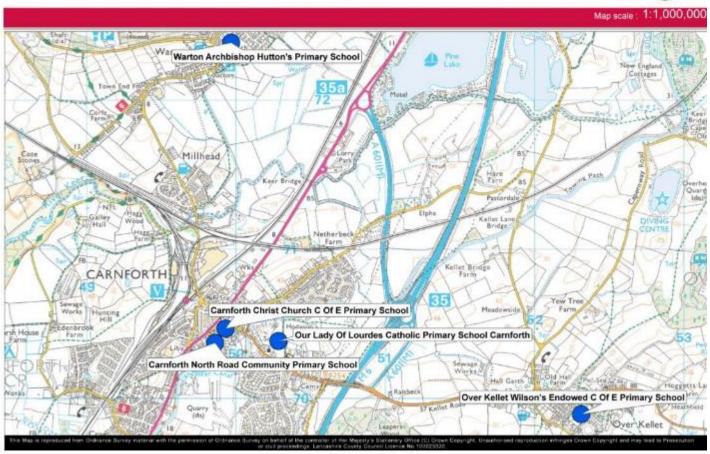
Nursery Schools



Primary Schools

Carnforth

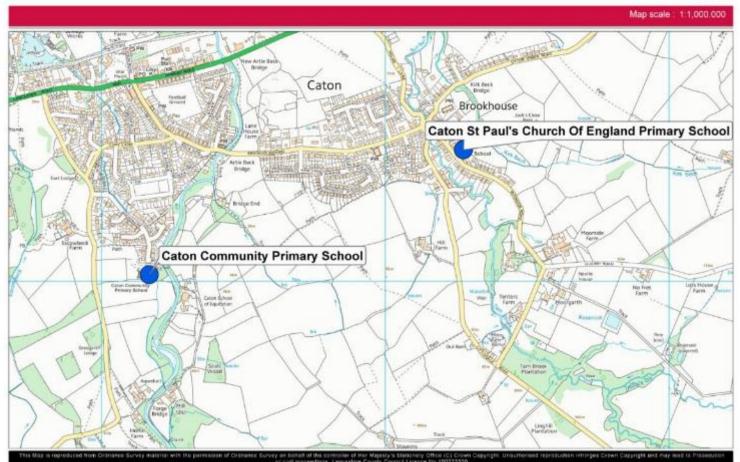




					N	umbe	er of	Child	lren d	on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
		Over Kellet Wilson's Endowed Church of England Primary												
3670	01019	School	VA (CE)	18	15	12	15	17	15	10	20	104	126	17%
3519	01028	Carnforth Christ Church. CofE. Voluntary Aided Primary School	VA (CE)	20	12	15	7	11	13	16	18	92	120	23%
3703	01031	Our Lady of Lourdes Catholic Primary School. Carnforth	VA (C)	17	14	12	12	17	18	16	14	103	119	13%
3168	01032	Warton Archbishop Hutton's Primary School	VC	26	11	21	17	18	19	14	18	118	177	33%
2014	01044	Carnforth North Road Community Primary School	Community	30	22	24	20	23	17	9	28	143	208	31%

Caton

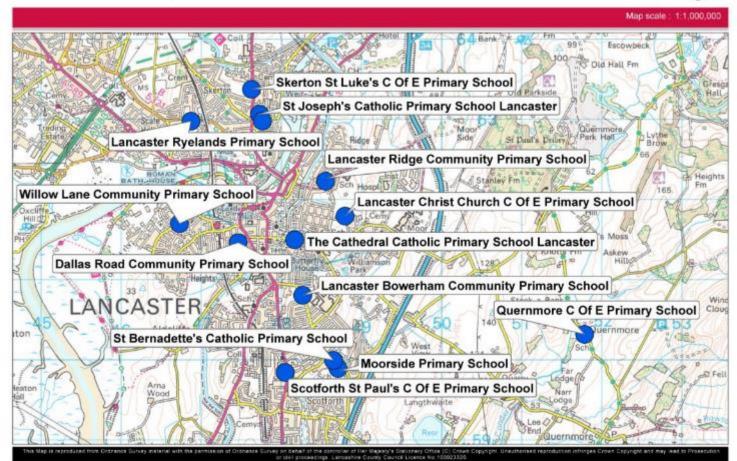




				N	umbe	er of	Child	lren d	n Ro	Total No	Net	%		
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
		Caton St Paul's Church of England Primary												
3521	01014	School	VA (CE)	30	15	23	21	20	14	24	28	145	150	3%
		Caton Community												
2653	01025	Primary School	Community	10	4	8	6	8	4	9	2	41	70	41%

Lancaster City

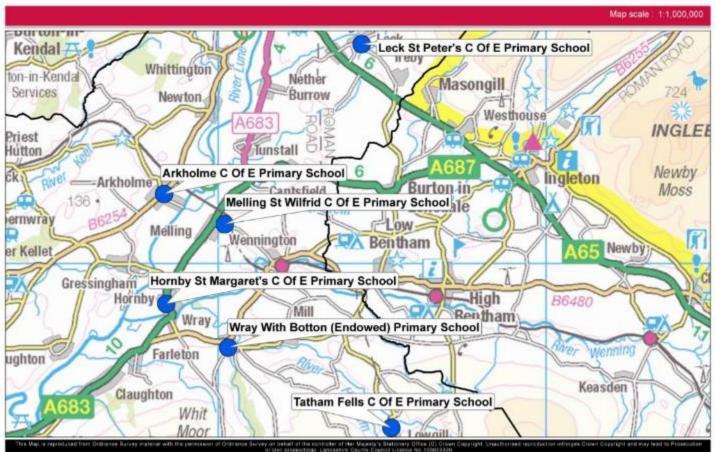




School Name		PAN	Number of Children on Roll									
3311331113	Type	. ,	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
Lancaster Bowerham Community	1,0											
•	Community	60	55	57	57	37	52	39	47	344	420	18%
Dallas Road Community Primary												
School	Community	60	61	60	60	60	58	60	58	417	413	-1%
Willow Lane Community Primary												
	Community	30	30	30	30	25	19	23	22	179	210	15%
_	VA (CE)	30	30	30	30	29	28	27	32	206	210	2%
J J	VA (CE)	30	30	30	30	26	27	30	32	205	210	2%
	VA (C)	30	28	29	28	28	30	14	26	183	210	13%
,) / A /OF)						00		~	005	000	40/
•	VA (CE)	30	30	30	30	30	32	26	27	205	208	1%
•	\/A (C)	20	26	20	24	20	24	24	20	200	240	E0/
School. Lancaster	VA (C)	30	26	30	31	28	31	24	30	200	210	5%
Pidgo Community Primary School	Community	30	27	20	21	30	20	25	10	190	210	10%
Ridge Community Filmary School	Community	30	21	29	31	30	29	23	10	109	210	10 70
Lancaster Ryelands Primary School	Community	60	38	58	45	43	55	4 0	55	343	384	11%
Lancaster ryclanas i iiiiary ocnoor	Community	00	30	30	70	70	00	70	55	040	304	1170
Moorside Primary School	Community	90	59	60	60	59	60	52	66	416	420	1%
interested i milary contest	Community		00								120	. 70
Quernmore Church of England												
•	VC5(€E)	15	13	13	15	12	15	15	15	98	105	7%
St Bernadette's Catholic Primary	` ´											
	VA (C)	30	30	30	29	25	28	16	16	174	209	17%
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Dallas Road Community Primary School Willow Lane Community Primary School Lancaster Christ Church Church of England Primary School Scotforth St Paul's Church of England Primary School St Joseph's Catholic Primary School. Lancaster Skerton St Luke's CofE Voluntary Aided Primary School The Cathedral Catholic Primary School. Lancaster Ridge Community Primary School Lancaster Ryelands Primary School Moorside Primary School Quernmore Church of England Voluntary Controlled Primary School St Bernadette's Catholic Primary	Dallas Road Community Primary School Willow Lane Community Primary School Community School Community Commu	Dallas Road Community Primary School Willow Lane Community Primary School Community Co	Dallas Road Community Primary School Willow Lane Community Primary School Community Co	Dallas Road Community Primary School Willow Lane Community Primary School Community Co	Dallas Road Community Primary School Willow Lane Community Primary School Community Co	Dallas Road Community Primary School Willow Lane Community Primary School Community Co	Dallas Road Community Primary School Community	Dallas Road Community Primary School Willow Lane Community Primary School Community C	Dallas Road Community Primary School Community Community School Scotforth St Paul's Church of England Primary School St Joseph's Catholic Primary School. Lancaster Skerton St Luke's CofE Voluntary Aided Primary School Catholic Primary School. Lancaster School. Community School. Community School. Community School. Community School. Community School	Dallas Road Community Primary School Community 60 61 60 60 60 58 60 58 417 Willow Lane Community Primary School Community 30 30 30 30 25 19 23 22 179 Lancaster Christ Church Church of England Primary School Scotforth St Paul's Church of England Primary School Community 30 30 30 30 29 28 27 32 206 Scotforth St Paul's Church of England Primary School Community 80 30 30 30 20 29 28 27 32 206 Scotforth St Paul's Church of England Primary School Community 80 30 30 30 30 26 27 30 32 205 St Joseph's Catholic Primary School. Lancaster VA (C) 30 28 29 28 28 30 14 26 183 Skerton St Luke's Coffe Voluntary Aided Primary School The Cathedral Catholic Primary School. Lancaster VA (C) 30 26 30 31 28 31 24 30 200 I Ridge Community Primary School Community 30 27 29 31 30 29 25 18 189 Lancaster Ryelands Primary School Community 90 59 60 60 59 60 52 66 416 Quermmore Church of England Voluntary Controlled Primary School St Bernadette's Catholic Primary	Dallas Road Community Primary School Community One of the street of the

Lunesdale

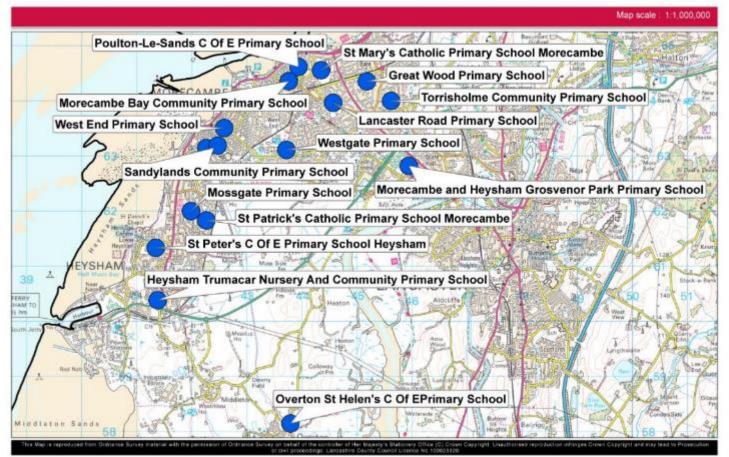




					N	lumbe	er of	Chilo	lren d	on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Type	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
		Arkholme Church of England Primary												
3520	01013	School	VA (CE)	14	12	10	14	9	15	16	11	87	100	13%
		Hornby St Margaret's Church of												
3528	01017	England Primary School	VA (CE)	10	6	4	9	10	4	5	6	44	70	37%
3534	01020	Leck St Peter's Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	8		6	1	8	7	10	7	39	56	30%
3334	01020	Melling St Wilfrid Church of England	VA (OL)	0		U	'	U	'	10	'	39	30	30 70
3535	01021	S S	VA (CE)	8	4	3	1	2	3	3	5	21	56	63%
		Tatham Fells CofE Voluntary												
3084	01023	Controlled Primary School	VC (CE)	10	9	7	10	7	7	8	6	54	60	10%
		Wray with Botton (Endowed) Primary												
3017	01027	School	VC	7	8	2	9	2	11	7	6	45	52	13%

Morecambe & Heysham





					N	lumb	er of	Chilo	lren (on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
		Overton St Helen's Church of												
3538	01046	England Primary School	VA (CE)	25	25	27	26	24	25	24	24	175	175	0%
2576	01049		Community	60	60	60	53	50	49	50	47	369	350	-5%
		Torrisholme Community Primary												
2425	01050	School	Community	60	62	59	60	60	59	59	62	421	420	0%
		Morecambe Bay Community												
2025	01051	Primary School	Community	45	46	44	44	31	41	40	29	275	315	13%
		= .5.											0.40	400/
2029	01052	West End Primary School	Community	30	29	28	32	20	23	21	24	177	210	16%
0000	04050	Sandylands Community Primary								_,		400	400	40/
2028	01053	School Morecambe	Community	60	56	60	59	59	59	51	58	402	420	4%
2027	01054	Languator Dood Drimon, Cohool	Community	60	60	60	60	EG	60	60	5 7	413	420	2%
2021	01054	Lancaster Road Primary School Poulton-le-Sands Church of	Community	60	00	00	60	50	00	00	37	413	420	270
3537	01055	England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	27	30	30	26	28	26	30	197	210	6%
3337	01033	St Peter's Church of England	VA (CL)	30	21	30	30	20	20	20	30	191	210	0 70
3536	01056	Primary School, Heysham	VA (CE)	35	35	36	35	35	36	33	32	242	245	1%
3330	01000	St Mary's Catholic Primary School.	VA (OL)	00	00	50	00	00	50	55	02	272	240	1 70
3707	01057	,	VA (C)	30	16	30	30	25	13	19	17	150	210	29%
0.0.	• 1001	Heysham Trumacar Community	771(0)	- 00		-							2.0	2070
2368	01058	Primary School	Community	45	45	45	42	43	35	33	38	281	315	11%
		St Patrick's Catholic Primary										-		
3605	01059	,	VA (C)	30	21	29	26	22	25	25	22	170	210	19%
		Westgate Primary School and	,											
2827	01060	•	Community	90	86	88	71	64	71	67	67	514	540	5%
		Morecambe and Heysham	59											
2831	01061	Grosvenor Park Primary School	Community	45	45	45	30	29	30	33	30	242	315	23%
2832	01062	Mossgate Primary School	Community	30	29	30	30	30	28	25	26	198	210	6%

Rural North Lancaster

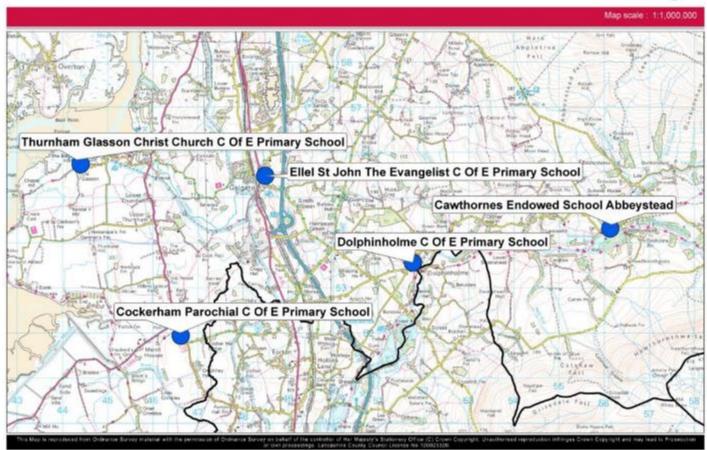




					N	umbe	er of	Chilo	lren d	on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	
3527	01016	St Wilfrid's Church of England Primary School. Halton	VA (CE)	35	35	34	36	32	32	28	29	226	240	6%
2031	01018	Nether Kellet Community Primary School	Community	15	12	16	12	13	19	7	10	89	105	15%
3543	01029	Slyne-with-Hest. St Luke's. Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	35	29	37	31	27	34	37	35	230	239	4%
3518	01030	Bolton-le-Sands Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	45	41	46	50	44	39	38	38	296	300	1%

Rural South Lancaster

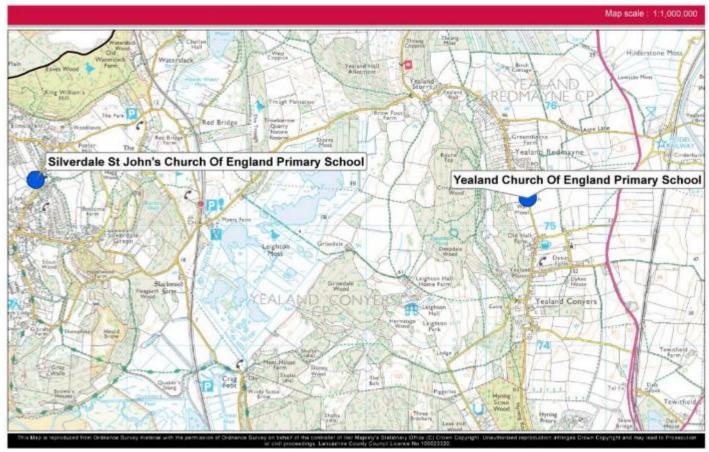




			Number of Children on Roll							oll	Total No	Net	%	
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
25.40	04000	Thurnham Glasson Christ Church.	\/A (OE)	_	_	_	•	_	0	_	_	20	40	040/
3546	01036	Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	6	3	5	3	5	8	3	6	33	42	21%
		Cockerham Parochial Church of												
3522	01038	England Primary School	VA (CE)	14	14	11	8	9	10	9	11	72	100	28%
		Dolphinholme Church of England												
3524	01039	Primary School	VA (CE)	14	12	12	7	14	9	11	8	73	98	26%
		Ellel St John the Evangelist Church of												
3525	01041	England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	29	28	28	29	24	29	28	195	210	7%
3539	01042	Over Wyresdale. Abbeystead. Cawthorne's Endowed Primary School	VA	6	5	4	6	5	3	4	4	31	52	40%

Silverdale & Yealand



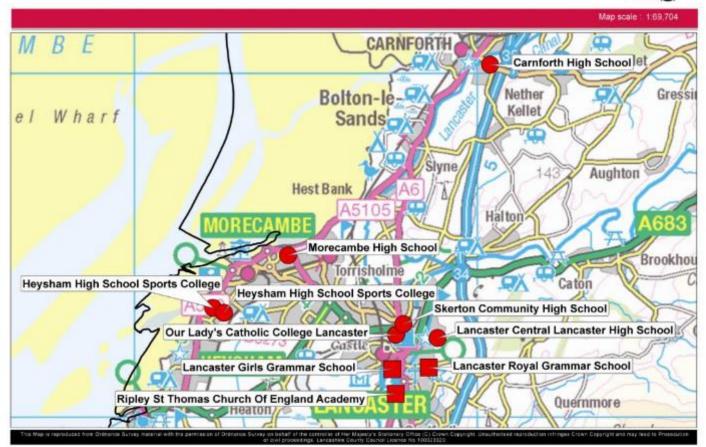


					N	umbe	er of	Child	lren c	n Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE				PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6		Capacity	
Number	LCC No	School Name	Type				_)	7	J		Jan 2014	Jan 2014	Places
		Yealand Church of England Primary												
3551	01034	School	VA (CE)	7	4	6	9	7	7	3	7	43	49	12%
		Silverdale St John's Church of												
3542	01035	England Primary School	VA (CE)	15	6	9	13	15	12	9	10	74	105	30%

Secondary Schools

Lancaster



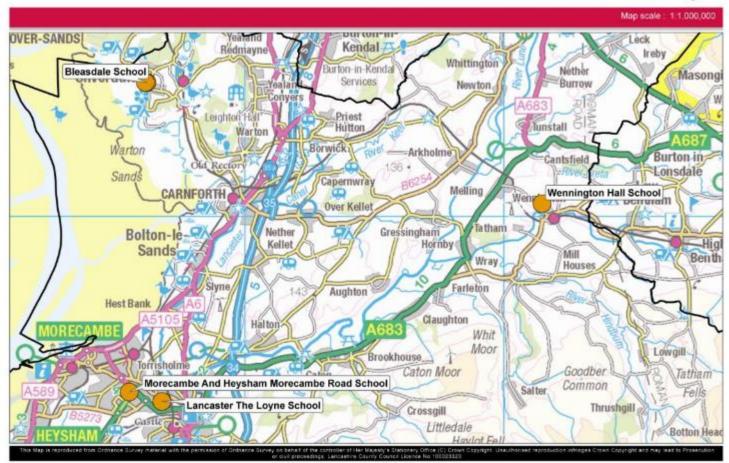


				No of Children on Roll							Total No	Notional	Net	%
School	OchoolNoor	T	D	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	on Roll Jan	11-16	Capacity	Surplus
No	School Name	Туре	PAN								2014	capacity	Jan 2014	Places
	Skerton Community High													
01103	School	С	90	17	24	39	33	28			141	477	477	70%
	Heysham High School Sports													
01108	College	С	220	151	166	177	200	166	110	63	860	1100	1324	22%
01109	Morecambe High School	С	260	208	230	223	235	257	163	103	1153	1300	1586	11%
01110	Carnforth High School	С	132	119	112	128	132	102	36	23	593	660	729	10%
	Our Lady's Catholic College.	\/A (C)	200											
01112	Lancaster	VA (C)	200	79	112	96	133	145	123	93	565	915	1140	38%
	Lancaster Central Lancaster													
01113	High School	С	150	88	126	150	152	138	67	31	654	750	863	13%
	Lancaster Girls' Grammar	\ aad												
01501	School	Acad	115	114	113	113	114	116	167	183	570	540	895	-6%
	Lancaster Royal Grammar	Acad												
01502	School	Acau	142	140	142	145	145	144	166	162	716	790	1165	9%
	Ripley St Thomas - A Church	Acad												
01503	of England Academy	Acad	270	270	270	259	267	254	220	179	1320	1335	1754	1%

Special Schools

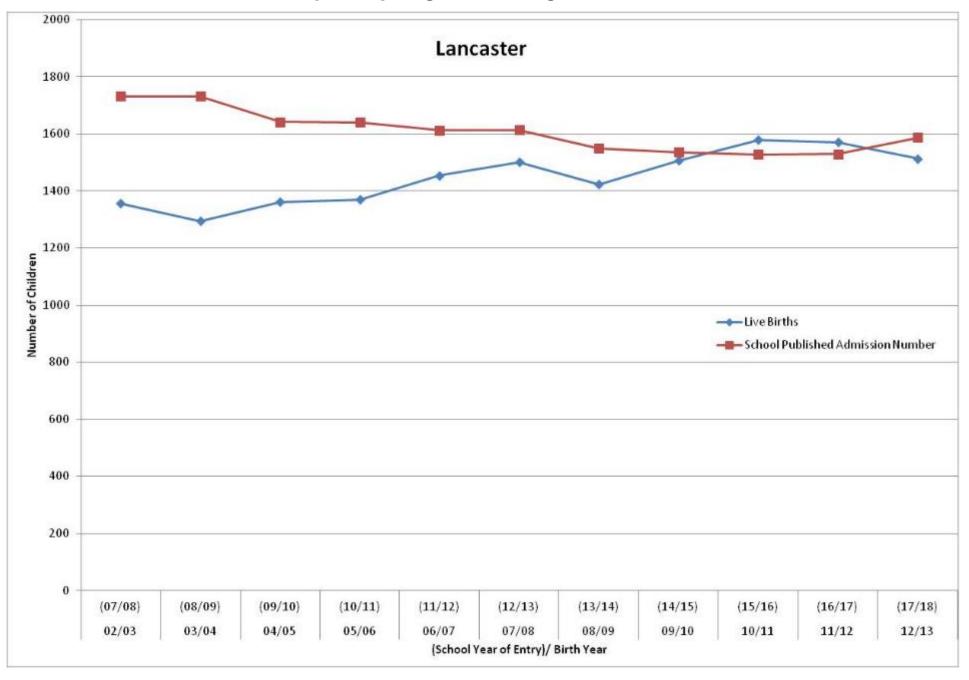
Lancaster





DfE No	School No	Establishment	Total Number of Children
7028	00131	Wennington Hall School	75
7007	00133	Bleasdale School	28
7034	01130	Morecambe and Heysham Morecambe Road School	149
7097	01131	The Loyne School Lancaster	112

Graph Comparing Birth Data against School Places



Birth and Roll Projection Information for Lancaster

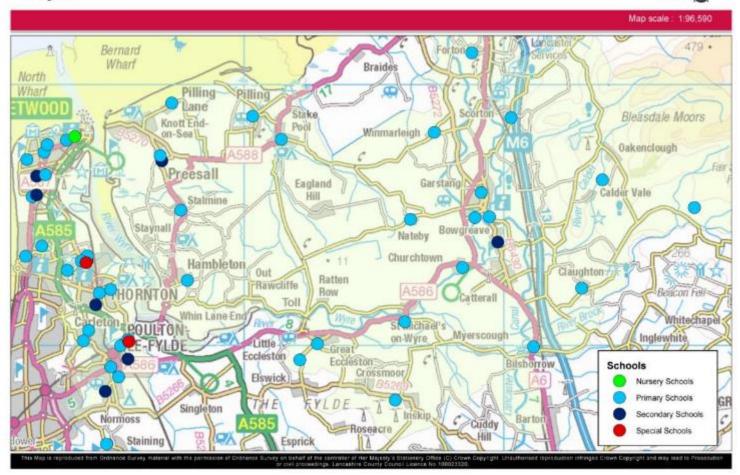
Year of Birth	Total Number of Births that year	Pupils to enter Reception in Year	Historical Average Take-up Rate	Projected Number of Pupils Entering Reception*	September 2014 PAN
09/10	1507	14/15		1507	
10/11	1578	15/16	100%	1578	1630
11/12	1570	16/17	100 /6	1570	1030
12/13	1513	17/18		1513	

^{*} The projected number of pupils entering reception does not include increases due to current or future housing developments, which could significantly increase the number of pupils entering the schools.

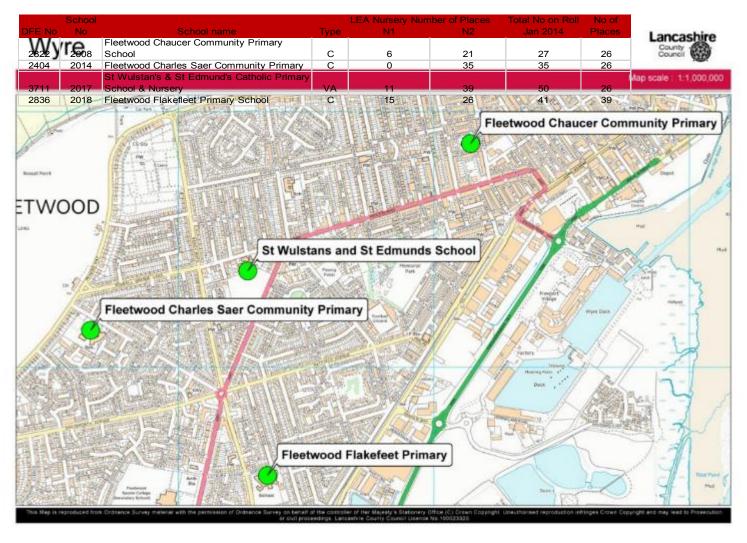
Wyre

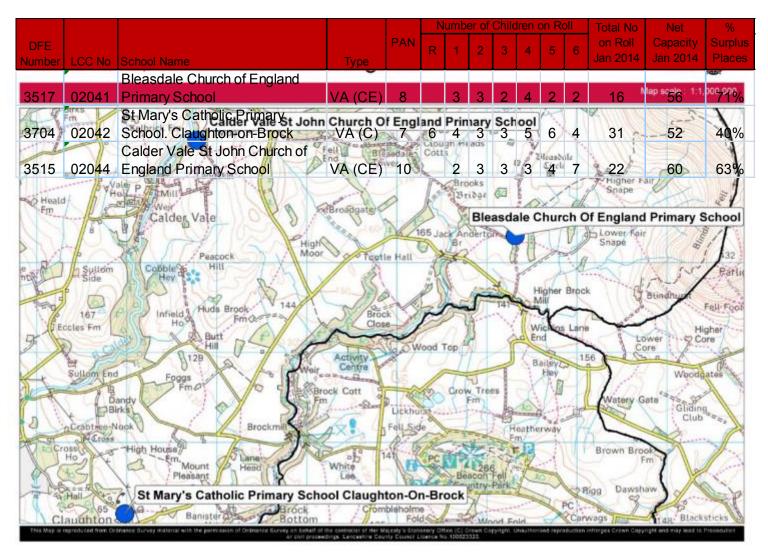
Wyre





Nursery schools

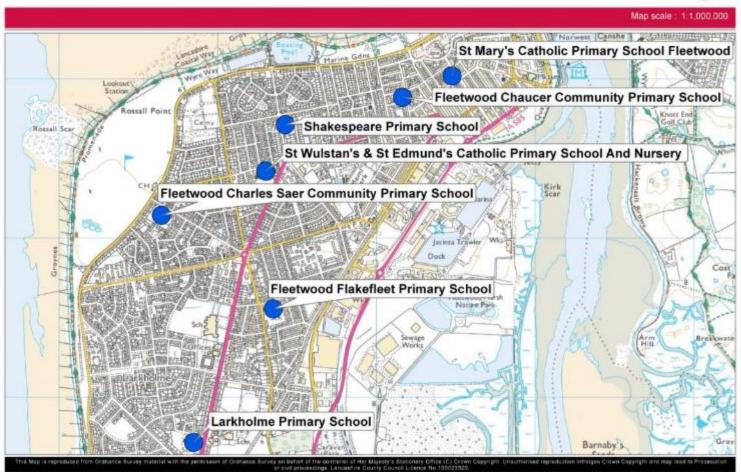




Primary schools

Fleetwood

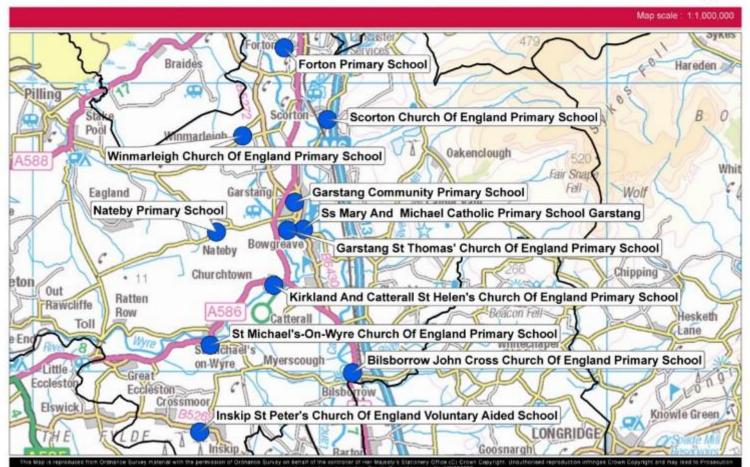




							er of	Child	lren (on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
2822	02008	Fleetwood Chaucer Community Primary School	Community	45	43	45	40	34	38	37	37	274	315	13%
3709	02009	St Mary's Catholic Primary School. Fleetwood	VA (C)	25	24	25	24	16	22	16	23	150	175	14%
2527	02013	Larkholme Primary School	Community	45	42	45	34	39	28	43	42	273	315	13%
2404	02014	Fleetwood Charles Saer Community Primary School	Community	45	38	45	36	38	35	30	29	251	351	28%
2821	02016	Shakespeare Primary School	Community	60	60	60	61	60	56	63	59	419	420	0%
3711	02017	St Wulstan's & St Edmund's Catholic Primary School & Nursery	VA (C)	45	51	55	41	44	43	40	42	316	315	0%
2836	02018	Fleetwood Flakefleet Primary School	Community	60	44	60	60	43	50	51	45	353	420	16%

Garstang & Surrounding

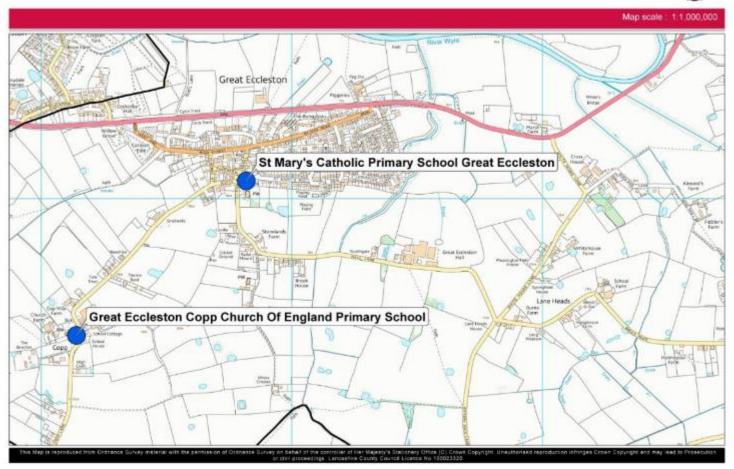




Number of Children on Roll Total No Net														
						umb	er of	Child	ren (on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE				PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll	Capacity	Surplus
Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре									Jan 2014	Jan 2014	Places
		Kirkland & Catterall St Helen's Church of												
3016	02037	England Primary School	VA (CE)	21	18	22	21	24	21	21	15	142	147	3%
2030	02038	Nateby Primary School	Community	13	10	13	7	11	7	11	10	69	90	23%
2016	02039	Forton Primary School	Community	15	9	15	12	13	11	14	8	82	105	22%
		St Michael's-on-Wyre Church of England												
3548	02040	Primary School	VA (CE)	18	19	19	15	21	18	18	15	125	126	1%
		Bilsborrow John Cross Church of England												
3516	02043	Primary School	VA (CE)	10	6	5	3	9	5	9	6	43	70	39%
		Inskip St Peter's Church of England												
3529	02045	Voluntary Aided School	VA (CE)	10	5	2	7	4	6	4	2	30	70	57%
		Garstang St Thomas' Church of England												
3526	02046	Primary School	VA (CE)	30	30	19	30	30	26	31	26	192	210	9%
		Winmarleigh Church of England Primary												
3550	02047	School	VA (CE)	8	5	5	3	2	2	2	3	22	30	27%
		Scorton Church of England Primary												
3668	02048	School	VA (CE)	8	5	10	12	5	5	8	9	54	56	4%
2530	02049	Garstang Community Primary School	Community	30	22	30	22	37	28	35	34	208	240	13%
		SS Mary and Michael Catholic Primary												
3702	02050	School. Garstang	VA (C)	22	22	13	19	19	20	14	23	130	157	17%

Great Eccleston

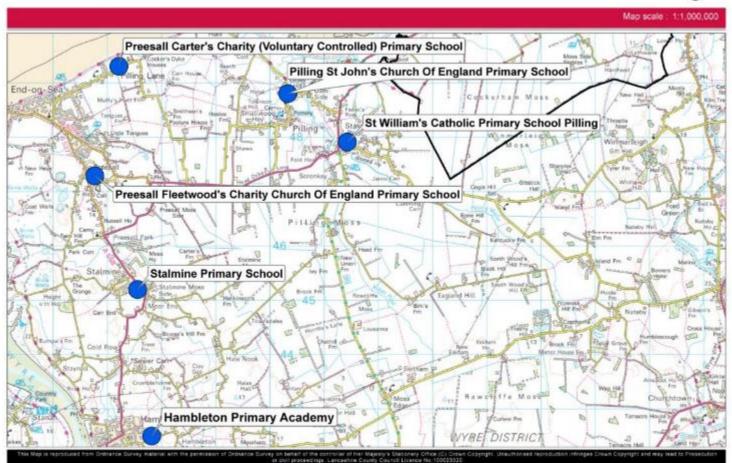




					N	umbe	er of	Child	ren d	n Ro	oll .	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Type	PAN	Я	1	2	3	4	5	9		Capacity Jan 2014	
		Great Eccleston Copp Church of	. , , , ,											
3554	02024	• •	VA (CE)	30	19	24	21	18	19	28	13	142	205	31%
		St Mary's Catholic Primary School.												
3712	02025	Great Eccleston	VA (C)	8	1	7	8	5	7	3	6	37	54	31%

Over Wyre

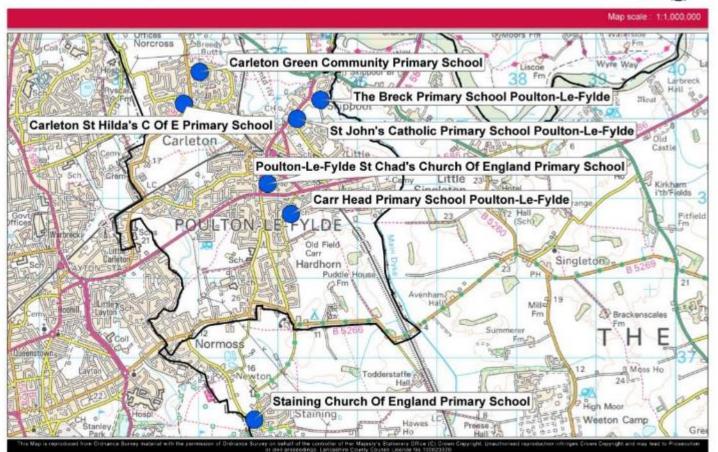




DFE				DΛ	N	umb	oer c	of Cl	hildr	en c	n	Total No	Net	%
Numb er	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PA N	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan	Capacit v Jan	Surplu s
3126	02019	Preesall Carter's Charity (Voluntary Controlled) Primary School	VC	30	25	20	23	27	21	28	22	166	210	21%
3572	02020	Preesall Fleetwood's Charity Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	20	17	15	10	19	15	11	18	105	140	25%
3568	02022	Pilling St John's CofE Voluntary Aided Primary School	VA (CE)	20	9	12	14	15	10	13	15	88	90	2%
3718	02023	St William's Catholic Primary School. Pilling	VA (C)	15	4	5	4	4	5	8	3	33	90	63%
2045	02027	Stalmine Primary School	Community	15	15	14	14	14	11	9	10	87	105	17%
2040	02501	Hambleton Primary Academy	Academy	30	33	34	30	32	31	32	27	219	210	-4%

Poulton le Fylde & Staining

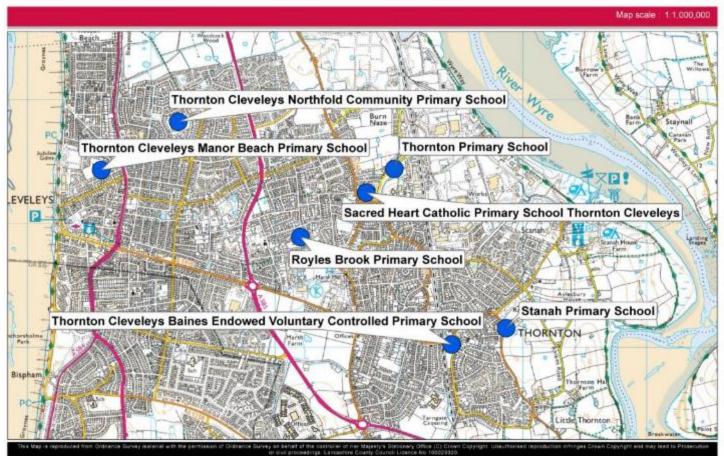




					N	lumb	er of	Child	lren d	on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE			_	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре									Jan 2014	Jan 2014	1 laces
	ĺ	Carr Head Primary School,												
2396	02001	Poulton-le-Fylde	Community	34	24	34	34	35	34	33	34	228	238	4%
		The Breck Primary School,												
2541	02002	Poulton-le-Fylde	Community	35	59	35	37	35	37	37	37	277	264	-5%
2622	02003	Carleton Green Community	Community	45	43	45	45	40	46	45	44	308	315	2%
		Poulton-le-Fylde St Chad's												
		Church of England Primary												
3570	02005	School	VA (CE)	35	34	35	35	35	35	35	35	244	240	-2%
		St John's Catholic Primary												
3719	02006	School. Poulton-le-Fylde	VA(C)	30	28	29	30	30	28	29	29	203	210	3%
		Carleton St Hilda's Church of												
3571	02007	England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	22	29	30	28	28	25	28	190	210	10%
		Staining Church of England												
3075	02051	Primary School	VC (CE)	35	26	34	36	31	34	33	33	227	236	4%

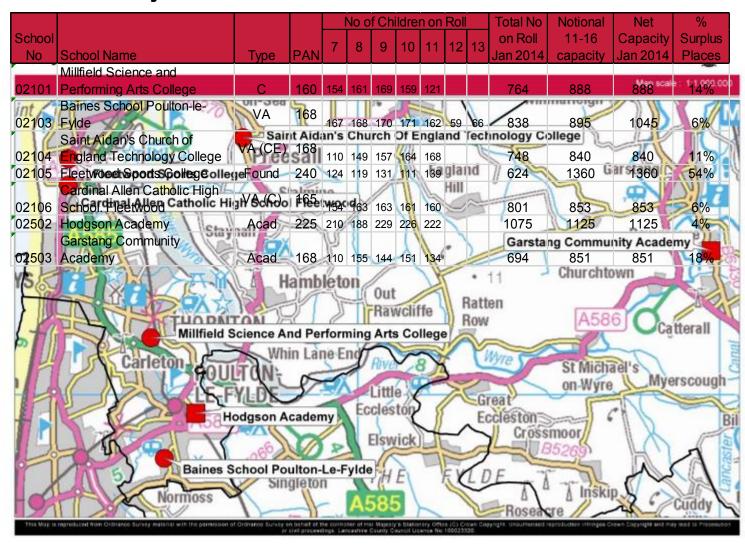
Thornton Cleveleys





					N	umbe	er of	Chilo	lren d	on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Type	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
							<u>.</u>							
2517	02030	Stanah Primary School	Community	60	57	54	54	51	60	52	59	387	420	8%
		Thornton Cleveleys Northfold												
2492	02031	Community Primary School	Community	30	30	30	30	26	30	30	31	207	210	1%
		Sacred Heart Catholic Primary												
3720	02032	School. Thornton Cleveleys	VA (C)	30	31	30	30	32	30	33	33	219	210	-4%
		Thornton Cleveleys Baines												
3125	02033	Endowed VC Primary School	VC	30	30	30	29	30	32	30	33	214	210	-2%
		_												
2047	02035	Thornton Primary School	Community	20	14	19	19	12	18	20	24	126	157	20%
		Thornton Cleveleys Royles Brook												
2048	02036	Primary School	Community	45	36	30	35	38	42	43	28	252	315	20%
		Thornton Cleveleys Manor Beach												
2826	02052	Primary School	Community	45	33	32	39	26	47	31	27	235	378	38%

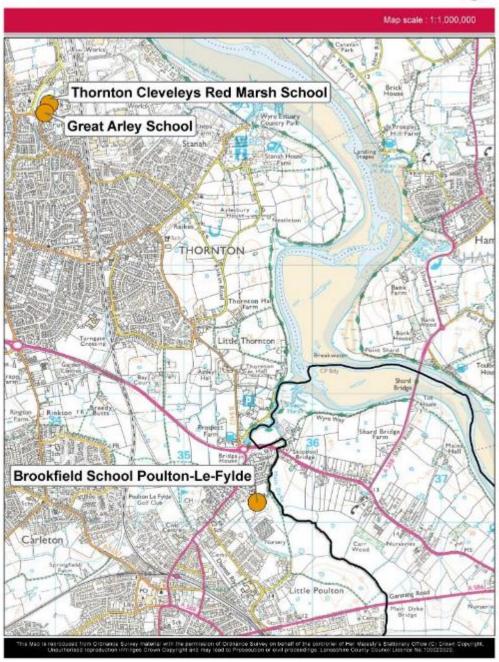
Secondary Schools



Special Schools

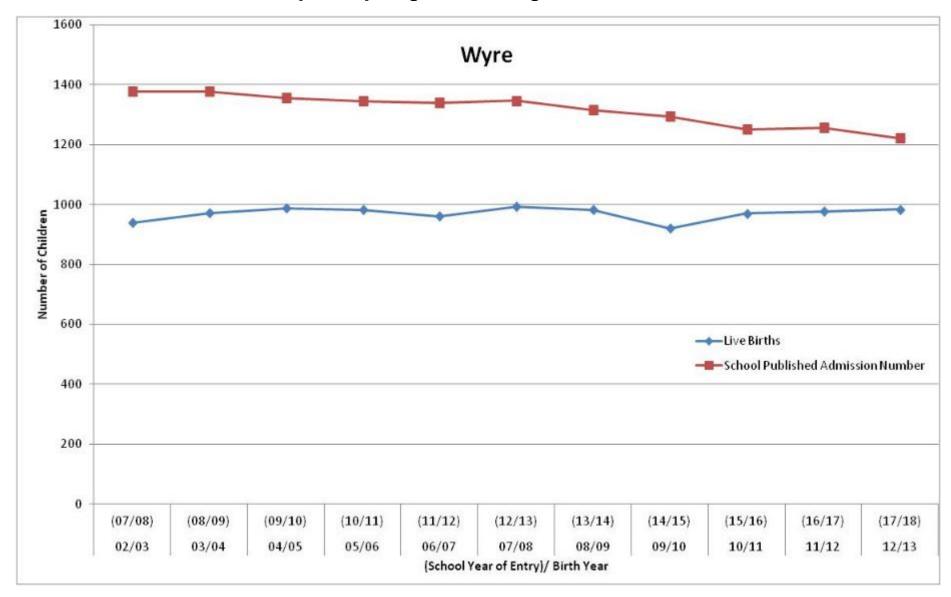
Wyre





DfE No	School No	Establishment	Total Number of Children
7040	02130	Great Arley School	89
7100	02131	Brookfield School. Poulton-le-Fylde	39
7102	02132	Thornton Cleveleys Red Marsh School	82

Graph Comparing Birth Data against School Places



Birth and Roll Projection Information for Wyre

Year of Birth	Total Number of Births that year	Pupils to enter Reception in Year	Historical Average Take-up Rate	Projected Number of Pupils Entering Reception*	September 2014 PAN
09/10	921	14/15		1004	
10/11	970	15/16	109%	1057	1027
11/12	976	16/17	10970	1064	1027
12/13	983	17/18		1071	

^{*} The projected number of pupils entering reception does not include increases due to current or future housing development, which could significantly increase the number of pupils entering the schools.

Ribble Valley

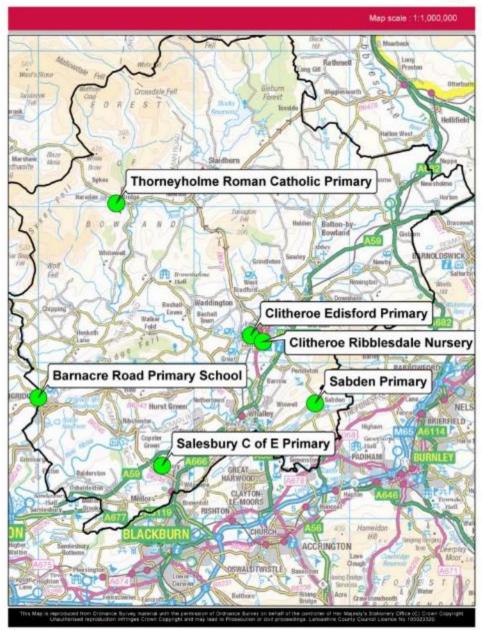




Nursery Schools

Ribble Valley



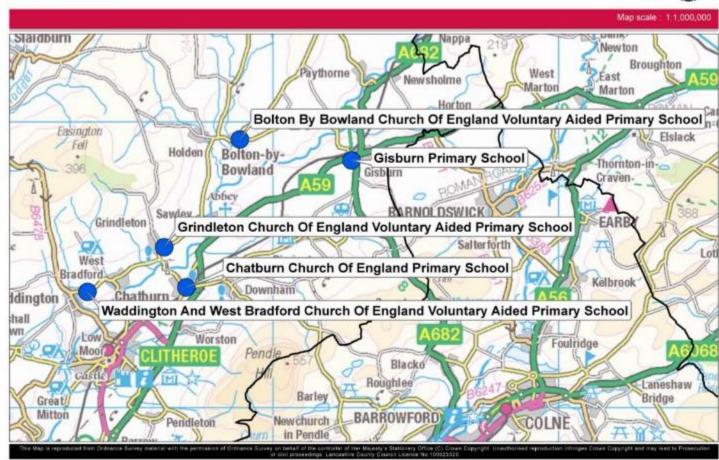


DFE	School			LEA Nursery Num	nber of Places	Total No on	Number of
Number	Number	School name	Type	N1	N2	roll Jan 2014	places
5203	6068	Barnacre Road Primary School, Longridge	F	6	21	27	26
		Thorneyholme Roman Catholic Primary School.					8 (Mon, Tues,
3810	11053	Dunsop Bridge	VA	0	6	6	Wed only)
2391	11056	Clitheroe Edisford Primary School	С	4	17	21	26
2073	11065	Sabden Primary School	С	2	9	11	26 (AM only)
5202	11074	Salesbury Church of England Primary School	VA	0	24	24	26 (AM only)
1027	11162	Ribblesdale Nursery School	С	19	68	87	50

Primary schools

Bowland

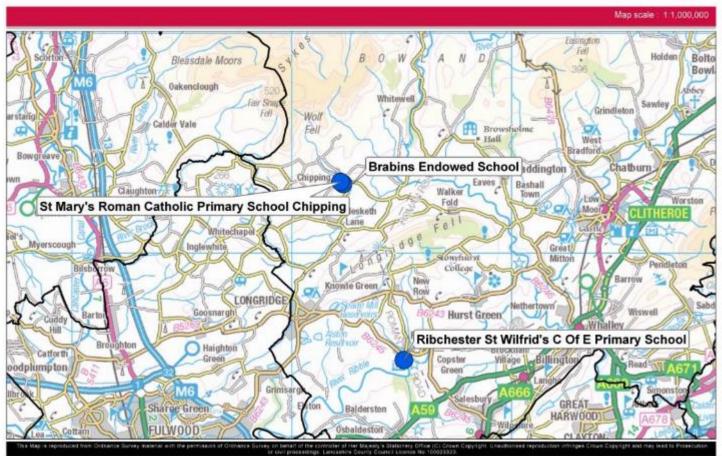




						lumb	per c	of C	nildr	en c	n	Total No on	Net	%
DFE	LCC			PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Roll Jan	Capacity	Surplus
Number	No	School Name	Type		11	,	_)	۲))	2014	Jan 2014	Places
		Bolton by Bowland CofE Voluntary Aided												
3809	11052	Primary School	VA (CE)	7	6	3	11	3	6	1	6	36	52	31%
3303	11054	Chatburn Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	16	18	16	13	16	15	17	19	114	112	-2%
2266	11061	Gisburn Primary School	Community	20	17	21	12	6	11	12	20	99	115	14%
		Grindleton Church of England Voluntary Aided												
3807	11063	Primary School	VA (CE)	8	1	6	4	8	7	7	7	40	56	29%
		Waddington and West Bradford CofE Voluntary												
3808	11068	Aided Primary School	VA (CE)	27	21	21	18	16	15	15	18	124	189	34%

Chipping & Ribchester

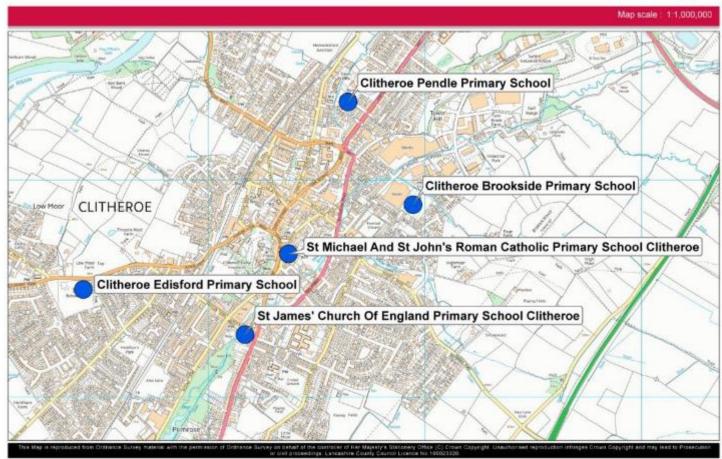




DFE				PA	N	umk	er c	of Cl	nildr	en c	n	Total	Net	%
Numb	LCC			N	$ _{R}$	1	2	3	4	5	6	No on	Capacit	Surplu
er	No	School Name	Type									Roll	v Jan	S
		Brabin's Endowed												
3129	06064	School	VC (CE)	15	5	8	9	13	10	13	10	68	105	35%
		St Mary's Roman												
		Catholic Primary School.												
3743	06065	Chipping	VA(C)	7	7	2	7	5	5	2	6	34	49	31%
		Ribchester St Wilfrid's												
		Church of England												
3589	06070	Primary School	VA	16	13	18	12	11	10	11	8	83	112	26%

Clitheroe Town

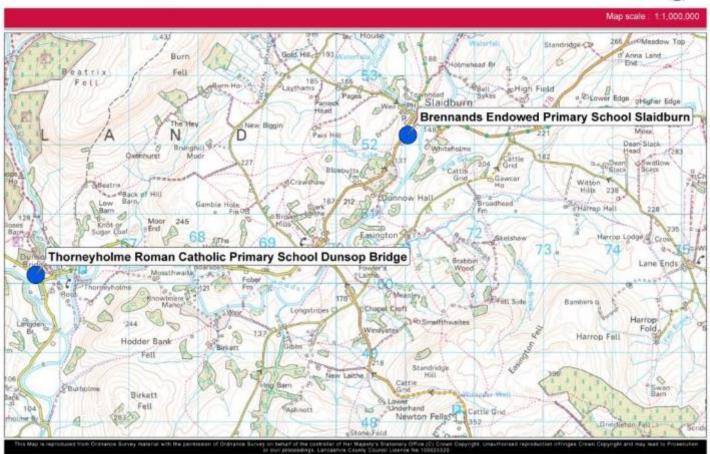




					Nu	mbe	r of	Chile	dren	on F	Roll	Total No. on	Net Capacity	% Surplus
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Roll Jan 2014		Places
2651	11055	Clitheroe Brookside Primary School	Community	30	23	21	24	29	22	32	33	184	210	12%
2391	11056	Clitheroe Edisford Primary School	Community	30	30	30	30	31	26	29	31	207	210	1%
2064	11057	Clitheroe Pendle Primary School	Community	50	50	50	49	47	50	48	39	333	321	-4%
3304	11058	St James' Church of England Primary School. Clitheroe	VA (CE)	60	37	34	39	27	35	42	35	249	315	21%
3744	11059	St Michael and St John's RC Primary School. Clitheroe	VA(C)	30	31	28	30	31	29	30	29	208	210	1%

Dunsop Bridge & Slaidburn

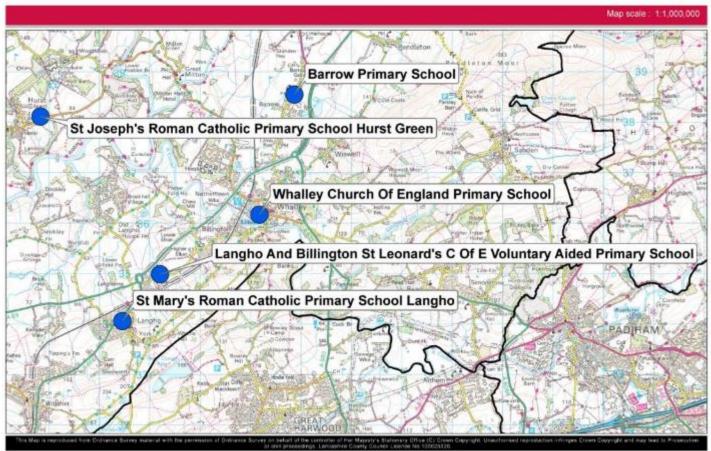




				5444	N	umb	er of	Chilo	ren d	n Ro	oll	Total No		%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6		Capacity Jan 2014	
3810	11053	Thorneyholme Roman Catholic Primary School. Dunsop Bridge	VA (C)	10	9	3	2	5	5	2	3	29	70	59%
3408	11067	Brennand's Endowed Primary School. Slaidburn	VA (CE)	10	4	7	7	9	7	6	10	50	70	29%

Langho, Whalley & Hurst Green

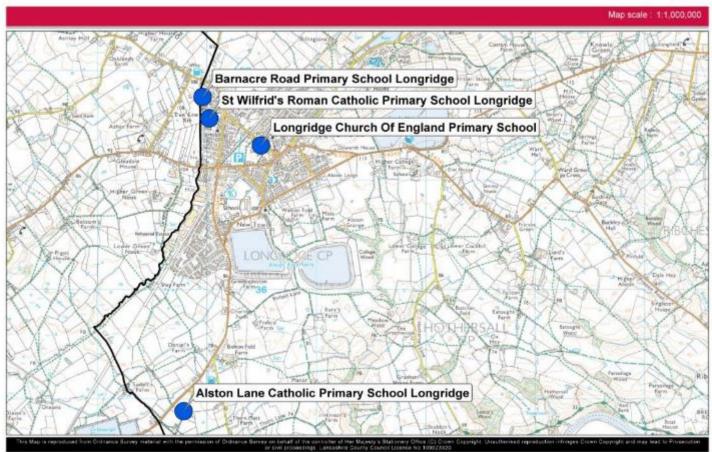




					N	umbe	er of	Chilo	lren d	n Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	
		St Joseph's Roman Catholic												
3741	11048	Primary School. Hurst Green	VA(C)	9	13	8	9	9	7	10	9	65	63	-3%
		Langho and Billington St	VA											
3302	11050	Leonard's CofE Primary School	(CE)	40	33	40	39	38	43	41	33	267	270	1%
		St Mary's Roman Catholic												
3742	11051	Primary School. Langho	VA(C)	40	31	39	38	37	41	39	39	264	280	6%
		Whalley Church of England	VA											
3321	11069	Primary School	(CE)	40	36	40	36	35	37	38	39	261	280	7%
3131	11070	Barrow Primary School	VC	20	18	20	18	16	17	26	14	129	140	8%

Longridge

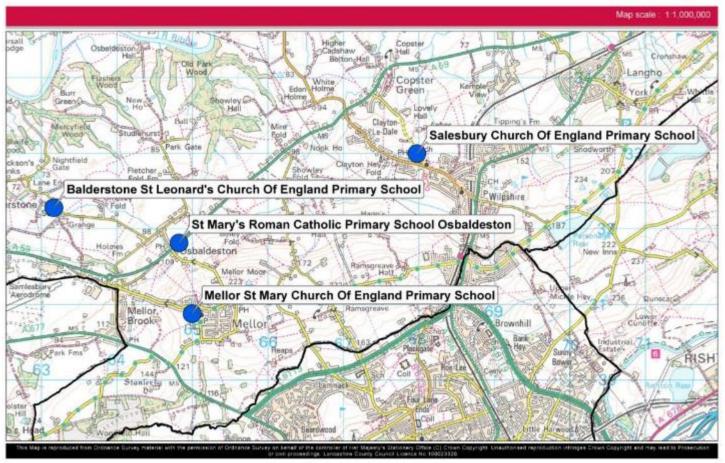




						lumb	er of	Child	ren o	n Ro		Total No on Roll	Net Capacity	% Surplus
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Jan 2014	Jan 2014	Places
3727	06066	Alston Lane Catholic Primary School. Longridge	VA (C)	30	30	30	29	27	27	26	27	196	196	0%
3583	06067	Longridge Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	28	29	23	31	31	33	31	206	208	1%
5203	06068	Barnacre Road Longridge Primary School	Foundation	30	19	31	21	29	31	19	22	172	210	18%
3728	06069	St Wilfrid's Roman Catholic Primary School. Longridge	VA (C)	30	30	18	21	20	19	15	14	137	180	24%

Osbaldeston & Salesbury

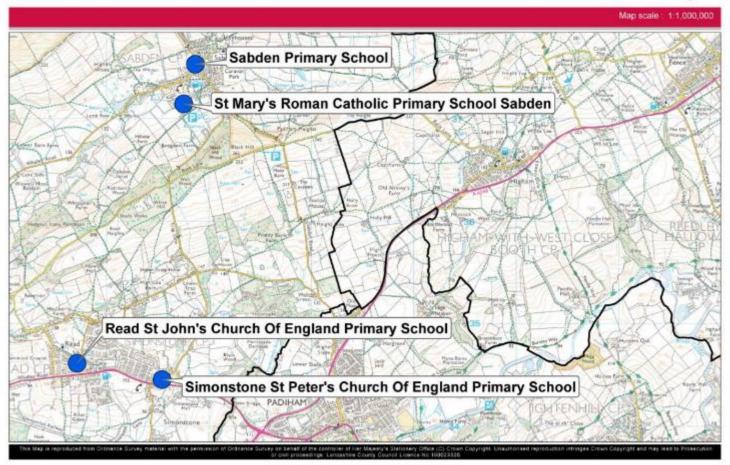




					N	umb	er of	Chilo	lren d	n Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE				PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll	Capacity	Surplus
Number	LCC No	School Name	Type		,	·))	•	Jan 2014	Jan 2014	Places
		Balderstone St Leonard's Church of	VA											
3300	11071	England Primary School	(CE)	15	8	16	13	14	16	14	12	93	105	11%
		Mellor St Mary Church of England	VA											
3312	11072	Primary School	(CE)	20	20	21	20	21	22	20	20	144	157	8%
		St Mary's Roman Catholic Primary	VA											
3748	11073	School. Osbaldeston	(C)	10	10	10	8	9	11	8	14	70	70	0%
		Salesbury Church of England Primary	VA											
5202	11074	School	(CE)	40	38	39	40	38	40	39	40	274	280	2%

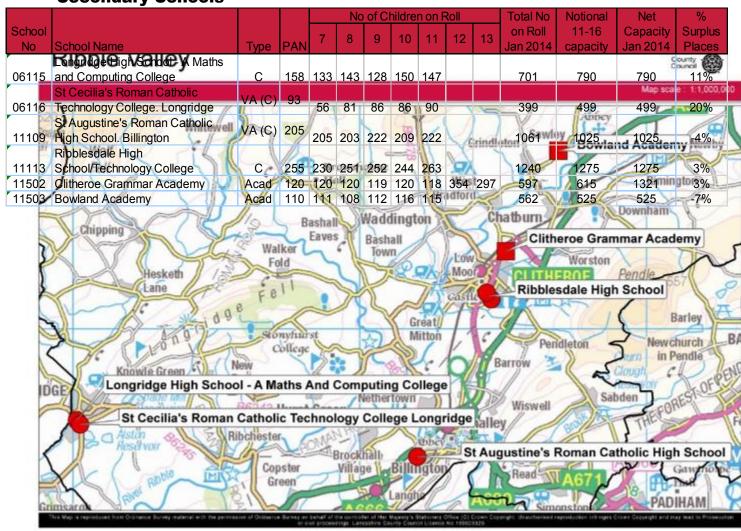
Simonstone, Read & Sabden





			Number of Children on Roll					oll	Total No	Net	%			
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Type	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	
		Simonstone St Peter's Church of												
3319	11060	England Primary School	VA (CE)	18	18	18	18	17	18	18	18	125	126	1%
		Read St John's Church of England												
3111	11064	Primary School	VC (CE)	30	28	30	29	20	28	19	27	181	210	14%
2073	11065	Sabden Primary School	Community	15	14	14	14	12	12	12	18	96	90	-7%
		St Mary's Roman Catholic												
3753	11066	Primary School. Sabden	VA (C)	12	11	12	10	8	11	11	14	77	84	8%

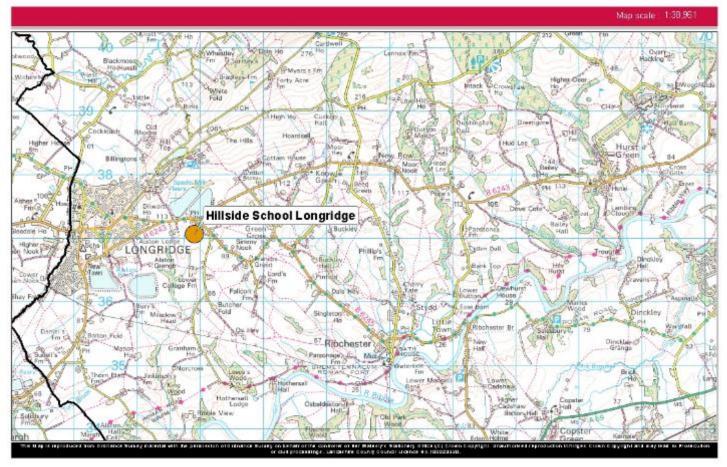
Secondary Schools



Special Schools

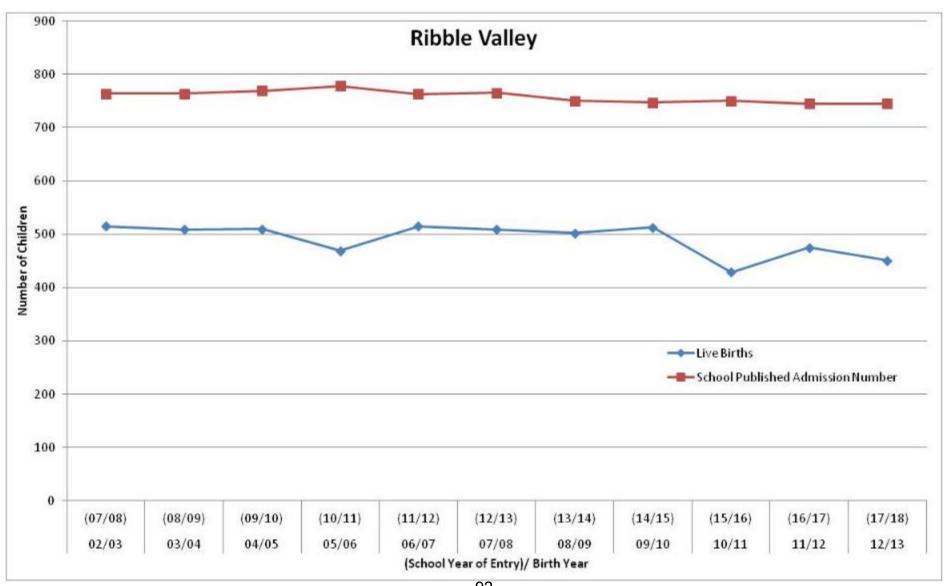
Ribble Valley





DfE No	School No	Establishment	Total Number of Children
7109	00139	Hillside Specialist School for Autism Spectrum Disorder	74

Graph Comparing Birth Data against School Places



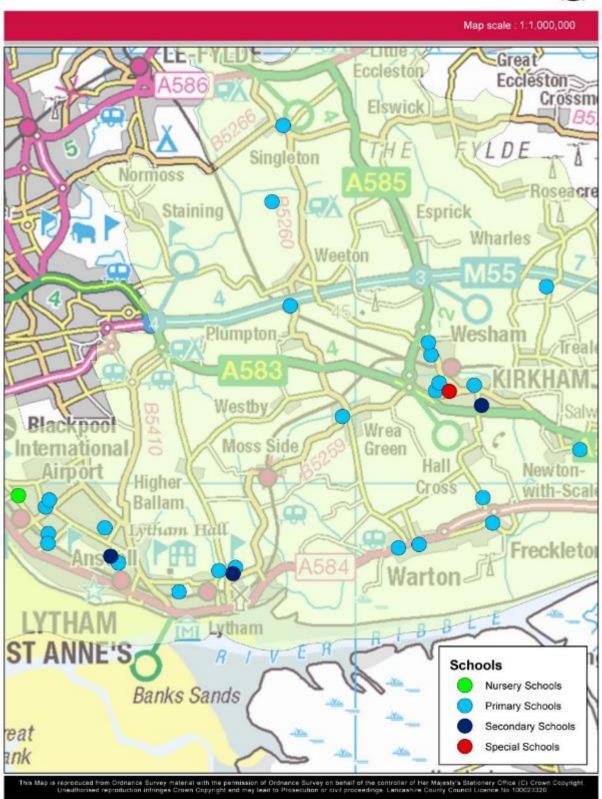
Birth and Roll Projection Information for Ribble Valley

Year of Birth	Total Number of Births that year	Pupils to enter Reception in Year	Historical Average Take-up Rate	Projected Number of Pupils Entering Reception*	September 2014 PAN
09/10	513	14/15		457	
10/11	429	15/16	89%	382	765
11/12	475	16/17	09 /0	423	705
12/13	451	17/18		401	

^{*} The projected number of pupils entering reception does not include increases due to current or future housing developments, which could significantly increase the number of pupils entering the schools.

Fylde

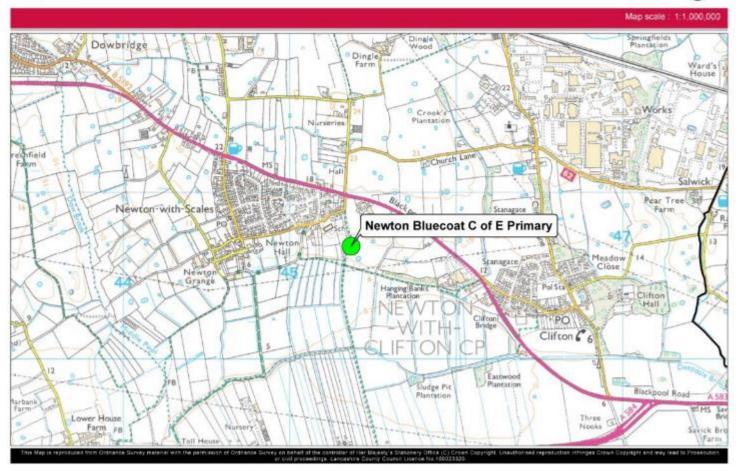




Nursery Schools

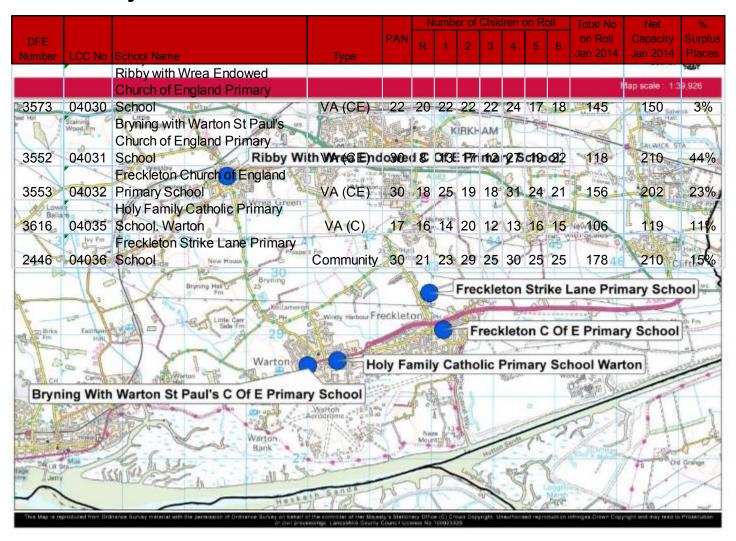
Fylde





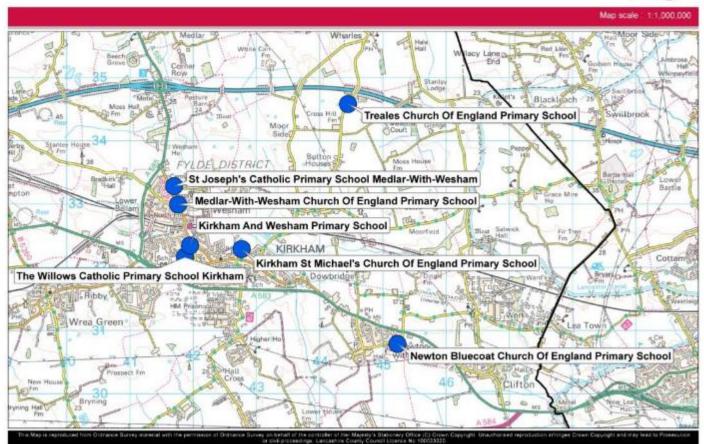
DFE	School			LEA Nursery Nur	nber of Places	Total No on	Number of
Number	Number	School name	Type	N1	N2	roll Jan 2014	places
		Newton Bluecoat Church of England					
5200	4034	Primary School	VA	0	25	25	26 (AM only)

Primary Schools



Kirkham

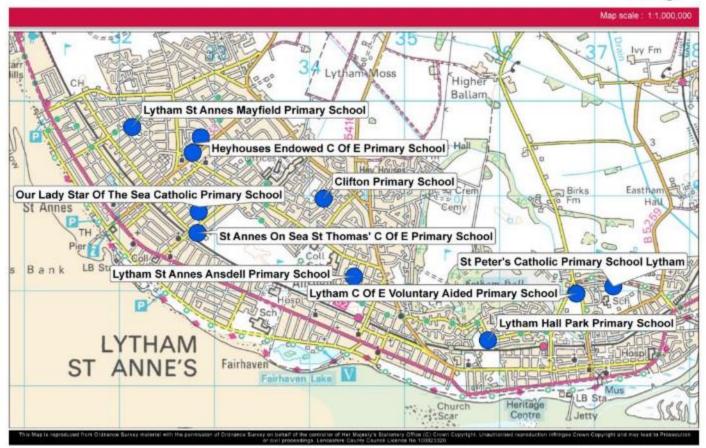




					N	umbe	er of	Child	lren d	on Ro	oll	Total No Net		%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Type	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	
		Newton Bluecoat Church of England												
5200	04034	Primary School	VA (CE)	30	27	25	24	15	29	25	29	174	210	17%
		Kirkham St Michael's Church of England												
3557	04037	Primary School	VA (CE)	35	14	30	14	19	33	29	21	160	240	33%
		The Willows Catholic Primary School.												
3713	04038	Kirkham	VA (C)	28	18	26	19	17	21	20	16	137	180	24%
2041	04039	Kirkham and Wesham Primary School	Community	30	30	30	26	30	30	29	23	198	210	6%
		St Joseph's Catholic Primary School.												
3717	04040	Medlar-with-Wesham	VA (C)	15	15	15	13	9	14	13	16	95	105	10%
		Medlar-with-Wesham Church of England												
3565	04041	Primary School	VA (CE)	30	21	22	19	17	30	30	23	162	209	22%
		Treales Church of England Primary												
3976	04042	School	VA (CE)	9	8	9	8	8	8	4	4	49	63	22%

Lytham St Annes





			Number of Children on Roll						oll	Total No	Net	%		
DFE				PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll	Capacity	Surplus
Number	LCC No	School Name	Type				_)	۲))	Jan 2014	Jan 2014	Places
		Lytham St Annes Mayfield Primary												
2426	04044	School	Community	60	37	43	55	46	60	31	42	314	420	25%
		Lytham St Annes Clifton Primary												
2497	04045	School	Community	35	33	33	35	35	37	35	35	243	240	-1%
		Lytham St Anne's Ansdell Primary												
2042	04046	School	Community	35	34	36	35	35	42	36	36	254	240	-6%
		Heyhouses Endowed Church of												
3814	04047	England Primary School	VA (CE)	90	83	87	71	76	74	70	72	533	540	1%
		Our Lady Star of the Sea Catholic												
3715	04048	Primary School.Lytham St Annes	VA (C)	30	30	30	30	29	30	29	30	208	210	1%
		Lytham Church of England												
3562	04049	Voluntary Aided Primary School	VA (CE)	35	34	31	35	35	34	35	36	240	245	2%
		St Peter's Catholic Primary School.												
3716	04050	Lytham	VA (C)	30	30	30	30	30	30	32	34	216	210	-3%
		St Annes on Sea St Thomas'												
3564	04051	Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	30	30	30	29	30	30	30	209	210	0%
2615	04052	Lytham Hall Park Primary School	Community	60	60	58	60	35	40	36	37	326	420	22%

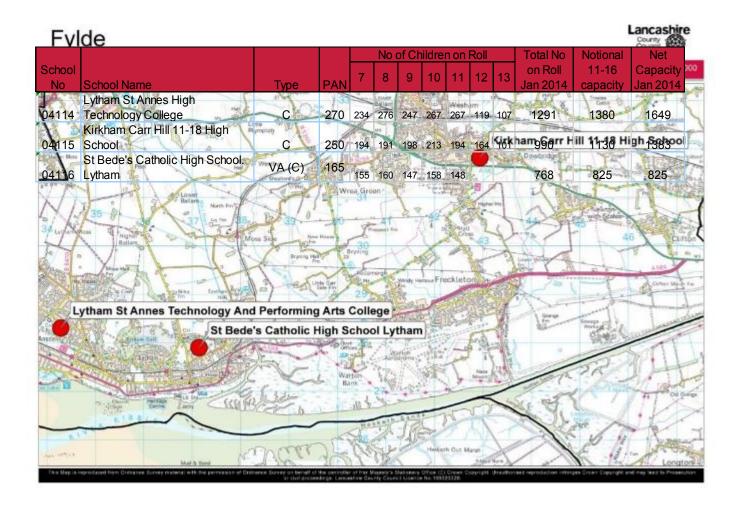
Singleton & Weeton





			Number of Children on Roll						Total No	Net	%			
DFE	1 00 N			PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity	
Number	LCC No	School Name	Type									0ai1 20 14	0a11 20 14	1 10003
		Weeton St Michael's CofE												
3575	04029	Voluntary Aided Primary School	VA (CE)	8	9	4	6	10	9	7	9	54	56	4%
		Singleton Church of England												
3574	04033	Voluntary Aided Primary School	VA (CE)	15	10	14	16	16	15	18	10	99	105	6%
2406	04043	Weeton Primary School	Community	30	20	25	16	19	22	15	12	129	210	39%

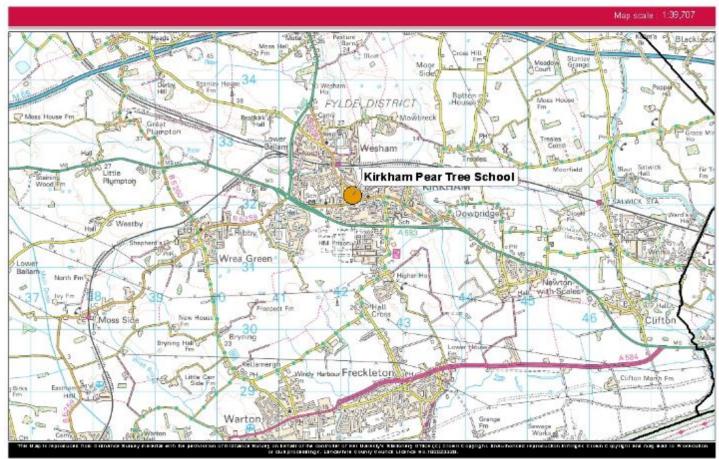
Secondary Schools



Special Schools

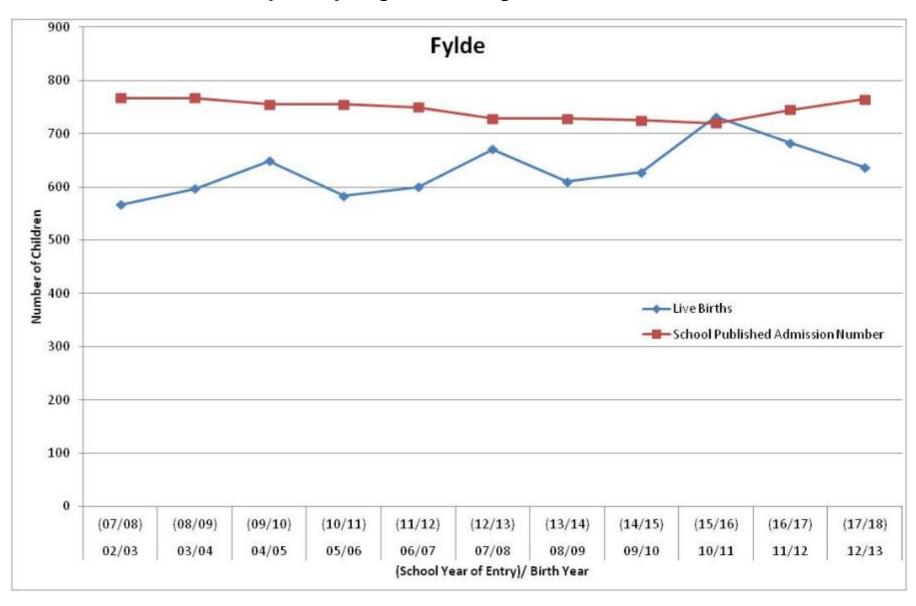
Fylde





DfE No	School No	Establishment	Total Number of Children
7076	04133	Kirkham Pear Tree School	76

Graph Comparing Birth Data against School Places



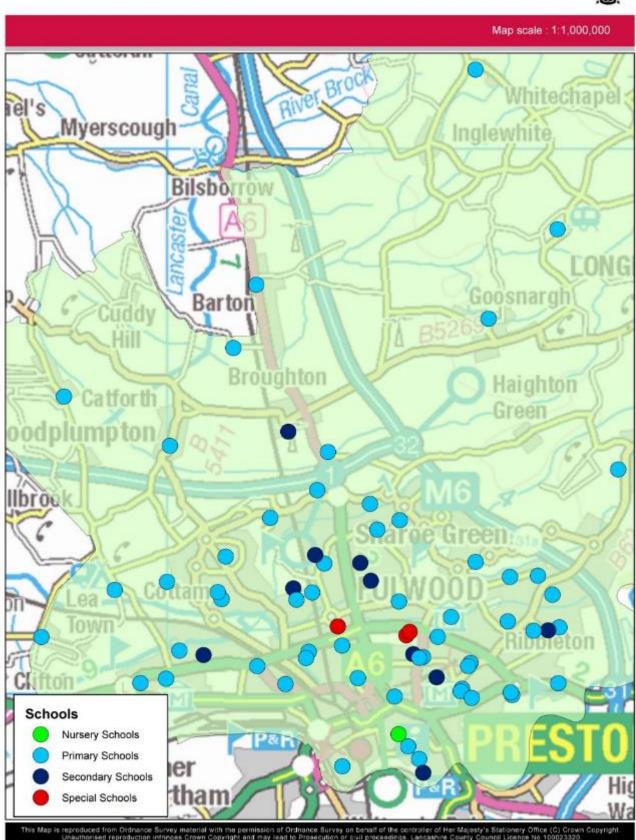
Birth and Roll Projection Information for Fylde

Year of Birth	Total Number of Births that year	Pupils to enter Reception in Year	Historical Average Take-up Rate	Projected Number of Pupils Entering Reception*	September 2014 PAN
09/10	628	14/15		647	
10/11	732	15/16	103%	754	764
11/12	683	16/17	10370	703	704
12/13	637	17/18		656	

^{*} The projected number of pupils entering reception does not include increases due to current or future housing developments, which could significantly increase the number of pupils entering schools.

Preston

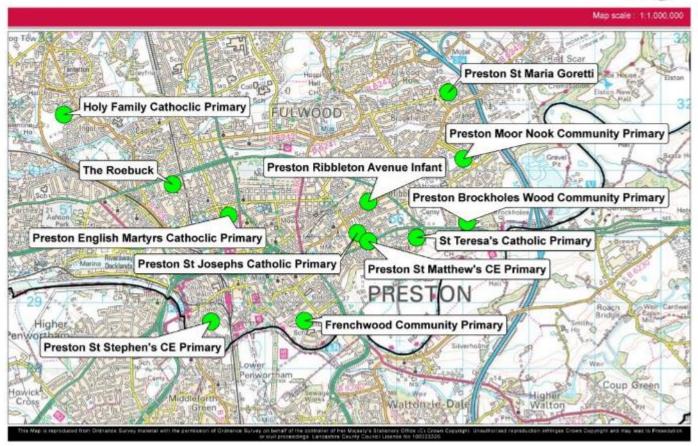




Nursery Schools

Preston



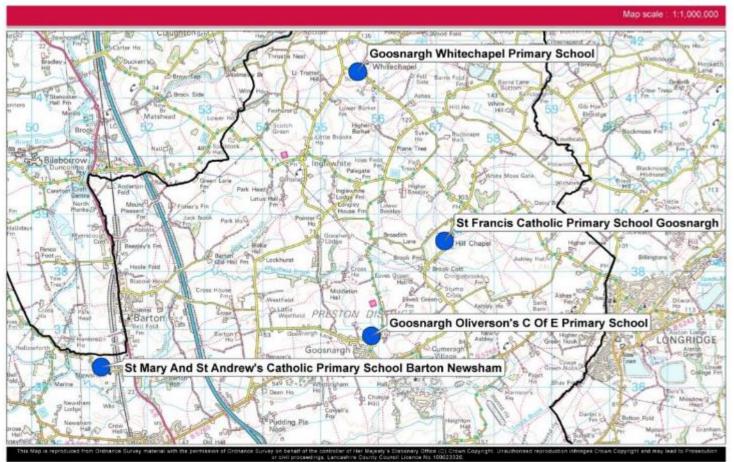


DFE	School			LEA Nursery Nu	mber of Places	Total No on	Number o
Number	Number	School name	Type	N1	N2	roll Jan 2014	places
3639	6007	English Martyrs Catholic Primary School.	VA	0	25	25	26
		Brockholes Wood Community Primary					26 (AM)
2189	6008	School	С	0	36	36	10 (PM)
2190	6009	Frenchwood Community Primary School	С	7	23	30	26
3653	6013	Holy Family Catholic Primary School. Ingol.	VA	7	20	27	26
2196	6016	Moor Nook Community Primary School	С	0	22	22	26
2195	6019	Ribbleton Avenue Infant School	С	12	40	52	26
2197	6021	The Roebuck School	С	0	24	24	26
3322	6028	St Joseph's Catholic Primary School.	VA	0	25	25	26
3645	6029	St Maria Goretti Catholic Primary School.	VA	8	16	24	26
3636	6030	Preston St Matthew's Church of England	VA	0	51	51	26
3009	6031	Preston St Stephen's Church of England	VC	6	23	29	26
3954	6036	St Teresa's Catholic Primary School.	VA	0	25	25	26 (AM)

Primary Schools

Goosnargh & Grimsargh

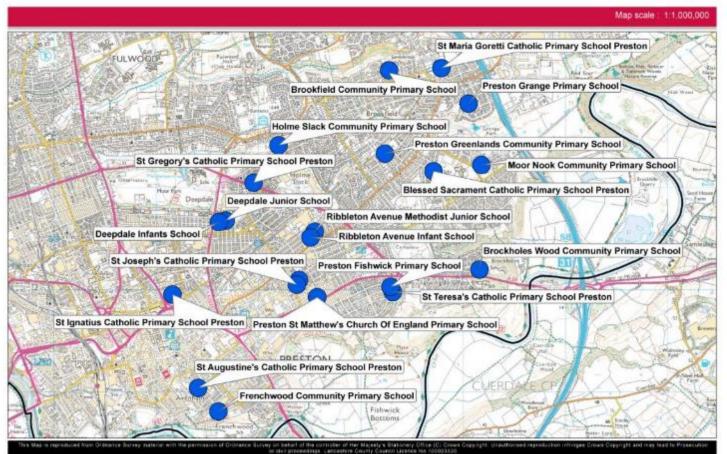




			Number of Children on Roll				Total No	Net	%					
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	
		Goosnargh Oliverson's Church of England												
3579	06048	Primary School	VA (CE)	30	29	30	28	23	18	16	23	167	209	20%
		St Francis' Catholic Primary School.												
3725	06049	Goosnargh	VA(C)	15	11	11	14	18	15	13	11	93	105	11%
2053	06050	Goosnargh Whitechapel Primary School	Community	15	14	10	11	12	6	7	14	74	88	16%
3580	06051	Grimsargh St Michael's Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	30	30	30	29	30	22	28	199	210	5%

Preston East

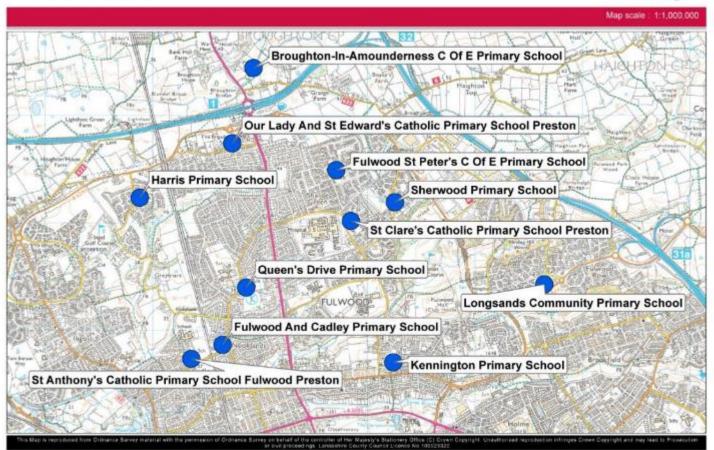




					Number of Children on Roll							Total No	Net	%
DFE			_	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
Number	LCC No	School Name	Type									Jan 2014	Jan 2014	Flaces
		The Blessed Sacrament Catholic												
3638	06001	Primary School. Preston	VA (C)	60	60	59	56	50	55	43	52	375	409	8%
0000		Brookfield Community Primary	171(0)			-	-	-	00			0.0	.00	0,0
2185	06002	School	Community	25	26	27	26	20	21	23	20	163	175	7%
2186	06004	Deepdale Junior School	Community	90				90	77	84	88	339	347	2%
		Brockholes Wood Community												201
2189	06008	Primary School	Community	35	35	36	33	34	30	32	26	226	245	8%
2190	06000	Frenchwood Community Primary School	Community	45	E 2	44	12	57	31	22	40	300	315	5%
2190	00009	SCHOOL	Community	45	55	44	43	57	31	32	40	300	315	376
2191	06010	Preston Grange Primary School	Community	25	20	25	17	14	19	19	12	126	150	16%
	000.0	Preston Greenlands Community										0	.00	.0,0
2192	06011	Primary School	Community	30	30	28	28	27	24	23	21	181	210	14%
		Holme Slack Community Primary												
2193	06012	School	Community	30	30	22	22	26	22	18	16	156	210	26%
		Moor Nook Community Primary	_											
2196	06016	School	Community	30	30	38	25	26	31	22	22	194	210	8%
2195	06010	Ribbleton Avenue Infant School	Community	70	70	68	56					194	210	8%
2195	00019	Ribbleton Avenue Methodist	Community	70	70	00	50					194	210	0 /0
3001	06020	Junior School	VC (M)	70				53	47	47	44	191	240	20%
	00020	St Augustine's Catholic Primary	7 0 ()					-						2070
3643	06024	School. Preston	VA (C)	38	45	37	37	43	38	39	38	277	266	-4%
		St Gregory's Catholic Primary												
3646	06026	School. Preston	VA (C)	30	30	31	30	30	29	30	30	210	206	-2%
		St Ignatius Catholic Primary												-0.
3647	06027	School. Preston	VA (C)	27	26	29	28	31	28	31	25	198	189	-5%
3322	06028	St Joseph's Catholic Primary School. Preston	VA (C)	45	15	11	42	11	35	13	20	279	313	11%
3322	00020	St Maria Goretti Catholic Primary	VA(C)	43	73		72	7.	33	73	23	213	313	1170
3645	06029	School. Preston	VA (C)	30	31	28	24	29	18	18	14	162	210	23%
	-	Preston St Matthew's Church of	(-)										_	
3636	06030	England Primary School	VA	58	61	58	59	62	59	59	57	415	406	-2%
2704	06035	Preston Fishwick Primary School	Community	12	14	12	15	15	9	8	7	80	105	24%
005:	00000	St Teresa's Catholic Primary		07-	٠.			0.0		4.0	4.0	4.4-	475	100/
3954	06036	School. Preston	VA (C) 1	J ¥ 5	24	24	24	23	16	18	18	147	175	16%
2187	06604	Deepdale Infants School	Community	90	80	an	80					268	259	-3%
2107	00004	Deebage Illigities School	Community	90	09	90	09	_				200	259	-370

Preston North

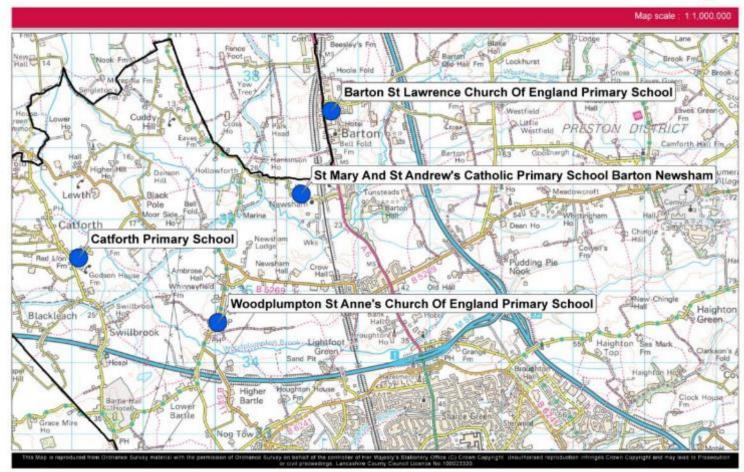




					Number of Children on Ro					on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Type	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
2818	06041	Shanwaad Drimany Sahaal	Community	60	50	62	50	50	60	56	56	410	420	2%
2010	00041	Sherwood Primary School Broughton-in-Amounderness	Community	00	59	02	56	59	00	50	50	410	420	270
		Church of England Primary												
3578	06044	School	VA (CE)	35	35	35	35	35	34	33	34	241	245	2%
		Our Lady and St Edward's	,											
3601	06052	Catholic Primary School. Preston	VA (C)	30	30	30	30	30	29	30	31	210	210	0%
		St Anthony's Catholic Primary												
3949	06053	School. Fulwood. Preston	VA (C)	45	45	46	45	44	46	42	45	313	315	1%
		St Clare's Catholic Primary												404
3611	06054	School. Preston	VA (C)	36	36	37	36	36	36	34	34	249	252	1%
2052	06055	Kennington Primary School	Community	35	33	36	33	34	35	34	24	229	240	5%
		Fulwood St Peter's Church of	_											
3301	06056	England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	30	30	30	29	34	32	31	216	204	-6%
		Fulwood and Cadley Primary												
2050	06057	School	Community	45	45	44	45	41	48	45	45	313	315	1%
2051	06058	Harris Primary School	Community	30	30	30	30	30	30	31	27	208	210	1%
2001	-	name i many concor	3 3 mindrinty		30			-					210	. 70
2509	06060	Queen's Drive Primary School	Community	90	60	60	60	60	64	64	54	422	420	0%
0000	00074	Longsands Community Primary	0	00	20	00	00	00	00	00	00	040	040	00/
2833	06071	School	Community	30	30	29	30	32	30	30	29	210	210	0%

Preston Rural

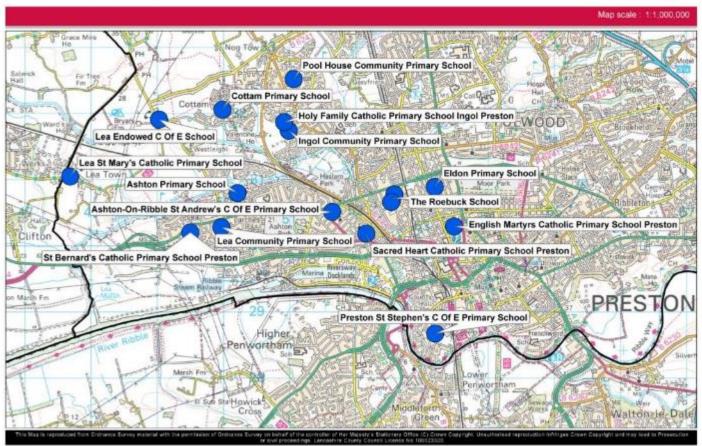




					N	umbe	er of	Child	lren d	n Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6		Capacity Jan 2014	
2062	06040	Catforth Primary School	Community	10	10	12	9	11	8	8	6	64	70	9%
		Woodplumpton St Anne's Church												
3597	06043	of England Primary School	VA (CE)	15	16	15	13	14	15	15	11	99	105	6%
		Barton St Lawrence Church of												
3577	06046	England Primary School	VA (CE)	20	25	16	17	20	26	8	14	126	145	13%
		St Mary and St Andrew's Catholic	, i											
3339	06047	Primary School. Barton Newsham	VA (C)	16	19	14	13	21	19	14	11	111	116	4%

Preston West





					N	lumb	er of	Chilo	dren (on Ro	oll	Total No	Net
DFE				PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll	Capacity
Number		School Name	Туре									Jan 2014	Jan 2014
2188	06005	Eldon Primary School	Community	40	39	29	29	25	16	19	24	181	203
		English Martyrs Catholic Primary											
3639	06007	School. Preston	VA (C)	30	30	30	30	30	26	29	29	204	210
		Holy Family Catholic Primary											
3653	06013	School. Ingol. Preston	VA (C)	25	27	20	18	17	24	14	14	134	175
2200	06014	Ingol Community Primary School	Community	30	20	18	9	9	15	12	8	91	150
2197	06021	The Roebuck School	Community	60	51	51	41	41	49	37	41	311	420
		Sacred Heart Catholic Primary											
3642	06022	School. Preston	VA (C)	30	26	25	20	21	14	16	13	135	210
		Ashton-on-Ribble St Andrew's											
3634	06023	Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	60	61	59	61	59	60	61	55	416	411
		St Bernard's Catholic Primary											
3352	06025	School. Preston	VA (C)	30	30	31	31	29	30	23	22	196	210
		Preston St Stephen's Church of											
3009	06031	England Primary School	VC (CE)	45	44	42	39	44	31	33	32	265	300
2198	06033	Ashton Primary School	Community	30	32	31	32	23	26	27	26	197	242
2054	06037	Lea Community Primary School	Community	30	30	31	28	29	28	16	15	177	210
		Lea Endowed Church of England											
3582	06038	School	VA (CE)	20	20	20	19	19	18	20	18	134	140
		Lea St Mary's Catholic Primary											
3726	06039	School	VA (C)	14	16	14	9	14	16	15	15	99	99
2838	06042	Cottam Primary School	Community	30	30	29	27	30	29	25	33	203	210
		Pool House Community Primary											
2703	06062	School	Community	25	24	23	14	18	25	16	17	137	175

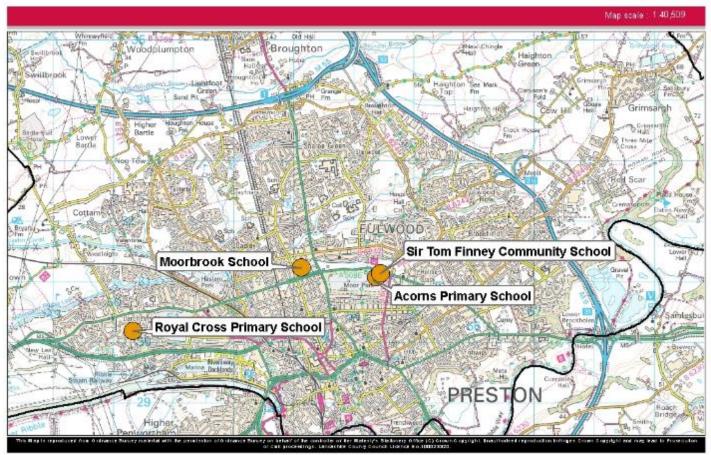
Secondary schools

					No o	of Ch	ildre	n on	Roll		Total No	Notional	Net	hire
School				7	0	٥	10	11	12	13	on Roll	11-16	Capacity	
Number	School Name	Туре	PAN	<i>'</i>	8	9	2	-	14	13	Jan 2014	capacity	Jan 2014	4ES
	Broughton Business and											*	Map scale: 1:	1 000,00
06103	Enterprise College	Community	180	184	183	181	180	177	-27° H	ighton	905	\900	900	1
Ambrose	Ashton Community	The sol	Neak		1	أفيس			71	03		Ann	Poer Mason	1
06104	Science College Br	Odrhmuhityi	n ₹ 05 /	Anobl	169	PI25	1661	1463	39	30	705	790	856	Jimme
The same	Moor Park Business and	a Hotel	All E	5	1	1		E G	reen	4	and no	To Cas V	1	To The
06105	Enterprise School	Foundation	100	104	98	109	107	97	24	330	515	540 V	644	100
111	Archbishop Temple CofE	TIPH Pm			and a	op:	-	1	Fold	X	Se 1868	A LINE	Author All	1
-27	High School & Technology	VA (CE)	ALC: N		10 1	C. F.	Tank H	200	- Ca	WHI	that when Grin	nsargh 12		Anna
06112	College. Preston	110	150	153	150	153	150	154	tress of	1	760	750	750	2
Baptie	Christ the King Catholic	VA-CV	80		A COL	201		2023	Z.	(2 / 10	curstone
06117	High School, Preston	VA (C)	26.00			71			A	5	307	628	628	Fold
100	Our Lady's Catholic High	VA(C)	180		Cat	nonc	HIG	1 SCI	1001	50	Rei Sca	11/3	Day form	House
06118	School. Preston	a VAC	100	178	180	179	180	176	The same	1	893	900	900	MONTH OF
Cottamgue	Corpus Christi Catholic	VA	Arzhi	hisho	n Te	mple	CO	EH	ah S	cho	I And Techr	ology Colle	ge 12	1
06121		VA (C)	TIPES	115	156	140	140	162	NA COLOR		713	1009	1009	2
Westings	Preston Muslim Girls	ur Lady's Ca	tholic	High	Sch	OOL	rest	on	45.	W.		Lower G() /(Hall/	1	Myers
06122	School	VA	81	80N	locr	Pā5k	High	39h	ool /	\nd :	Sixtl828rm	432	432	100
06501	Fulwood Academy	Academy	200	137	132	112	134	168	55	46	683	1075	1200	
					Pre	ston	Musl	im G	irls S	Scho	ol	Simissbury	BO 199	Green
	Ashton Community	Science Colle	ge			-	6	Corne	100	F		The Case of the Ca	10 G	
	DIGITIZED TO VE			4-6	典型				1.9	100	Haller Property	- Adamso	W. 1800	
No.	The state of the s	TO THE			-		twick L	20	A STATE	D.	N S	1833	1	1
Sthern Beltrony	Maria Second 19				917	- 3	No. 16	1	0	unnering	Toon w	A STORY	- OF WAS	A.
The William	Value of the second	ST PA		2		PF	ES	TIC	N	Hally	All Too	1	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	100
1000	(25) A 2			C	hrist	The	King	Cath	nolic	High	School Pre	ston	Cardwell To Kn	apticle.
1/1	Penwartham		1	207		-	1 10	1	-	To	To Ann	2 1	1	-
-1169	1 Sep 2 1		1		roll.	No.		O.B.	Stanfol	1 / III	3		W	No.

Special Schools

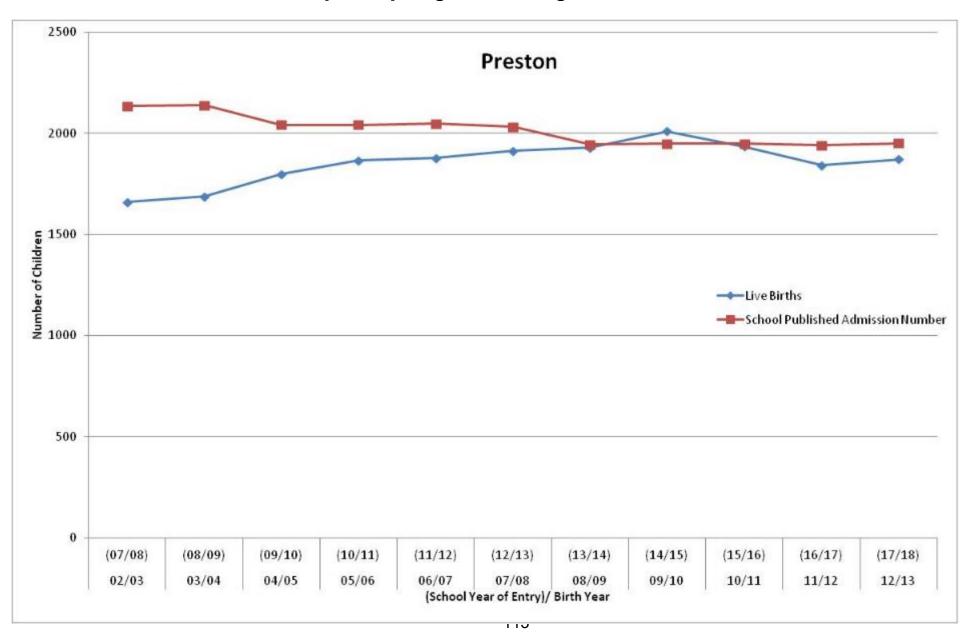
Preston





DfE No	School No	Establishment	Total Number of Children
7110	00134	Royal Cross Primary School	28
7014	06131	Moorbrook School	40
7119	06134	Acorns Primary School	64
7118	06135	Sir Tom Finney Community School	140

Graph Comparing Birth Data against School Places



Birth and Roll Projection Information for Preston

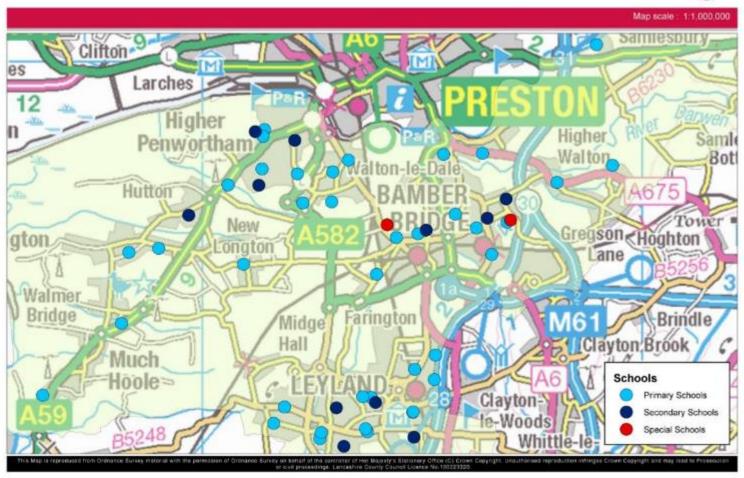
Year of Birth	Total Number of Births that year	Pupils to enter Reception in Year	Historical Average Take-up Rate	Projected Number of Pupils Entering Reception*	September 2014 PAN
09/10	2011	14/15		1790	
10/11	1935	15/16	89%	1722	1826
11/12	1843	16/17	03/0	1640	1020
12/13	1872	17/18		1666	

^{*} The projected number of pupils entering reception does not include increases due to current or future housing developments, which could significantly increase the number of pupils entering the schools.

South Ribble

South Ribble

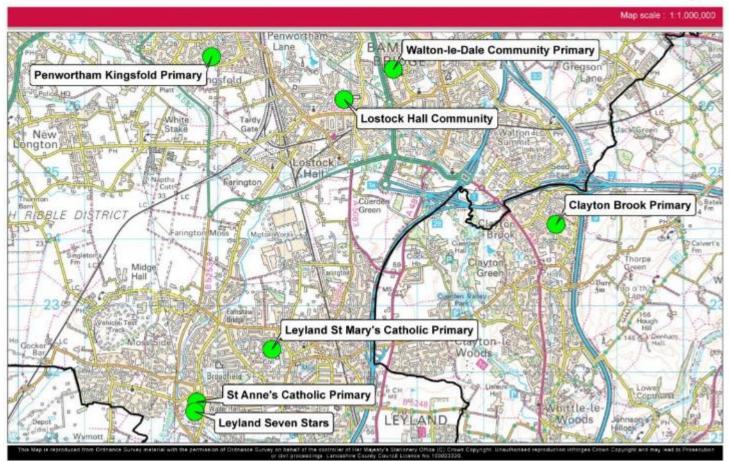




Nursery Schools

South Ribble

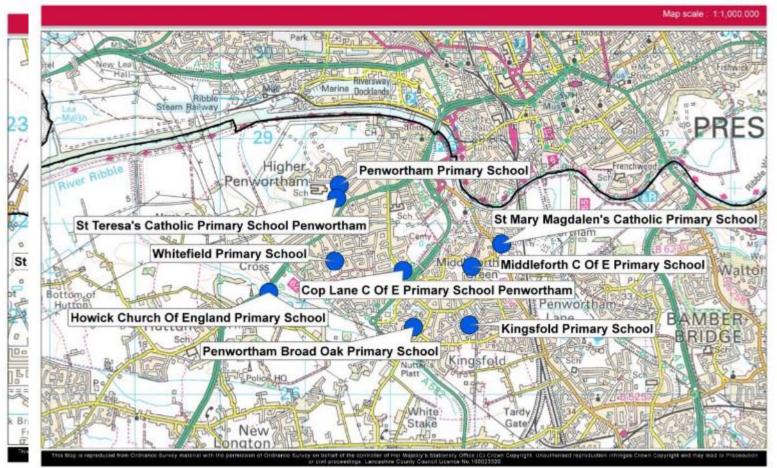




DFE	School			LEA Nursery Nur	nber of Places	Total No on	Number
Number	Number	School name	Type	N1	N2	roll Jan 2014	of places
2060	7009	Lostock Hall Community Primary School	С	5	30	35	26
2437	7012	Walton-le-Dale Primary School	С	7	31	38	26
		St Mary's Roman Catholic Primary School.					
3793	7018	Leyland	VA	29	17	46	26
3600	7022	St Anne's Catholic Primary School. Leyland	VA	0	22	22	26
							32 (AM
2427	7025	Seven Stars Primary School	С	1	17	18	only)
							26 (AM
2405	7046	Kingsfold Primary School	С	0	20	20	only)
2702	9053	Clayton Brook Primary School	С	0	36	36	26

Penwortham



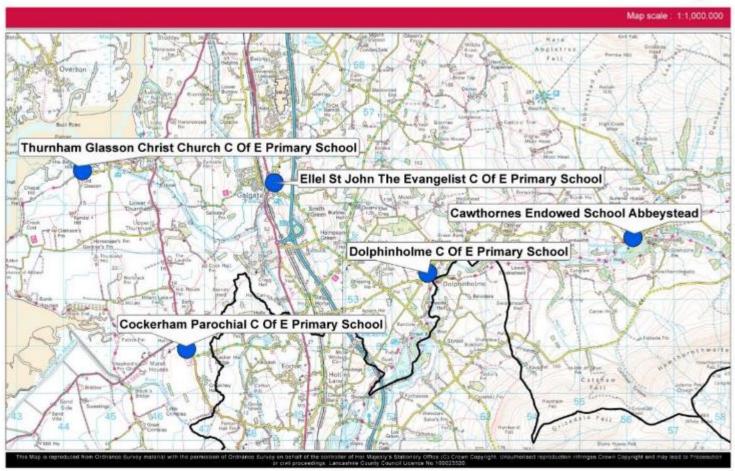


								N	lumb	er of	Child	dren	on R	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE							PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
Numbe	r LCC	No	11 : DIO	ol Name		Туре			Ш.	L.,					L NGIL CV	17 1 1 GH 6 V	7 1 1 10000
	Marribe	4		hall'st Andrew's Church of		туре									Jan. 20	30 23	
3025				and the second of England		VC (CE)	70	66		52					177	210	16%
3141	3 ¹ 001 /2 (16	7 2 291a	ardimenasalepolarenyerben	n	VC/M/CE)70	30	30	29	28 9	284	2 7 0	3822	9 26 3 03	24@10	-103%
			Levla	and St James Church of		` ,											
3411	070	17	,	aReneworthayrs Winduleforth Chu	urch	VA (CE)	30	30	31	30	31	26	29	27	204	209	2%
-	3089	_		and Enrotament Potantannylischool		Commun		30						27 2	_		-2%
3793		_		and with the conduction of the		VA (C)	45	44	_	_	_	_	35	_	277	315	12%
		_		diferiam turpi se Goodlool	C	com\r@n@E		15			_	_			3 22400		1%%
2554				rstowar Rrigogalea encatholic		Community		37			37			34	252	240	-5%
2001																	
2609	3/30	1271	Scho	atherige/scatholic Primary		VA (C)		30	29	30	3U -21	29	28 ·	32 2	8 206		2%
3000	2058	יבים	LED THE	Primary School		VA (Granur	-,			٠.					1 21 <u>4</u> 07		-2‰ _{/0}
0000	2514	0	7844	no hiteratori in Rain School		Commun	ity	30	52	57_	59	36	49 !	55 4 25	9 357		15%
3600	070)22	Scho	St Teresa's Catholic Priman		VA (C)										210	-1%
2837	2023)24	,North	prook Primary School	C	community,	30	<u>42</u> 1	413	315	332	₁ 37	367.	_. 13,	0 11877	210 ₉₆ 264	44%
2427	7,072	25	,Şeğe	School Penwortham en Stars Primary School	C	community	<u>.</u> 30	.27	30	22	,30	, T 8	, 18	15	16011	26700	39%
2814	- 707 0) 2 6	Moss	s Side Primary School	C	community	' 37	37	3,8	36	36	'33	'34	31	246	259 ¹⁸⁰	5% "
2049				Penwortham Broad Oak Prington Prington	Helle	community	30	<u>3</u> 0	23	22	32	22	.22	21	172_	208	17%
3143	⁴ ზ⁄?₹	316	LE (la	and Wethodist Infant School	C	Chiminimo	¹¹ 70	340	668	6 9	30	20	14	<u>.</u> 4 z	20707	21 3 10	34%

Primary schools

Rural South Lancaster

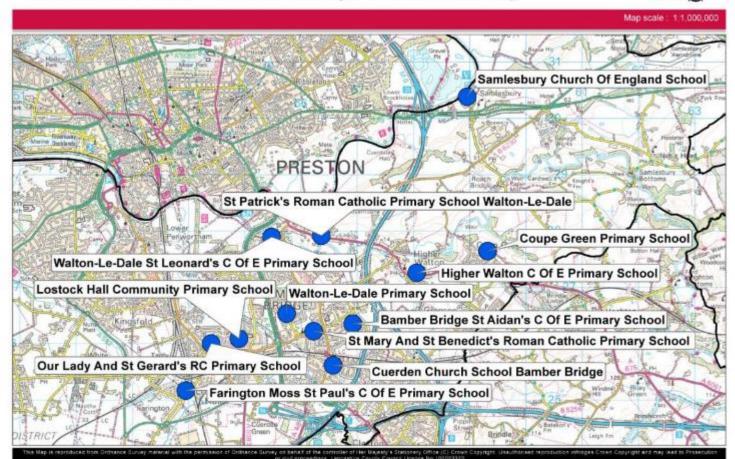




					N	lumbe	er of	Chilo	lren d	on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
		Thurnham Glasson Christ Church.												
3546	01036	Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	6	3	5	3	5	8	3	6	33	42	21%
		Cockerham Parochial Church of												
3522	01038	England Primary School	VA (CE)	14	14	11	8	9	10	9	11	72	100	28%
		Dolphinholme Church of England												
3524	01039	Primary School	VA (CE)	14	12	12	7	14	9	11	8	73	98	26%
		Ellel St John the Evangelist Church of												
3525	01041	England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	29	28	28	29	24	29	28	195	210	7%
		Over Wyresdale. Abbeystead.												
3539	01042	Cawthorne's Endowed Primary School	VA	6	5	4	6	5	3	4	4	31	52	40%

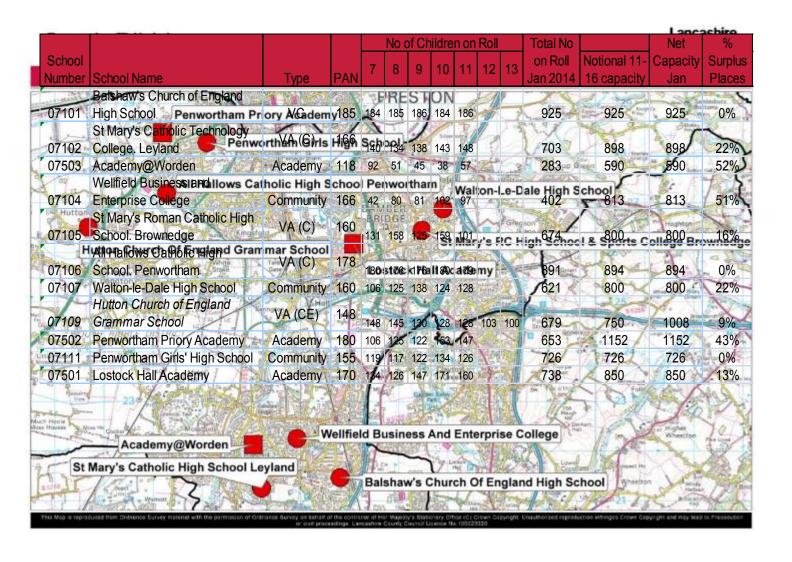
Walton-le-Dale, Bamber Bridge & Samlesbury





					N	umb	er of	Child	lren d	on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
Number	LCC IVO	Cuerden Church School	Турс											
2842	07001	Bamber Bridge	VA	30	28	30	29	30	26	30	27	200	210	5%
2012	7	Our Lady and St Gerard's RC	٧,٠	00	20	00	20	00	20	00		200	210	0 70
3736	07004	Primary School. Lostock Hall	VA (C)	50	48	43	42	29	42	42	30	276	350	21%
		Higher Walton Church of	(-)											
3127	07005	England Primary School	VC (CE)	17	17	21	10	17	6	17	11	99	119	17%
		St Patrick's Roman Catholic												
		Primary School. Walton-le-												
3738	07006	Dale	VA (C)	30	29	30	29	30	29	26	26	199	198	-1%
		Bamber Bridge St Aidan's												
		Church of England Primary												
3085	07007	School	VC (CE)	24	17	21	12	20	8	16	10	104	168	38%
		Walton-le-Dale. St Leonard's												
0500	07000	Church of England Primary	\/A (OF)	40	40	40	0.7	00	20	00	00	004	000	00/
3596	07008	School	VA (CE)	40	40	40	37	36	39	33	36	261	268	3%
2060	07009	Lostock Hall Community Primary School	Community	60	60	60	50	51	57	50	55	403	420	4%
2000	7 07 009	Walton-le-Dale Primary	Community	00	00	00	59	54	57	56	55	403	420	4 70
2437	07012	School	Community	60	50	60	58	60	55	57	57	406	420	3%
2401	07012	CCIOOI	Community	00	33	00	30	00	55	31	57	700	720	3 70
2637	07013	Coupe Green Primary School	Community	20	11	22	21	17	18	18	18	125	140	11%
		St Mary and St Benedict's RC	,											
		Primary School. Bamber												
3981	07014	Bridge	VA (C)	45	44	38	39	44	44	38	39	286	315	9%
		Farington Moss St Paul's												
		Church of England Primary												
3666	07028	School	VA (CE)	30	26	26	21	28	20	26	27	174	173	-1%
		Samlesbury Church of												
3590	07051	England School	VA (Cf)20	8	7	7	8	8	8	9	5	52	56	7%

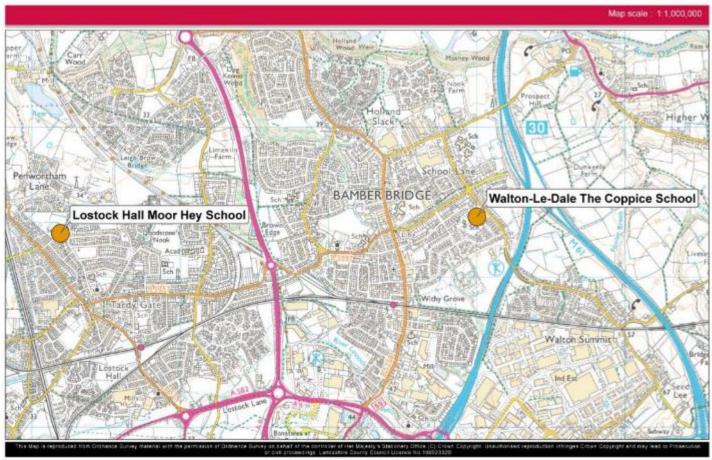
Secondary Schools



Special Schools

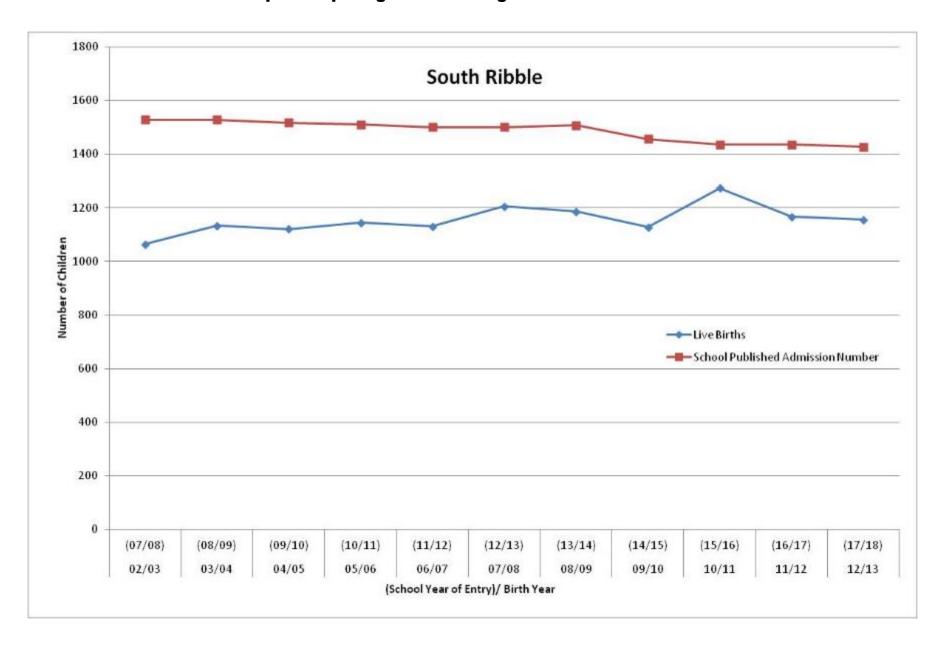
South Ribble





DfE No	School No	Establishment	Total Number of Children
7049	07130	Lostock Hall Moor Hey School	79
7098	07131	Walton-le-Dale. The Coppice School	64

Graph Comparing Birth Data against School Places



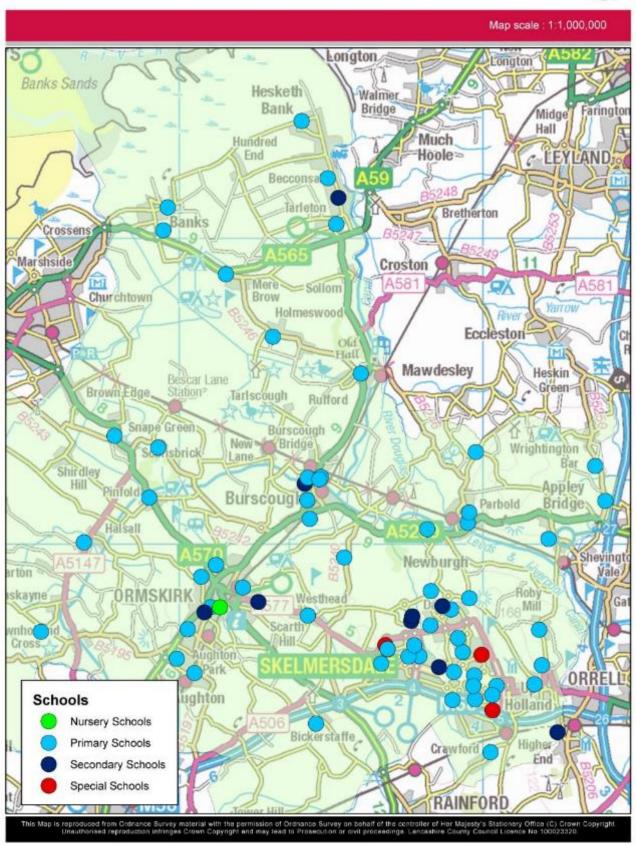
Birth and Roll Projection Information for South Ribble

Year of Birth	Total Number of Births that year	Pupils to enter Reception in Year	Historical Average Take-up Rate	Projected Number of Pupils Entering Reception*	September 2014 PAN
09/10	1128	14/15		1128	
10/11	1274	15/16	100%	1274	1290
11/12	1167	16/17	100 /0	1167	1290
12/13	1157	17/18		1157	

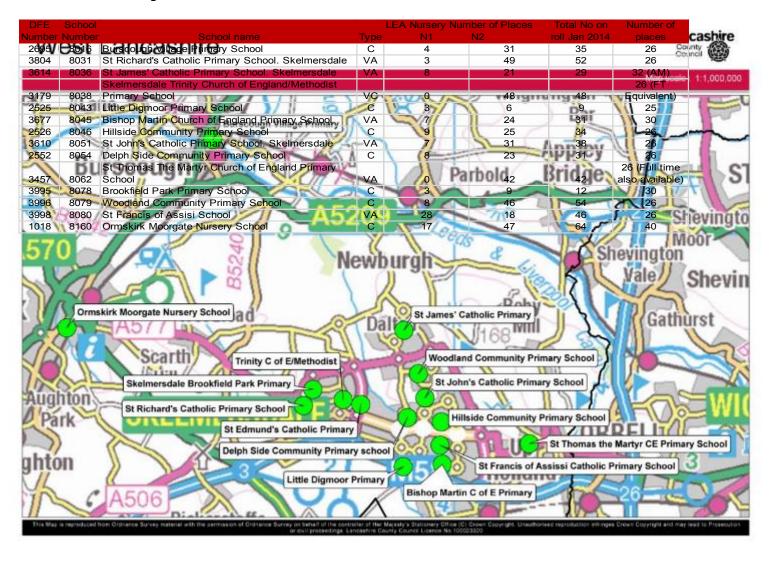
^{*} The projected number of pupils entering reception does not include increases due to current or future housing developments, which could significantly increase the number of pupils entering schools.

West Lancashire



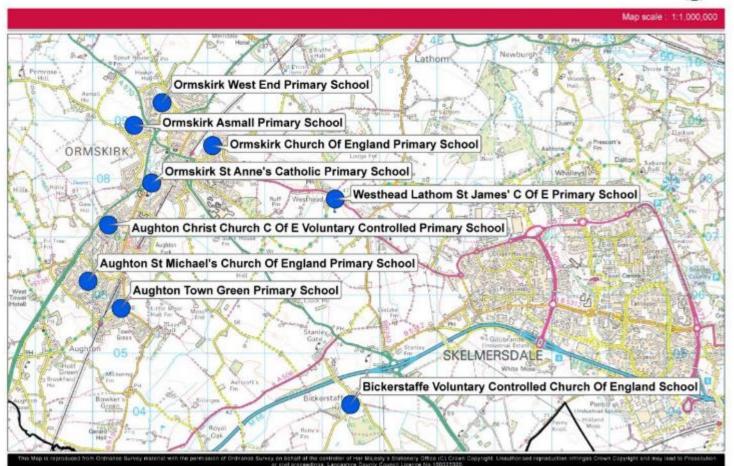


Nursery Schools



Ormskirk



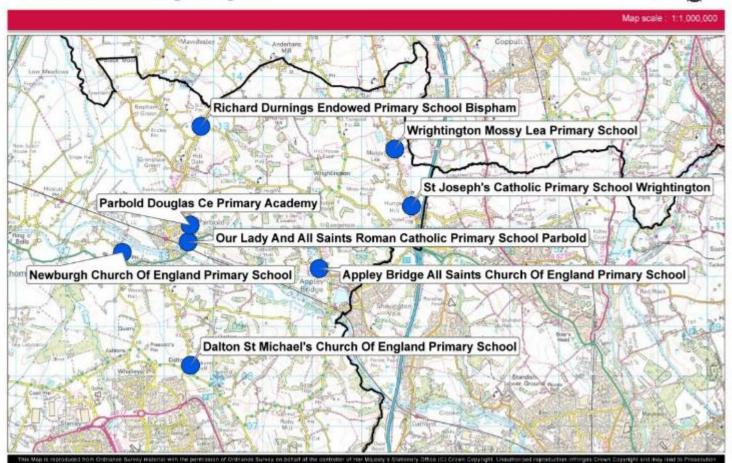


This Map is rep	reduced from Orana	nice Burvey measure with the perference of Ordnehoe Survey on behalf	of the controller of Her Majosty's	Stationery I	Omice (C	Cione (coyngn	Chil	norisee	on R	tion infri	ges Crawn Capyrig	fri and may lead to	recourses
DFE Number	r LCC No	School Name	Type	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total No on Roll Jan 2014	Net Capacity Jan 2014	% Surplus Places
DFE Jimber 3080	LCC No.	Westhead Lathom St James' School Name Church of England Primary Scho Burscough Bridge St John's	Type	/"" F	1	16	2 10	3 12	4	5 9	6 9	Jan 2014 76	Jan 2014 105	Places 28%
2597 3078	08009 0800 i	Shurch of England Primary School	Community	/ 25 30 2	21 3 2	22 7 2	15 6 2	12	18 21	12 22	12 20	112 162	175 209	36% 22%
3031	08011	SiffShik Church of England Burscough Bridge Methodist	VC (CE)	60	55		60		П			368	420	12%
1345601	08800/2		VO(M)(C)	12601	O ₆ 01	2 60	⁷ 60	- 57	562	7 61	5 62	52 2	48 2	39 %
8224015	08800134	Straskinis Westneling Primary School. Burscough	VAo(nan)unity	<i>25</i> 301	481	2161	9 25	1 13	4 2	121	1247	82 2	17 5	4429%
3087	08018	Bickerstaffe Voluntary Controlled Charskick Eathernd Bank Church	VC (CE)	15	16	15	15	12	15	6	9	88	105	16%
029	08004	Aughtgland which and Sthooly	VC (CE)	10	1 .			2	4	1	4	17	28	39%
2443	08019	Schoobugh Lordsgate	Community	/ 50	33	50	48	51	51	45	42	320	350	9%
3424 3026	08007 08020	ተመስተያከር መካኒ በሚተር ተመመር ተመመር ተመመር ተመመር ተመመር ተመመር ተመመር ተ	VA (CE) VC (CE)	30 3 30	30 30	8 2 32	9 2 29	:9 :31	26 32	30 34	24 29	196 217	210 210	7% -3%
2:695 3108		Aughton St Michael's Church of England Primary School	Community VC (CE)	30 3 30	0 2 28	9 3	0 2 26	4 :	30 31	30 28	22 29	195 198	195 209	0% 5%

Primary Schools

Parbold & Wrightington

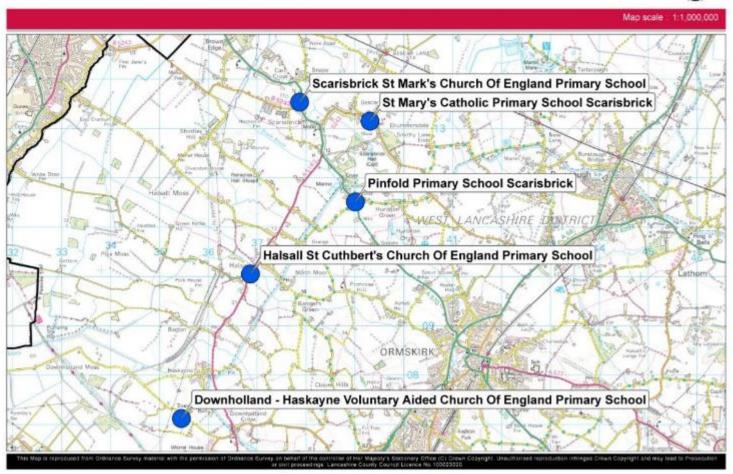




				Number of Children on Ro							oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE	I CO No	Cohool Name	Tuna	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
Number	LCC No		Type									0011 Z011	0411 2011	1 10000
3426	08005	Newburgh Church of England	\/A (CE)	17	18	21	14	9	11	11	13	103	110	13%
3420	00000	Primary School	VA (CE)	17	10	21	14	9	14	14	13	103	119	1370
2405	00004	Richard Durnings Endowed	\/O	4.5	40	40	40	7	_	_	_	50	405	4.40/
3185	08024	, ,	VC	15	10	13	10	7	5	9	5	59	105	44%
0.404	00004	Wrightington Mossy Lea		_	_				_			= 4		00/
2184	08064	Primary School	Community	7	7	6	9	9	7	4	9	51	52	2%
		Appley Bridge All Saints Church												
3461	08066	of England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	23	30	26	25	30	29	25	188	210	10%
		St Joseph's Catholic Primary												
3834	08067	School. Wrightington	VA (C)	20	15	20	16	20	14	15	16	116	140	17%
		Our Lady and All Saints Roman												
		Catholic Primary School.												
3831	08069	Parbold	VA(C)	20	17	16	14	16	8	12	11	94	140	33%
		Dalton St Michael's Church of												
3448	08070	England Primary School	VA (CE)	10	10	7	10	6	11	10	8	62	70	11%
6018	08139	Maharishi Free School	Free	18	17	17	18	18	18	18	18	124	105	-18%
		Parbold Douglas Church of												
3451	08501	England Primary Academy	Academy	35	22	35	33	31	31	16	28	196	245	20%

Scarisbrick & Downholland

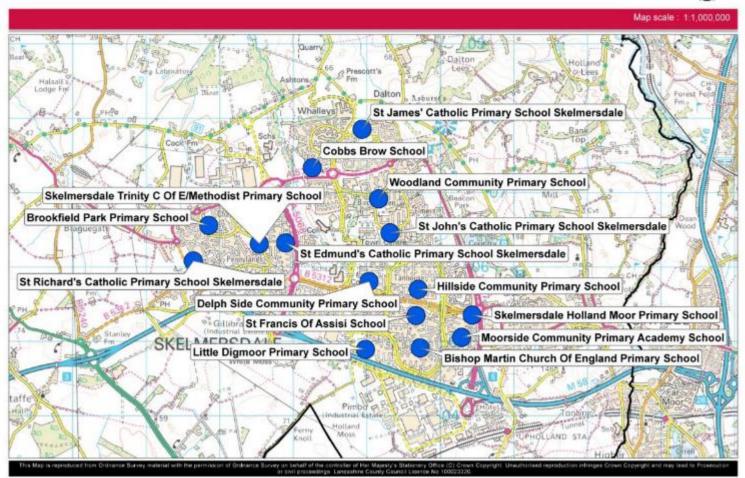




					N	umb	er of	Chilo	lren d	on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	
		Downholland - Haskayne Voluntary												
3419	08025	Aided CofE Primary School	VA (CE)	45	7	7	4	3	8	6	10	45	52	13%
		Halsall St Cuthbert's Church of												
3420	08026	England Primary School	VA (CE)	20	20	22	21	21	17	27	23	151	140	-8%
		Scarisbrick St Mark's Church of												
3191	08027	England Primary School	VC (CE)	15	6	5	15	5	7	5	14	57	105	46%
		St Mary's Catholic Primary School.												
3803	08028	Scarisbrick	VA(C)	15	15	12	12	13	7	14	15	88	105	16%
			Commu											
2156	08029	Pinfold Primary School. Scarisbrick	nity	7	5	5	2	8	7	10	2	39	51	24%

Skelmersdale



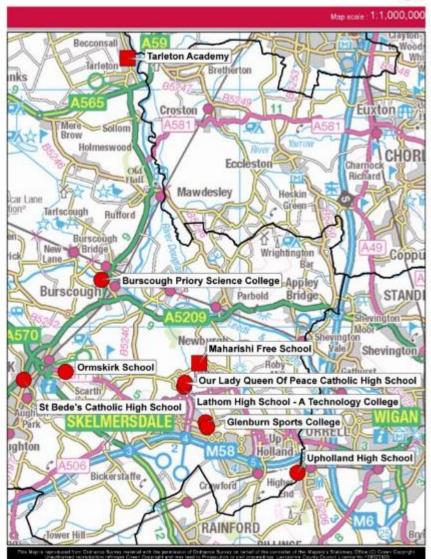


				Number of Children on Ro					oll	Total No	Net	%		
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Type	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
2004	00024	St Richard's Catholic Primary	\/A (C)	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	207	240	40/
3804	08031	School. Skelmersdale	VA (C)	30	30	30	29	28	30	30	30	207	210	1%
2656	08033	Holland Moor Primary School	Community	60	67	65	69	66	58	45	40	410	445	8%
2696	08034	Cobbs Brow School	Community	40	40	39	39	35	41	42	42	278	284	2%
3614	08036	St James' Catholic Primary School. Skelmersdale	VA (C)	30	16	24	27	20	21	18	20	146	210	30%
3179	08038	Skelmersdale Trinity Church of England/Methodist Primary School	VC (CE & Methodist)	30	30	30	28	30	29	28	34	209	210	0%
2705	08040	Skelmersdale Crow Orchard Primary School	Community	26	23	19	26	21	16	22	25	152	182	16%
2525	08043	Little Digmoor Primary School	Community	20	8	13	9	4	9	15	12	70	140	50%
3677	08045	Bishop Martin Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	40	30	37	25	31	38	26	19	206	280	26%
2526	08046	Hillside Community Primary School	Community	30	28	25	28	29	32	20	21	183	210	13%
3618	08050	St Edmund's Catholic Primary School. Skelmersdale	VA (C)	21	11	17	11	11	17	17	16	100	147	32%
3610	08051	St John's Catholic Primary School. Skelmersdale	VA (C)	30	30	28	29	30	28	26	28	199	210	5%

Secondary Schools

West Lancashire



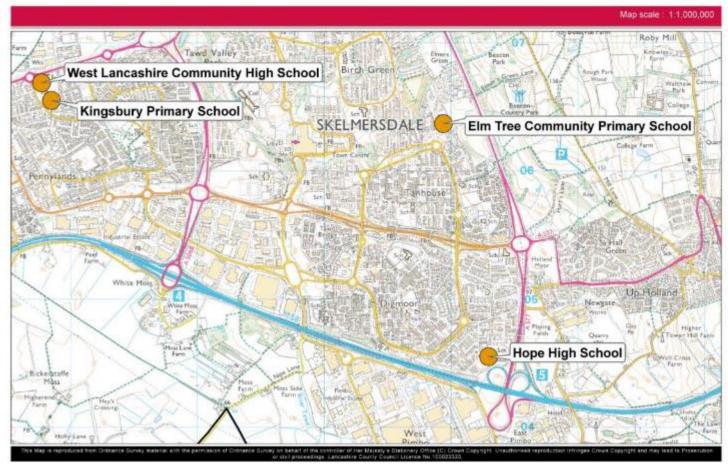


					No	of Ch	ildrer	on R	loll		Total No	Notional	Net
School Number	School Name	Туре	PAN	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	on Roll Jan 2014	11-16 Capacity	Capacity Jan 2014
08103	St Bede's Catholic High School. Ormskirk	VA (C)	140	140	125	138	134	139			676	699	699
08104	Burscough Priory Science College	Community	154	111	140	150	155	142			698	770	770
08105	Up Holland High School - Specialist Music, Maths & Computing College	Community	180	130	141	116	154	145			686	900	900
08106	Glenburn Sports College	Foundation (Trust)	167	66	88	67	83	81			385	1020	1020
08113	Lathom High School - A Technology College	Foundation (Trust)	160	98	93	138	144	135			608	861	861
08114	Our Lady Queen of Peace Catholic High Sch_an Engineering Coll	VA (C)	185	183	153	149	167	156			808	985	985
08115	Ormskirk School	Community	250	249	237	204	235	225	141	90	1150	1290	1575
08139	Maharishi Free School	Free	18	16	1182	16	15	15			78	75	75
08502	Tarleton Academy	Academy	150	108	109	131	134	148			630	750	750

Special Schools

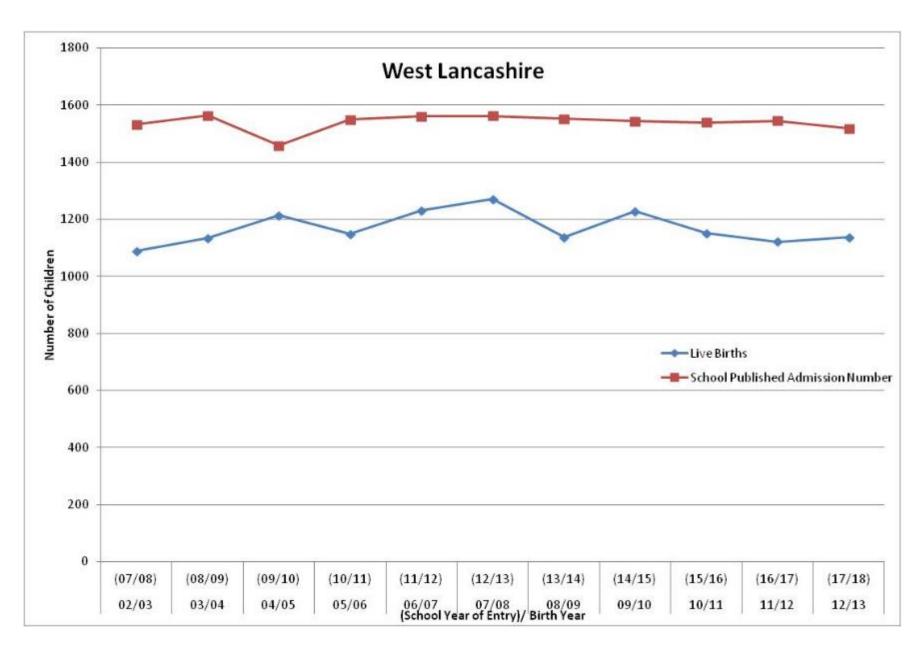
West Lancashire





DfE No	School No	Establishment	Total Number of Children
7104	08135	Hope high School	31
7117	08136	Kingsbury Primary School	53
7116	08137	West Lancashire Community High School	90
7120	08138	Elm Tree Community Primary School	48

Graph Comparing Birth Data against School Places



Birth and Roll Projection Information for West Lancashire

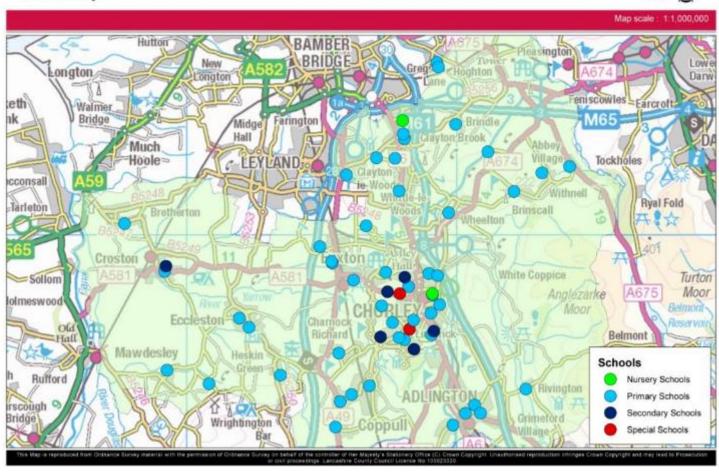
Year of Birth	Total Number of Births that year	Pupils to enter Reception in Year	Historical Average Take-up Rate	Projected Number of Pupils Entering Reception*	September 2014 PAN
09/10	1229	14/15		1278	
10/11	1151	15/16	104%	1197	1529
11/12	1121	16/17	104%	1166	1329
12/13	1138	17/18		1184	

^{*} The projected number of pupils entering reception does not include increases due to current or future housing developments, which could significantly increase the number of pupils entering the schools.

Chorley

Chorley

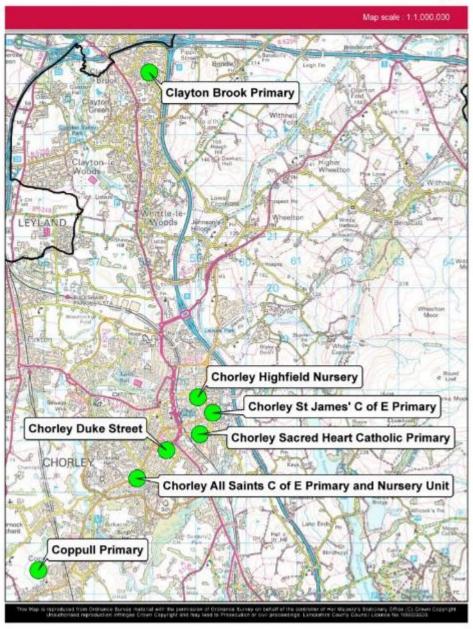




Nursery Schools

Chorley



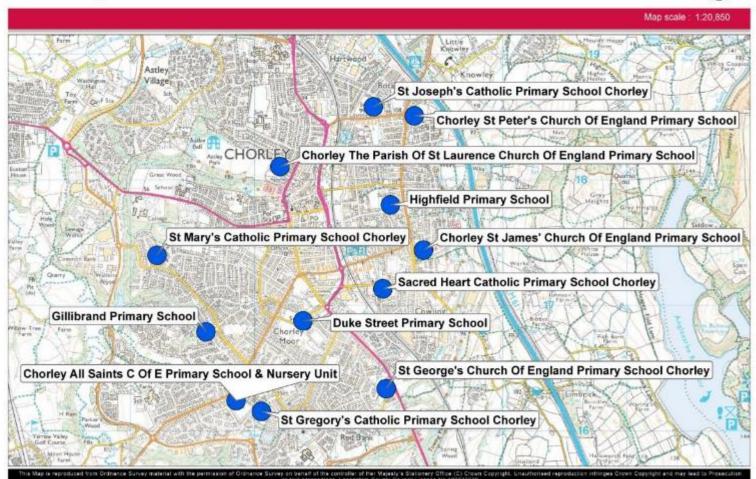


DFE	School		-	LEA Nursery Num	ber of Places	Total No on	Number of
Number	Number	School name	Type	N1	N2	roll Jan 2014	places
		Chorley All Saints' CofE Primary School and					
3389	9001	Nursery Unit	VA	0	19	19	26
3783	9006	Sacred Heart Catholic Primary School. Chorley	VA	0	26	26	26
3397	9008	Chorley St James' Church of England Primary	VA	10	33	43	26
2147	9039	Coppull Primary School and Children's Centre	С	16	31	47	26
2702	9053	Clayton Brook Primary School	С	0	36	36	26
1003	9160	Chorley Highfield Nursery School	С	20	57	77	40
1002	9161	Duke Street Nursery School	С	5	75	80	40

Primary Schools

Chorley Central

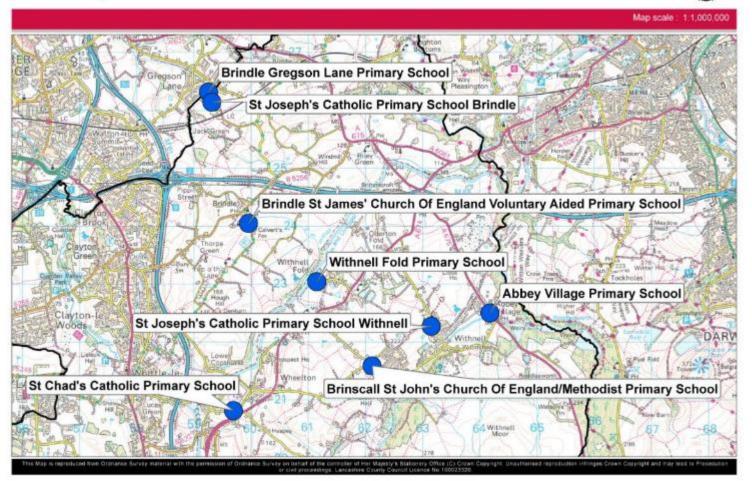




				DΛ	Number of Children on				n	Total	Net	%		
DFE				N	R	4	2	3	4	5	6	No on	Capacity	Surplus
No	LCC No	School Name	Type	IN	'`\		_	Ŭ	7	٥	Ü	Roll Jan	Jan	Places
		Chorley All Saints' CofE												
		Primary School and Nursery												
3389	09001	Unit	VA (CE)	30	30	30	27	26	30	34	24	201	210	4%
2835	09002	Duke Street Primary School	Community	50	51	49	40	44	35	32	32	283	367	23%
2145	09003	Highfield Primary School	Community	45	30	41	51	28	32	23	30	235	279	16%
		Chorley The Parish of St												
3390	09005	Laurence CofE Primary School	VA (CE)	30	30	25	30	31	26	31	30	203	210	3%
		Sacred Heart Catholic Primary												
3783	09006	School. Chorley	VA (C)	30	30	29	30	23	26	27	23	188	210	10%
		St George's Church of England												
3393	09007	Primary School. Chorley	VA (CE)	35	36	35	37	36	34	34	36	248	237	-5%
		Chorley St James' Church of												
3397	09008	England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	30	28	29	29	27	26	24	193	209	8%
		St Joseph's Catholic Primary												
3785	09009	School. Chorley	VA (C)	30	30	28	29	27	23	34	15	186	210	11%
2679	09010	Gillibrand Primary School	Community	30	29	30	29	30	19	30	13	180	210	14%
		Chorley St Mary's Catholic												
3786	09011	Primary School	VA (C)	30	30	30	30	32	30	32	33	217	210	-3%
		Chorley St Peter's Church of												
5201	09012	England Primary School	VA (CE)	45	45	38	44	42	34	43	35	281	300	6%
		St Gregory's Catholic Primary												
3789	09014	School. Chorley	VA (C)	30	30	30	29	30	32	32	31	214	210	-2%
2146	09015	Buckshaw Primary School	Community	30	31	28	24	26	31	32	17	189	210	10%

Chorley Rural North

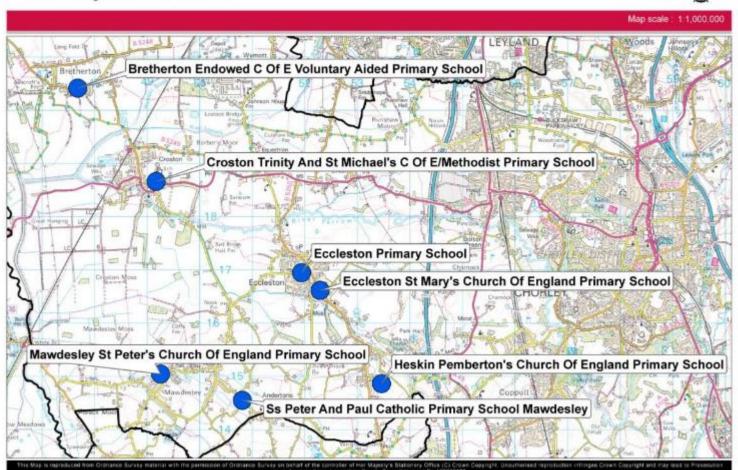




				Number of Children on Rol						on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Type	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
3796	09023	St Joseph's Catholic Primary School, Withnell	VA (C)	12	13	12	10	9	11	11	8	74	84	12%
3387	09030	Brindle St James' Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	11	69	70	1%
2142	09031	Brindle Gregson Lane Primary School	Community	30	28	30	30	29	28	28	29	202	210	4%
3782	09032	St Joseph's Catholic Primary School. Brindle	VA (C)	21	13	12	13	18	11	14	16	97	120	19%
3795	09054	St Chad's Catholic Primary School	VA (C)	20	20	21	19	20	19	20	19	138	157	12%
3997	09060	Brinscall St John's Church of England/Methodist Primary School	VA (CE)	30	30	30	30	31	30	30	31	212	210	-1%
2565	09062	Abbey Village Primary School	Community		9	15		6	11			76	105	28%
2564	09063	Withnell Fold Primary School	Community	14	14	16	13	14	13	14	12	96	68	-41%

Chorley Rural West

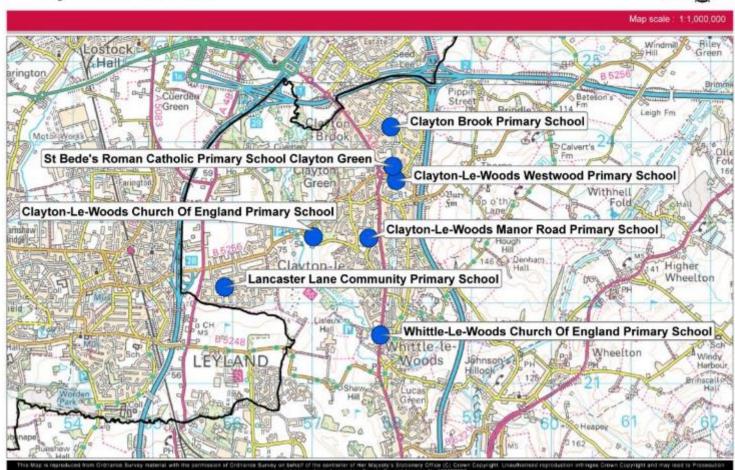




						lumb	er of	Chilo	lren (on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
		Bretherton Endowed CofE Voluntary												
3386	09029	Aided Primary School	VA (CE)	15	15	15	15	15	16	15	17	108	105	-3%
3343	09040	Croston Trinity and St Michael's CofE / Methodist Primary School	VA (CE)	30	32	30	30	31	30	29	31	213	210	-1%
3406	09042	Eccleston St Mary's Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	30		30					208	210	1%
3409	09046	Heskin Pemberton's Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	15	11	12		7	6	13		64	105	39%
3412	09048	Mawdesley St Peter's Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	15	15			13				93	90	-3%
3794	09049	SS Peter and Paul Catholic Primary School. Mawdesley	VA (C)	15	7	3	7	8	10	9	6	50	90	44%
2574	09052	Eccleston Primary School	Community	30	30	23	24	31	25	25	14	172	210	18%

Clayton-le-Woods

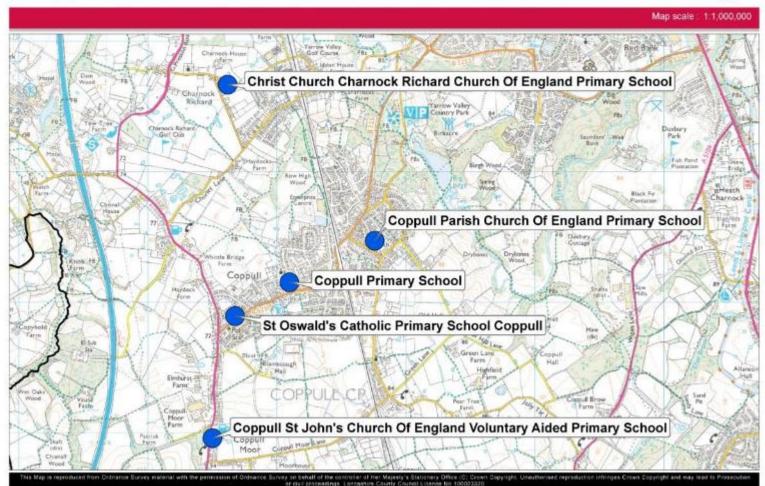




					N	umb	er of	Chilo	lren (on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
2684	09024	Lancaster Lane Community Primary School	Community	30	30	30	29	29	30	30	30	208	210	1%
2636	09025	Clayton-le-Woods Manor Road Primary School	Community	35	35	34	36	35	36	35	35	246	240	-3%
2817	09026	Clayton-le-Woods Westwood Primary School	Community	30	29	19	26	29	30	30	20	183	210	13%
3790	09034	St Bede's Roman Catholic Primary School. Clayton Green	VA (C)	30	30	25	32	26	28	28	29	198	210	6%
3401	09035	Clayton-le-Woods Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	35	27	20	22	19	26	35	21	170	240	29%
2702	09053	Clayton Brook Primary School	Community	30	29	21	24	28	24	21	11	158	209	24%
3414	09055	Whittle-le-Woods Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	35	39	34	36	34	36	36	35	250	239	-5%

Coppull

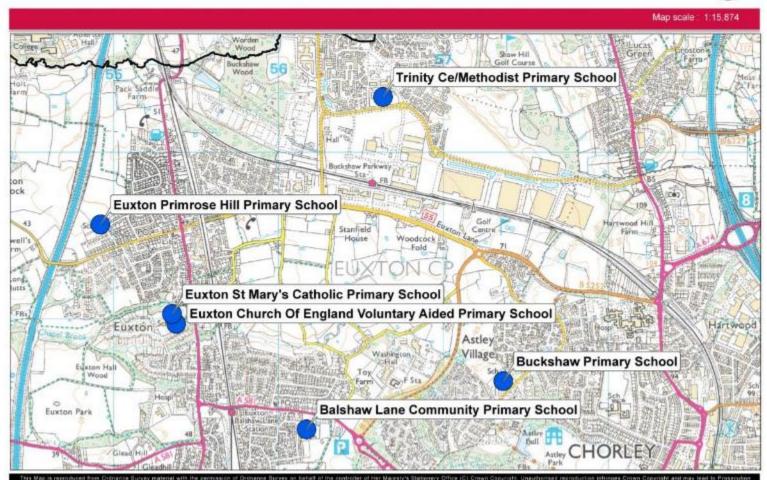




					N	lumb	er of	Child	lren (on R	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Type	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
3388	09033	Christ Church Charnock Richard Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	25	26	24	24	25	26	28	23	176	175	-1%
3402	09036	Coppull St John's CofE Voluntary Aided Primary School	VA (CE)	20	13	11	17	14	9	15	20	99	115	14%
3403	09037	Coppull Parish Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	30	30	28	29	27	26	24	194	210	8%
3791	09038	St Oswald's Catholic Primary School. Coppull	VA (C)	20	20	20	20	20	18	15	18	131	140	6%
2147	09039	Coppull Primary School	Community	45	35	29	26	44	23	23	20	200	239	16%

Euxton

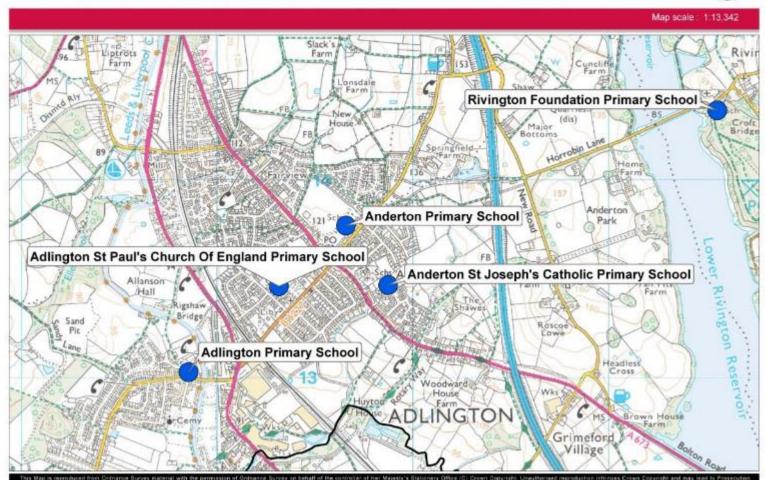




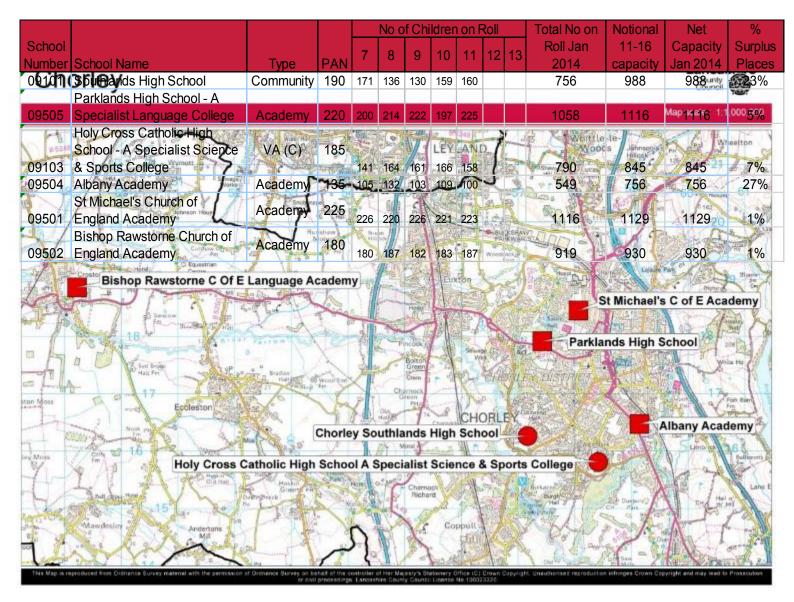
					Number of Children on Roll							Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
		Euxton Church of England Voluntary												
3407	09043	Aided Primary School	VA (CE)	30	30	31	30	31	31	30	30	213	210	-1%
		Euxton St Mary's Catholic Primary												
3792	09044	School	VA(C)	30	31	30	28	30	34	33	31	217	210	-3%
2572	09045	Euxton Primrose Hill Primary School	Community	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	24	204	192	-6%
		Balshaw Lane Community Primary												
2577	09050	School	Community	40	40	40	40	40	40	36	33	269	257	-5%
		Trinity CofE/Methodist Primary	VA											
5207	09064	School	(CE/Methodist)	60	60	59	30	33	32	33	28	275	270	-2%

Rivington & Adlington





					Number of Children on Roll					on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
		Rivington Foundation Primary												
3481	09019	School	Foundation	15	15	15	15	14	16	18	14	107	105	-2%
		Adlington St Paul's Church of												
3384	09021	England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	24	27	24	32	25	29	21	182	197	8%
2698	09022	Adlington Primary School	Community	20	15	20	19	19	15	17	13	118	140	16%
		Anderton St Joseph's Catholic												
3781	09027	Primary School	VA (C)	25	30	24	26	28	23	21	22	174	175	1%
2140	09028	Anderton Primary School	Community	30	27	30	28	29	31	23	30	198	205	3%

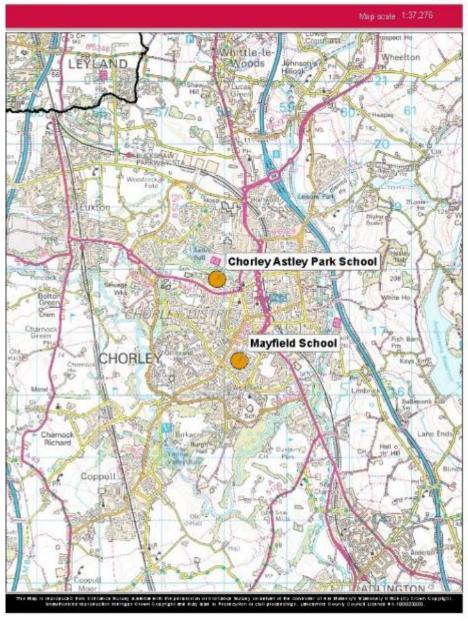


Secondary Schools

Special Schools

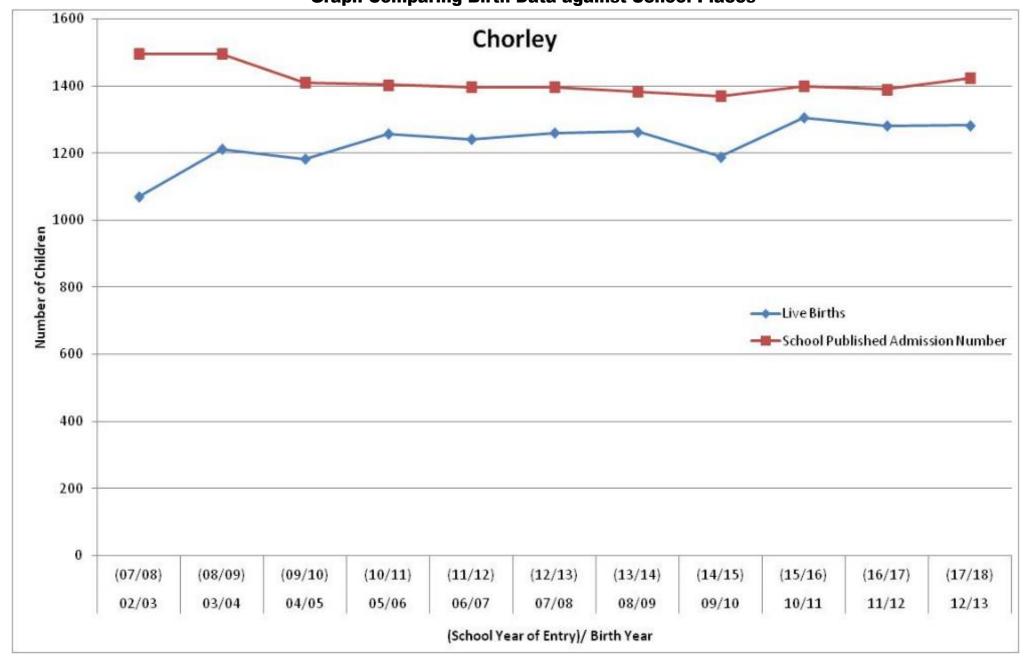
Chorley





DfE No	School No	Establishment	Total Number of Children
7037	09130	Chorley Astley Park School	148
7089	09131	Mayfield School	74

Graph Comparing Birth Data against School Places



Birth and Roll Projection Information for Chorley

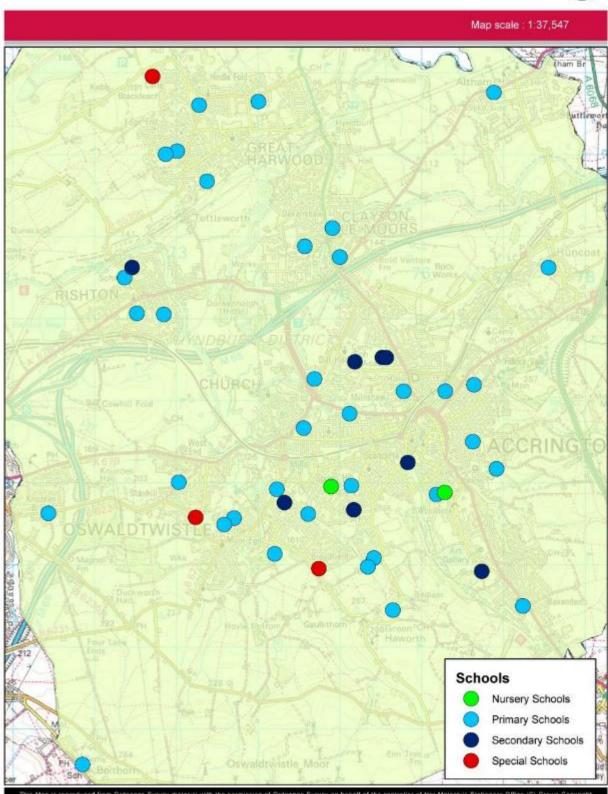
Year of Birth	Total Number of Births that year	Pupils to enter Reception in Year	Historical Average Take-up Rate	Projected Number of Pupils Entering Reception*	September 2014 PAN
09/10	1189	14/15		1272	
10/11	1035	15/16	107%	1107	1422
11/12	1281	16/17	107 70	1371	1422
12/13	1283	17/18		1373	

^{*} The projected number of pupils entering reception does not include increases due to current or future housing developments, which could significantly increase the number of pupils entering the schools.

Hyndburn

Hyndburn

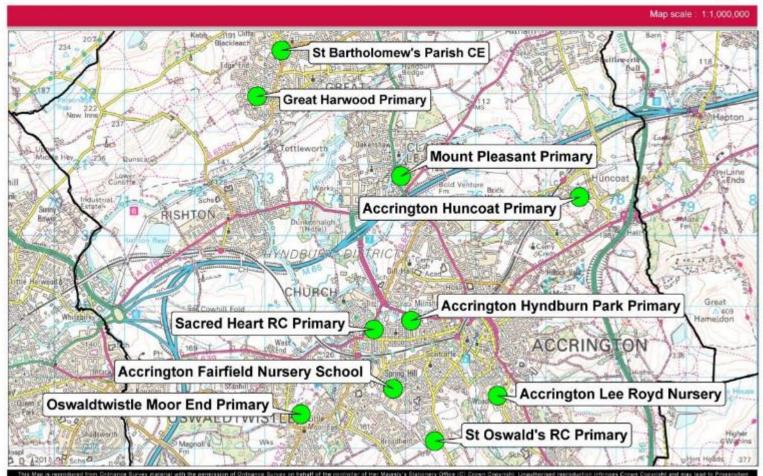




Nursery Schools

Hyndburn



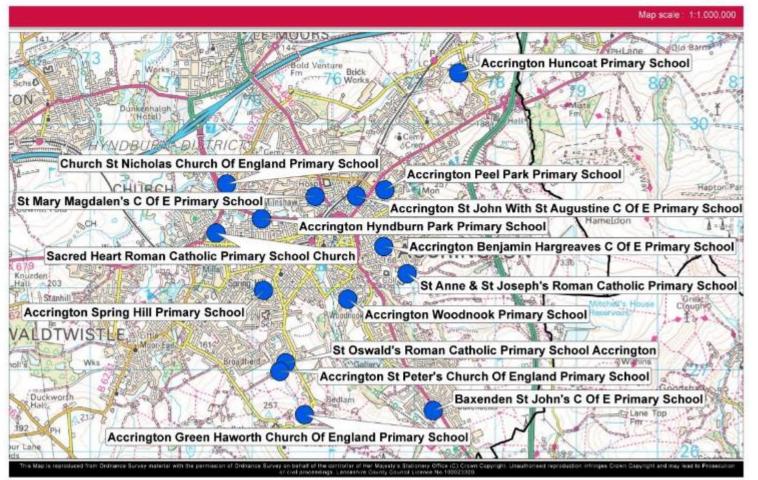


DFE	School			LEA Nursery Nur	mber of Places	Total No on
Number	Number	School name	Type	N1	N2	roll Jan 2014
2096	11004	Accrington Huncoat Primary School	С	11	28	39
2097	11005	Accrington Hyndburn Park Primary School	С	0	60	60
		St Oswald's Roman Catholic Primary School.				
3763	11012	Accrington	VA	11	31	42
2107	11025	Oswaldtwistle Moor End Community Primary School	С	0	26	26
2105	11029	Clayton-le-Moors Mount Pleasant Primary School	С	9	37	46
		Sacred Heart Roman Catholic Primary School.				
3764	11033	Church	VA	11	37	48
		Great Harwood St Bartholomew's Parish CofE VA				
3307	11038	Primary School	VA	0	17	17
2067	11042	Great Harwood Primary School	С	1	27	28
1000	11160	Accrington Lee Royd Nursery School	С	12	100	112
1024	11161	Fairfield Nursery School	С	10	90	100

Primary Schools

Accrington

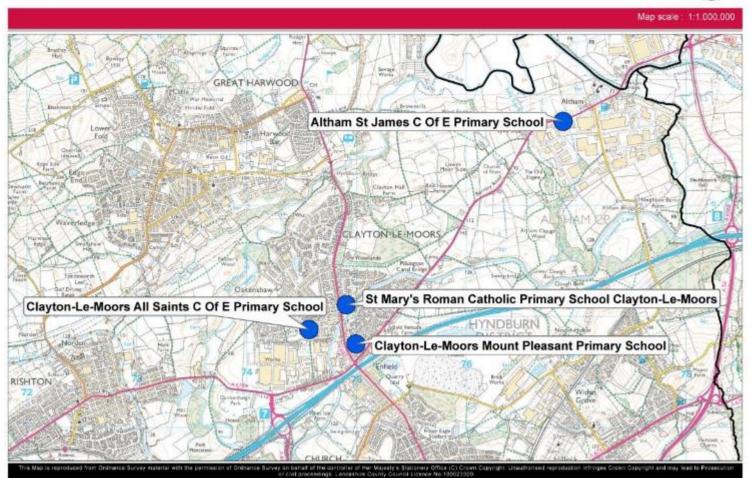




					Number of		Child	lren (on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%	
DFE				PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll	Capacity	Surplus
Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре									Jan 2014	Jan 2014	Places
0004	44004	Baxenden St John's Church of	\									000	040	001
3334	11001	England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	30	26	26	29	30	25	30	226	210	-8%
		Accrington Benjamin												
0000	44000	Hargreaves CofE Primary	\(\frac{1}{2}\)	-00								400	404	40/
3336	11002	School Accrington Green Haworth	VA (CE)	23	25	22	23	23	24	23	22	162	161	-1%
		Church of England Primary												
3337	11003	School	VA (CE)	12	11	12	10	12	12	11	10	83	84	1%
3337	11003	Accrington Huncoat Primary	VA (CE)	12		12	10	13	13	14	10	- 63	04	1 70
2096	11004	School	Community	30	30	29	26	20	21	30	22	178	210	15%
2090	11004	Accrington Hyndburn Park	Community	30	30	29	20	20	21	30	22	176	210	13 /6
2097	11005	Primary School	Community	75	61	54	64	60	63	55	61	418	525	20%
2007	11000	Accrington Peel Park Primary	Foundation		0.	0-7	0-1	-00	-00	-00	0.	710	020	2070
2099	11006	School	(Trust)	90	89	90	86	83	85	84	84	601	570	-5%
	1,000	St Anne and St Joseph's	(11000)							-	-		0.0	
		Roman Catholic Primary												
3762	11008	School.Accrington	VA (C)	45	45	35	43	44	50	47	50	314	315	0%
			1											
		Accrington St John with St												
3340	11010	Augustine CofE Primary School	VA (CE)	30	28	21	23	27	26	19	25	169	210	20%
		Accrington St Mary Magdalen's												
		Church of England Primary												
3342	11011	School	VA (CE)	30	31	26	28	26	35	30	24	200	205	2%
		St Oswald's Roman Catholic												
3763	11012	Primary School. Accrington	VA (C)	20	20	18	16	16	17	16	17	120	140	14%
		Accrington St Peter's Church of												
3105	11013	England Primary School	VC (CE)	30	29	30	27	17	21	27	22	173	210	18%
0404	44044	Accrington Spring Hill Primary		00				40				000	400	00/
2101	11014	School	Community	60	59	59	53	48	53	55	59	386	420	8%
2020	11015	Accrington Woodnook Primary School	Community	40	40	26	26	22	22	24	20	220	205	20%
2820	11015	Church St Nicholas Church of	Community	40	40	36	20	33	33	31	29	228	285	20%
3347	11031	England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	20	30	27	30	30	26	30	202	210	4%
3347	11031	Sacred Heart Roman Catholic	VA (CE)	30	29	30	21	30	30	20	30	202	210	4 70
3764	11033	Primary School. Church	VA (C)	28	30	28	23	27	27	27	23	185	196	6%
3704	11033	i minary Scribbi. Church	VA (C)	20	50	20	23	21	21	21	23	100	190	0 /0

Clayton le Moors

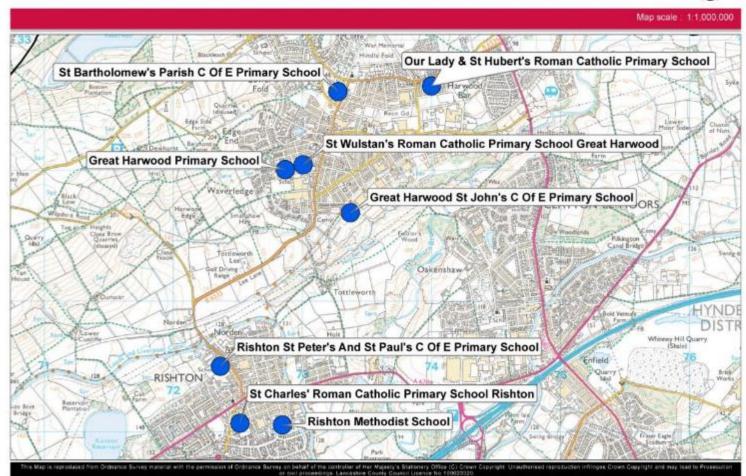




			Number of Children on Roll						oll	Total No	Net	%		
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
2105	11029	Clayton-le-Moors Mount Pleasant Primary School	Community	60	60	43	58	49	46	35	45	336	400	16%
3765	11030	St Mary's Roman Catholic Primary School. Clayton-le-Moors	VA (C)	17	17	18	14	17	22	12	18	118	120	2%
3599	11036	Altham St James Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	9	8	8	9	2	5	9	8	49	60	18%
3348	11506	Clayton-le-Moors All Saints Church of England Primary School	Academy	40	40	40	39	40	41	40	38	278	280	1%

Great Harwood & Rishton

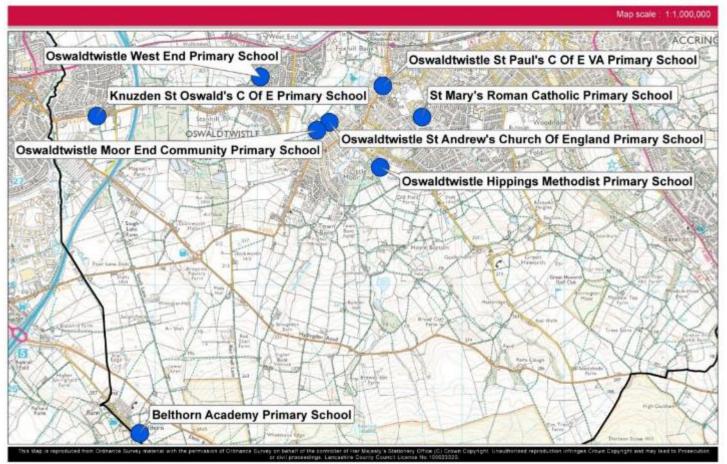




					N	lumb	er of	Chilo	dren (on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
3307	11038	Great Harwood St Bartholomew's Parish CofE VA Primary School	VA (CE)	30	30	30	30	31	30	27	24	202	199	-2%
3308	11039	Great Harwood St John's Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	25	15	17	21	14	26	20	20	133	175	24%
3746	11040	Our Lady & St Hubert's Roman Catholic Primary School.Gt Harwood	VA (C)	23	27	28	21	29	24	22	24	175	161	-9%
3747	11041	St Wulstan's Roman Catholic Primary School. Great Harwood	VA (C)	25	26	22	26	27	26	24	24	175	175	0%
2067	11042	Great Harwood Primary School	Community	45	38	23	23	37	25	27	32	205	315	35%
3130	11045	Rishton Methodist School	VC (M)	30	25	21	24	26	16	19	21	152	210	28%
3316	11046	Rishton St Peter's and St Paul's CofE Primary School	VA (CE)	30	29	29	28	29	26	30	24	195	208	6%
3752	11047	St Charles' Roman Catholic Primary School. Rishton	VA (C)	30	28	30	28	28	29	32	27	202	210	4%

Oswaldtwistle



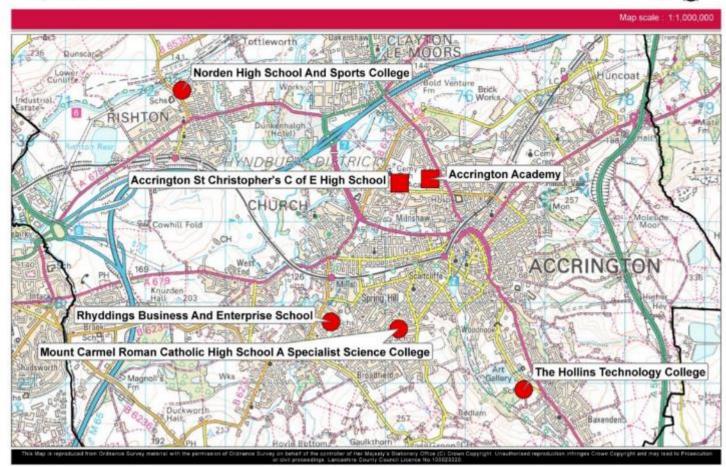


					N	umbe	er of	Child	lren d	on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE				PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
Number	LCC No	School Name	Type									Jan 2014	Jan 2014	Places
		Oswaldtwistle Hippings Methodist												
3134	11018	Primary School	VC (M)	30	30	29	30	30	30	34	28	211	210	0%
		Oswaldtwistle St Andrew's Church of												
3195	11020	England Primary School	VC (CE)	45	45	29	28	30	28	28	28	216	216	0%
		Knuzden St Oswald's Church of												
3353	11021	England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	30	29	32	28	28	31	30	208	207	0%
		St Mary's Roman Catholic Primary												
3766	11023	School. Oswaldtwistle	VA(C)	38	38	39	34	31	36	38	34	250	270	7%
		Oswaldtwistle West End Primary												
2108	11024	School	Community	30	30	31	30	28	30	30	31	210	205	-2%
		Oswaldtwistle Moor End Community												
2107	11025	Primary School	Community	30	32	20	31	24	26	25	16	174	204	15%
		Oswaldtwistle St Paul's CofE												
3355	11026	Voluntary Aided Primary School	VA (CE)	26	29	23	18	18	23	20	16	147	186	21%
5205	11504	Belthorn Academy Primary School	Academy	30	28	30	23	33	22	20	16	172	207	17%

Secondary Schools

Hyndburn



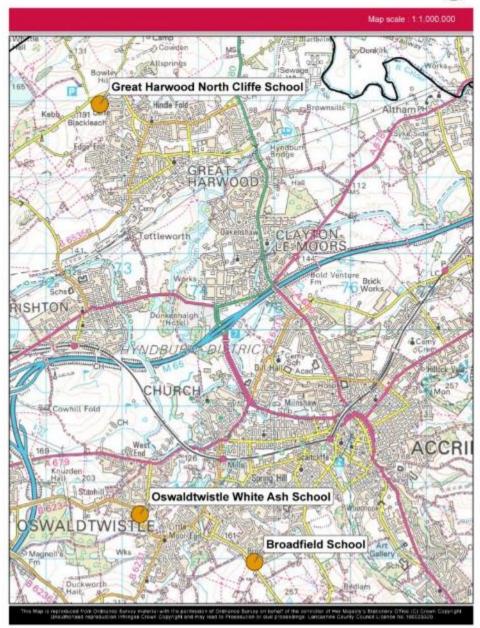


					No	of Cl	nildrei	n on F	Roll		Total No Notional		Net	%
School				7	8	9	10	11	12	13	on Roll	11-16	Capacity	Surplus
Number	School Name	Type	PAN	-	5	ס	2	=	12	2	Jan 2014	capacity	Jan	Places
	Norden High School And Sports		125											
11101	College	Comm	135	113	102	130	106	127			578	728	728	21%
11102	The Hollins Technology College	Comm	158	155	158	157	155	158			783	807	807	3%
	Mount Carmel RC High School A	\/A (C)	162											
11103	Specialist Science College	VA (C)	102	130	152	141	144	146			713	810	810	12%
	Rhyddings Business and													
11105	Enterprise School	Comm	230	103	99	152	144	139			637	1167	1167	45%
11501	Accrington Academy	Acad	180	185	202	179	179	175	109	78	920	975	1150	6%
	Accrington St Christopher's	Acad	195											
11505	Church of England High School	Acau	195	210	212	201	202	216	157	144	1041	965	1280	-8%

Special Schools

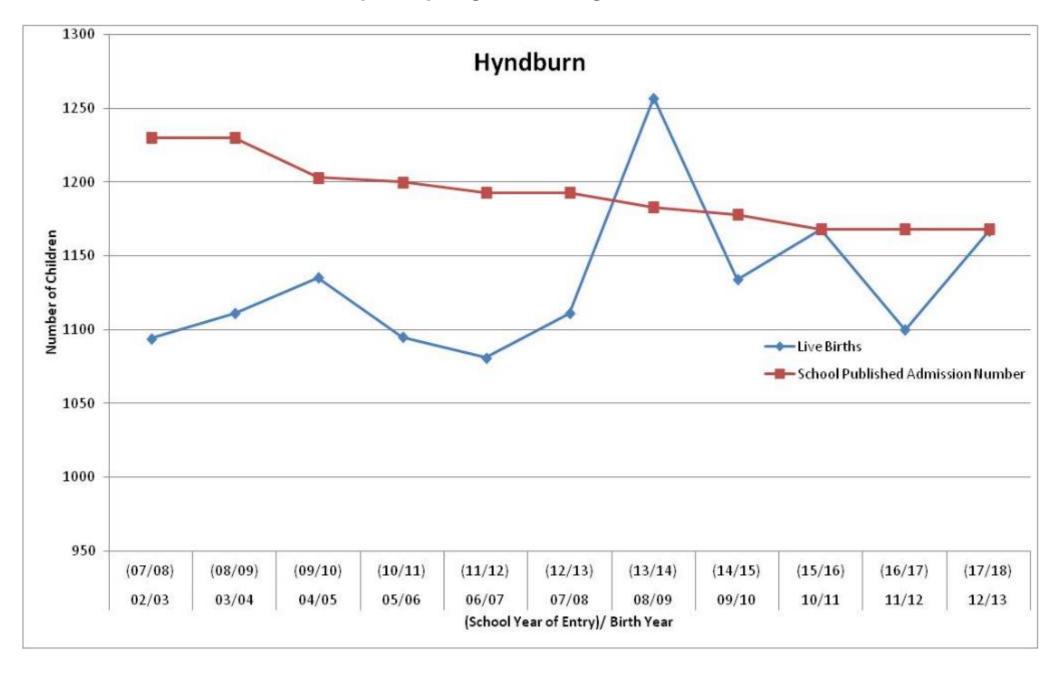
Hyndburn





DfE No	School No	Establishment	Total Number of Children
7099	11130	Oswaldtwistle White Ash School	80
7060	11131	Broadfield Specialist School For SEN (Cognition and Learning)	133

Graph Comparing Birth Data against School Places



Birth and Roll Projection Information for Hyndburn

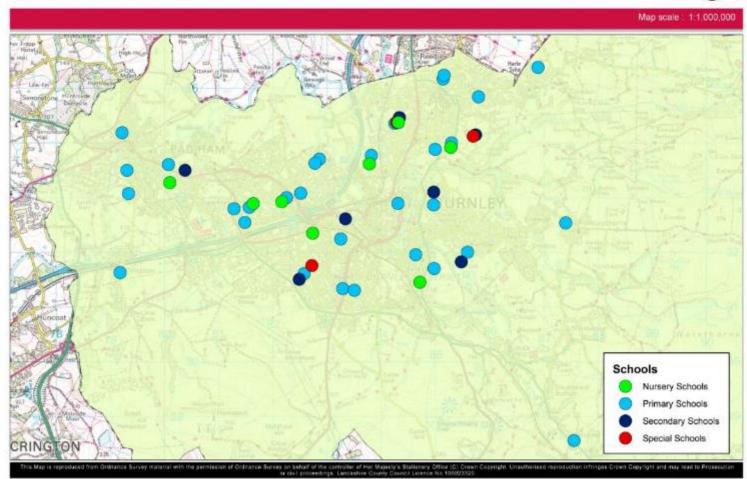
Year of Birth	Total Number of Births that year	Pupils to enter Reception in Year	Historical Average Take-up Rate	Projected Number of Pupils Entering Reception*	September 2014 PAN
09/10	1134	14/15		1066	
10/11	1168	15/16	94%	1098	1196
11/12	1100	16/17	34 /0	1034	. 1190
12/13	1167	17/18		1097	

^{*} The projected number of pupils entering reception foes not include increases due to current or future housing developments, which could significantly increase the number of pupils entering the schools.

Burnley

Burnley

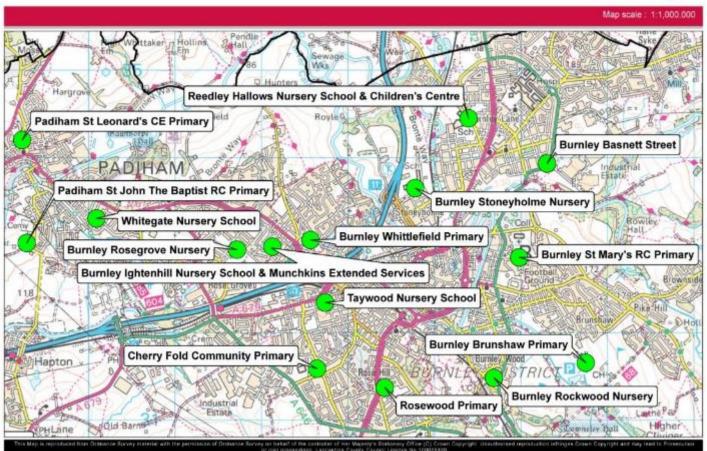




Nursery Schools

Burnley



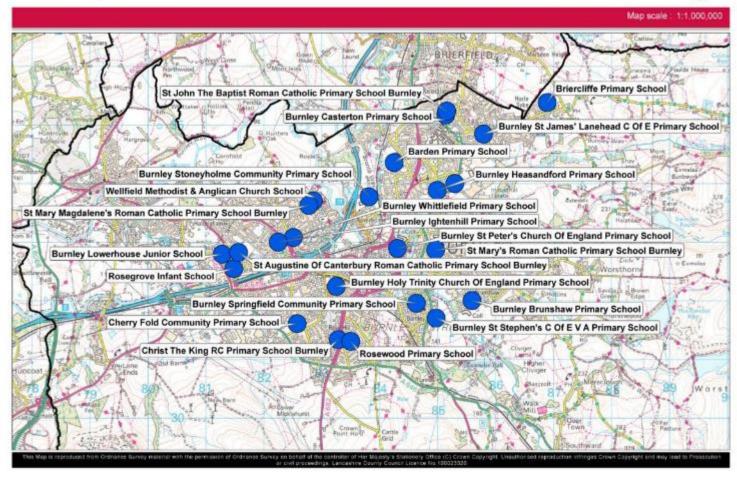


	School			LEA Nursery Nun	nber of Places	Total No on	
DFE No	Number	School name	Type	N1	N2	roll Jan 2014	No of places
		St John The Baptist Roman Catholic Primary					
3749	12007	School. Padiham	VA	4	31	35	26
		Padiham St Leonard's Voluntary Aided CofE					
3313	12008	Primary School	VA	4	25	29	26
2164	12013	Burnley Brunshaw Primary School	С	4	48	52	26
		St Mary's Roman Catholic Primary School.					
3980	12031	Burnley	VA	10	31	41	26
2235	12037	Burnley Whittlefield Primary School	С	10	22	32	26
2839	12041	Rosewood Primary School	С	0	48	48	26
2840	12042	Cherry Fold Community Primary School	С	4	29	33	26
1008	12166	Ightenhill Nursery School	С	16	54	70	40
1001	12168	Burnley Rockwood Nursery School	С	28	63	91	60
1007	12169	Burnley Rosegrove Nursery School	С	21	58	79	40
1011	12171	Burnley Stoneyholme Nursery School	С	19	60	79	40
							45 (a further 16 are
1035	12172	Padiham Whitegate Nursery School	С	22	68	90	available through
							teddy club)
1047	12173	Burnley Basnett Street Nursery School	С	3	77	80	40
1048	12174	Burnley Taywood Nursery School	С	8	51	59	40
1050	12175	Reedley Hallows Nursery School	С	1	119	120	60

Primary Schools

Burnley

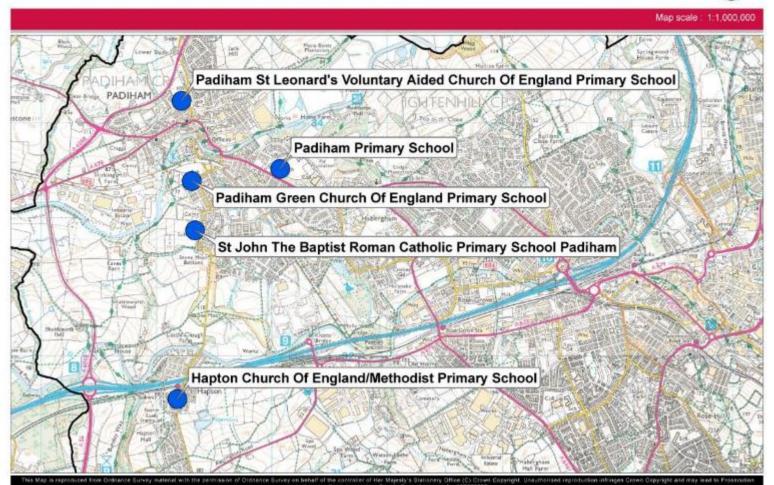




						Num	her of	Child	ren or	Roll		Total No	Net	%
DFE				PAN	R	1				5	6	on Roll		Surplus
Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре		K	1	2	3	4	5	b	Jan 2014	Jan 2014	Places
2070	10001	Duianaliffa Duinaan (Calaaal	O a manus maits :	45	4.4	4.4	45	40	4.4	20	40	200	045	5 0/
2076	12001	Briercliffe Primary School Burnley Barden Primary	Community	45	44	44	45	43	44	38	42	300	315	5%
2228	12012	School	Community	60	59	60	60	60	59	60	56	414	420	1%
		Burnley Brunshaw Primary												1.1
2164	12013	School	Community	60	59	60	60	62	61	60	55	417	420	1%
		Christ The King Roman												
3434	12015	Catholic Primary School. Burnley	VA (C)	30	30	30	30	30	28	29	27	204	210	3%
3434	12015	Burnley Heasandford	VA (C)	30	30	30	30	30	20	29	21	204	210	370
2230	12020	Primary School	Community	90	90	90	90	86	90	87	77	610	630	3%
		Burnley Holy Trinity Church	,											
3431	12021	of England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	30	29	29	24	19	24	28	183	210	13%
		Burnley Ightenhill Primary												
2237	12022	School	Community	60	38	46	48	36	46	38	29	281	405	31%
2162	12023	Burnley Lowerhouse Junior School	Community	50				42	46	43	33	164	180	9%
2102	12023	301001	Community	50				42	40	43	33	104	100	970
2226	12025	Rosegrove Infant School	Community	50	50	53	50					153	150	-2%
		St Augustine of Canterbury											,	= 14
3438	12028	RC Primary School. Burnley	VA (C)	30	31	30	30	31	30	30	21	203	210	3%
		Burnley St James' Lanehead												
0.400	40000	Church of England Primary	\										0=0	201
3433	12029	School St Mary's Roman Catholic	VA (CE)	40	40	40	40	39	40	39	31	269	270	0%
3980	12031	Primary School. Burnley	VA (C)	30	30	31	30	37	35	31	37	231	252	8%
0000	12001	St Mary Magdalene's	V/ (O)	- 00	00	0.		0,		0.	0,	201	202	070
		Roman Catholic Primary												
3435	12032	School. Burnley	VA (C)	30	30	31	30	30	29	27	30	207	210	1%
		Burnley St Peter's Church of												
3430	12033	England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	28	29	30	25	27	18	18	175	210	17%
		Burnley St Stephen's CofE Voluntary Aided Primary												
3432	12034	School	VA (CE)	30	29	30	30	29	30	22	29	199	210	5%
0102	12001	Burnley Stoneyholme	V/((OL)	- 00								100	210	070
2224	12035	Community Primary School	Community	60	60	55	61	55	60	56	57	404	420	4%
		Burnley Whittlefield Primary												
2235	12037	School	Community	30	30	30	30	28	30	24	24	196	210	7%
2466	12020	Burnley Casterton Primary	Compressible	40	40	40	40	20	20	40	40	077	200	40/
2166	12039	School Wellfield Methodist and	Community VA	40	40	40	40	38	39	40	40	277	280	1%
3440	12040	Anglican Church School	(CE/Methodist)	30	29	30	30	29	32	30	31	211	210	0%
0.10	0.0	gii cari criai ori concor	(32/11/34/04/01)	50		50	30		J	30	J.			5 /0
2839	12041	Rosewood Primary School	Community	60	59	59	60	49	47	55	26	355	443	20%
		Cherry Fold Community												
2840	12042	Primary School	Community	60	48	41	32	44	56	30	31	282	420	33%
0044	40040	Burnley Springfield	0	20	07	22	20	04	07	40	0.4	475	044	4.40/
2841	12043	Community Primary School St John The Baptist Roman	Community	30	27	30	30	21	27	19	21	175	311	44%
		Catholic Junior School.												
2015	12044	Burnley	VA (C)	30	58	30	29	30	32	30	32	241	240	0%
-		+	(-)		-	_	-	_	-	-	-			

Padiham

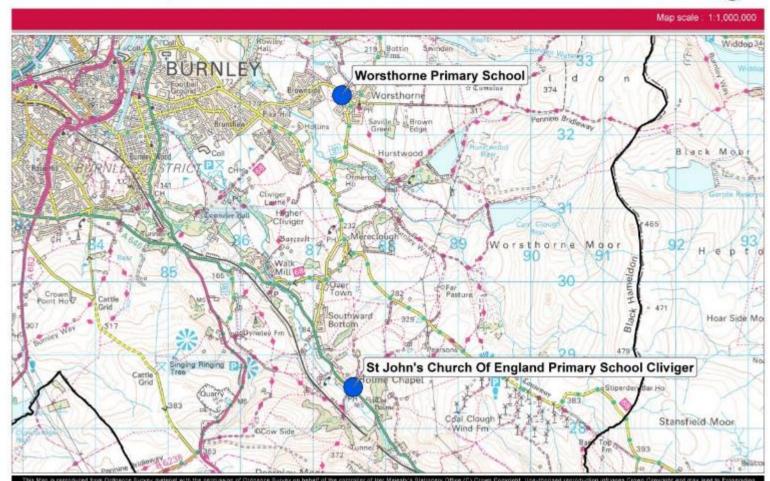




			Number of Children on Roll					Total No	Net	%				
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Type	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
		Padiham Green Church of England												
3021	12005	Primary School	VC (CE)	30	30	30	31	26	31	24	28	200	210	5%
2071	12006	Padiham Primary School	Community	45	39	44	45	40	45	38	33	284	315	10%
		St John The Baptist Roman Catholic												
3749	12007	Primary School. Padiham	VA (C)	30	28	30	30	32	30	31	31	212	210	-1%
		Padiham St Leonard's Voluntary												
3313	12008	Aided CofE Primary School	VA (CE)	45	45	30	30	26	32	28	24	215	232	7%
		Hapton Church of England/Methodist												
3181	12011	Primary School	VC (CE)	18	20	15	20	16	16	16	15	118	117	-1%

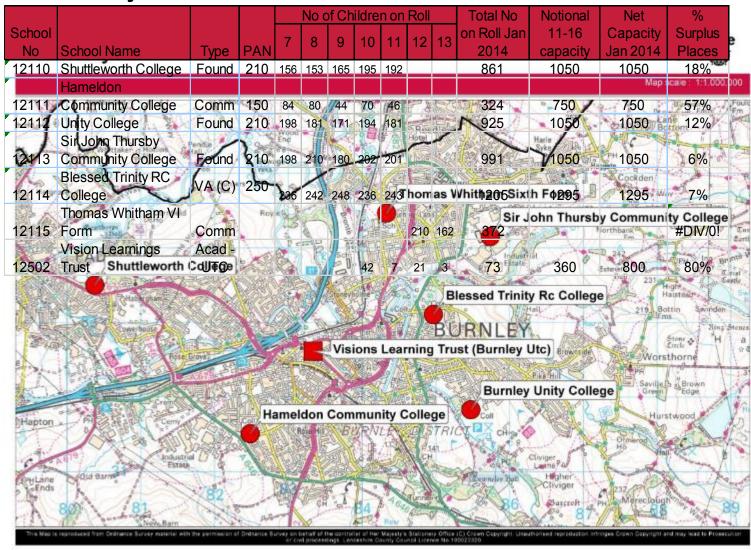
Rural Burnley



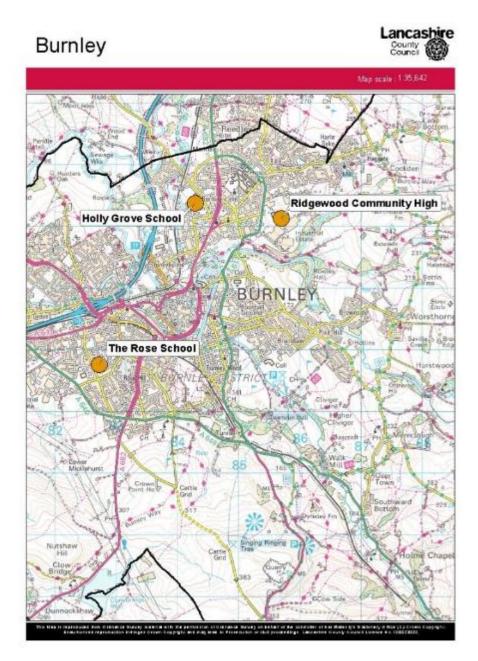


					Number of Children on Roll					oll	Total No	Net	%	
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5			Capacity Jan 2014	
2095	12002	Worsthorne Primary School	Community	30	30	30	29	29	27	26	26	197	210	6%
		St John's Church of England												
3324	12003	Primary School, Cliviger	VA (CE)	30	30	29	30	29	30	26	18	192	210	9%

Secondary Schools

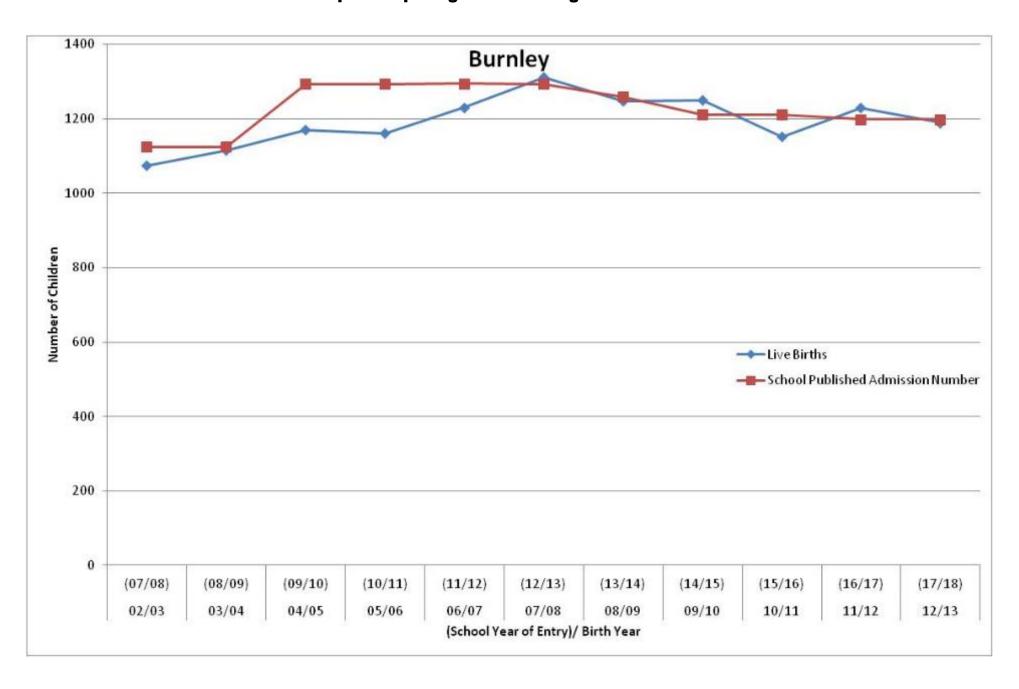


Special Schools



DfE No	School No	Establishment	Total Number of Children
7111			
	12134	The Rose School	52
7114			
	12135	Holly Grove School	68
7113		Did nove and Community Likely	
	12136	Ridgewood Community High School	123

Graph Comparing Birth Data against School Places



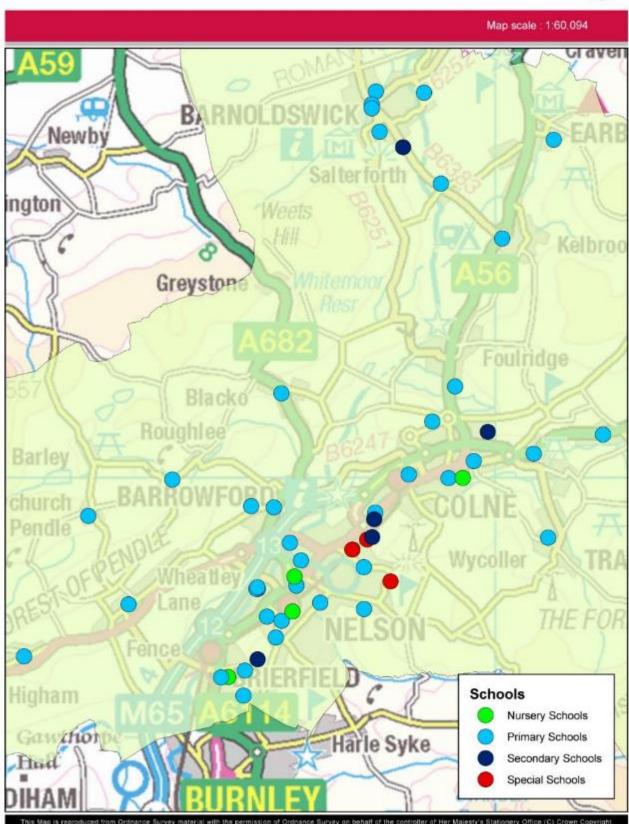
Birth and Roll Projection Information for Burnley

Year of Birth	Total Number of Births that year	Pupils to enter Reception in Year	Historical Average Take-up Rate	Projected Number of Pupils Entering Reception*	September 2014 PAN
09/10	1250	14/15		1125	
10/11	1152	15/16	90%	1037	1183
11/12	1229	16/17	90 %	1106	1103
12/13	1189	17/18		1070	

^{*} The projected number of pupils entering reception does not include increases due to current or future housing developments, which could significantly increase the number of pupils entering the schools.

Pendle

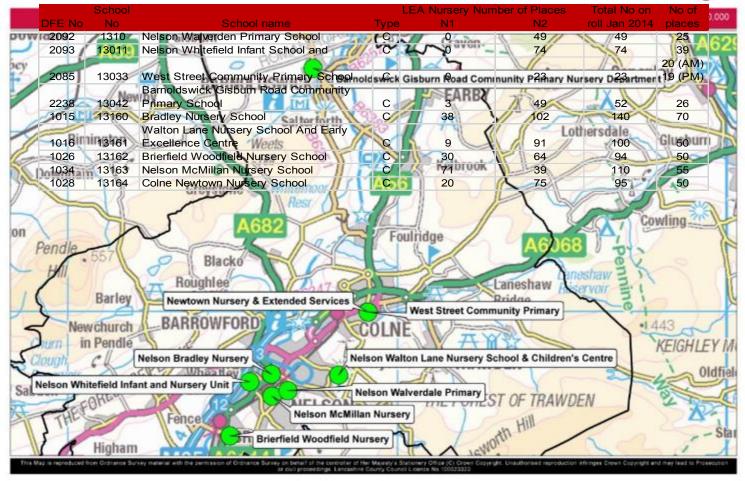




Nursery Schools

Pendle



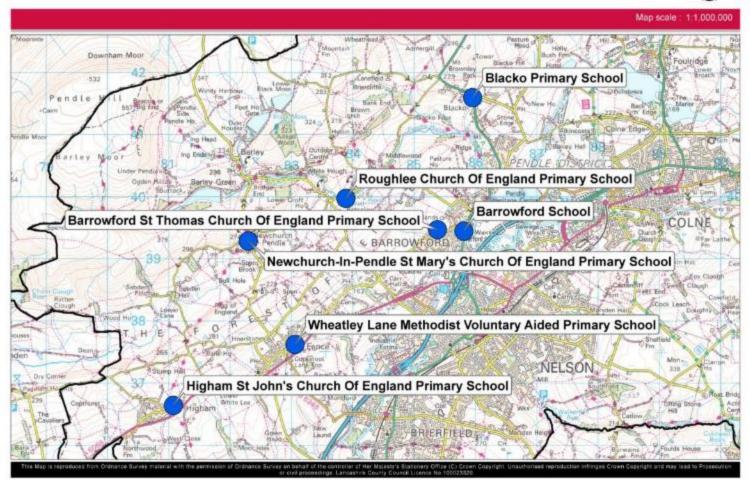


Primary Schools

					N	umbe	er of	Chilo	lren d	on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE				PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus
Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре									2014	Jan 2014	Flaces
3011	12040	Barnoldswick Church of England Controlled Primary School	VC (CE)	60	35	27	30	21	26	20	30	210	Map scale: 1 262	1.000,000
3011	Via all Mann	Barnoldswick Coates Lane Primary	VO (OL)	7		V.	J#	-	J	7	4	Booth Bridge	~ / A	11/0
2812	13041	SISCOOD S Catholic Primary School B	Community	30	30	28	27	29	31	30	30	205	205	0%
April Plan	1	Barnoldswick Gisburn Road	A7 10 3		17	16	1	1 3	and the	2	1	-	HYA	All
2238	13042	Community Primary School Barno	Community	esta	29	28	20	328	28	33	24	190	210	10%
House	L. H	St Joseph's Catholic Primary		= 17	Grange Farm	A.	7		7	lewage Norse	T		1	V
3805		School. Barnoldswickdswick Gisburn										132	\ 140	6%
2214	13046	The second state of the second	Community									109	\105	-4%
2240	13048	Salterforth Primary School Earby Springfield Primary School	Community	15 onko	15	11	13 1850	15 56	11 1881	18	15	98	105	7%
2215	13049	Earry Springlield Primary School	Community	30	20	ARRY	19	CI	24	10	14	136	210	35%
Durk HE	To		A PERSONAL PROPERTY AND A PERS	A	12	B	1		雕		1	中,数约	1	200
Spring	The last	To Constant	Earby Spring	field F	rima	ary S	Sch	ool			>	人格一	3/XX	
9	No Clin	Lines has had had had	Summer Samuel	100				45	End		1	1/8/	The	101
EX.		Gaussia	Wine is	ishet /		P	0	7	-	1	W.			11/2
TO A	W.	The first of the second	Salterforth P	rimar	v Sc	hoo	il	1	1	No.	Bor Hall	N. W.	EARBYC	No No No
000	9	City Home		Plead arm	1		Sough	1	1			上市	Bleara Mo	"
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MI	Prospect	Higher Chare Quarte Carry		SA	6	1	1	A	12	Hein	e C	WXX	Francy Rame Faces	
		Cathon Choo	To Bushfold	VO		M	July .	141/20	16	-	2	Copy	12/100 6	at Sico
1/3		A Sampada	- AI	1		Kei	bro	OK P	Pi	ary S	scn	001	A THEFT	at the
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Barrowford & Rural

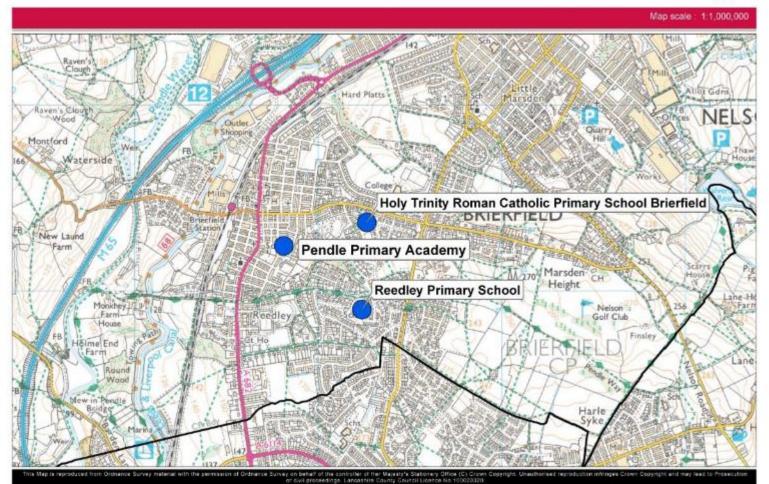




					N	lumb	er of	Child	dren (on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
3323	13014	Barrowford St Thomas Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	119	119	0%
2074	13016	Barrowford School	Community	60	60	59	56	49	40	39	52	355	372	5%
2075	13019	Blacko Primary School	Community	15	13	19	13	18	13	12	10	98	94	-4%
3327	13020	Newchurch-in-Pendle St Mary's Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	8	7	8	8	6	8	7	3	47	56	16%
3979	13022	Wheatley Lane Methodist Voluntary Aided Primary School	VA(M)	30	30	30	29	32	32	31	22	206	210	2%
3094	13023	Roughlee Church of England Primary School	VC (CE)	7	4	7	3	7	6	6		33	27	-22%
3107	13024	Higham St John's Church of England Primary School	VC (CE)	20	20	19	21	23	20	20	21	144	140	-3%

Brierfield

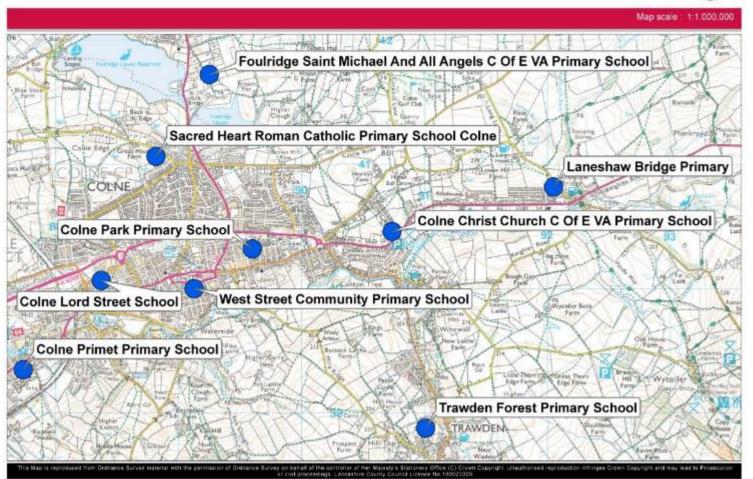




					Number of Children on Roll			oll	Total No	Net	%			
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	
		Holy Trinity Roman Catholic												
3754	13017	Primary School. Brierfield	VA (C)	15	15	15	15	15	15	16	14	105	105	0%
		Brierfield Reedley Primary												
2646	13036	School	Community	60	55	55	45	40	44	37	44	320	337	5%
2000	13501	Pendle Primary Academy	Academy	60	60	59	60	54	61	59	53	406	420	3%

Colne

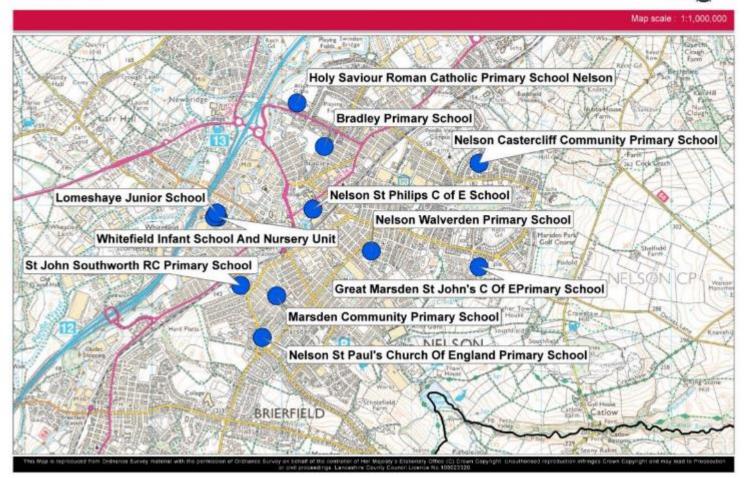




		PAN				umb	er of	Chilo	lren (on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
3325	13027	Colne Christ Church CofE Voluntary Aided Primary School	VA (CE)	25	29	27	25	25	30	23	25	184	172	-7%
2079	13028	Laneshaw Bridge Primary School	Community	30	30	30	30	28	32	31	31	212	210	-1%
2080	13029	Colne Lord Street School	Community	60	50	54	32	44	50	35	31	296	420	30%
2082	13030	Colne Park Primary School	Community	60	59	57	56	42	43	32	33	322	348	7%
2083	13031	Colne Primet Primary School	Community	30	19	25	23	27	22	22	26	164	210	22%
3755	13032	Sacred Heart Roman Catholic Primary School. Colne	VA (C)	30	31	28	29	29	31	29	29	206	210	2%
2085	13033	West Street Primary School	Community	30	17	22	12	22	26	10	19	128	243	47%
2094	13034	Trawden Forest Primary School	Community	30	30	29	28	24	22	22	22	177	202	12%
3326	13035	Foulridge Saint Michael and All Angels CofE VA Primary School	VA (CE)	30	31	30	30	28	29	27	24	199	210	5%

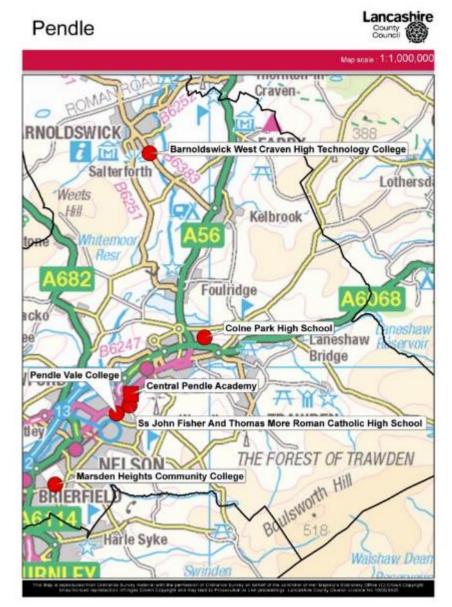
Nelson





					N	lumb	er of	Child	dren (on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	Surplus Places
2087	13001	Bradley Primary School	Community	55	55	59	60	59	54	53	54	394	385	-2%
3328	13003	Great Marsden St John's Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	29	29	27	28	21	26	15	175	210	17%
3757	13004	Holy Saviour Roman Catholic Primary School. Nelson	VA (C)	30	30	30	28	29	29	31	20	197	210	6%
3330	13005	Nelson St Philip's Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	20	20	20	19	20	20	20	20	139	148	6%
3331	13006	Nelson St Paul's Church of England Primary School	VA (CE)	60	60	60	30	28	31	30	27	266	270	1%
2090	13007	Nelson Lomeshaye Junior School	Community	90				81	88	60	58	287	297	3%
3759	13009	St John Southworth Roman Catholic Primary School. Nelson	VA (C)	30	30	30	30	30	30	29	30	209	210	0%
2092	13010	Nelson Walverden Primary School	Community	60	53	60	60	60	60	59	57	409	420	3%
2093	13011	Nelson Whitefield Infant School and Nursery Unit	Community	90	90	89	87					266	249	-7%
2089	13012	Marsden Community Primary School	Community		60	60	60	60	59	60	60	419	413	-1%
2414	13013	Nelson Castercliff Community Primary School		75 45	44	45	45	41	43	41	41	300	300	0%

Secondary Schools

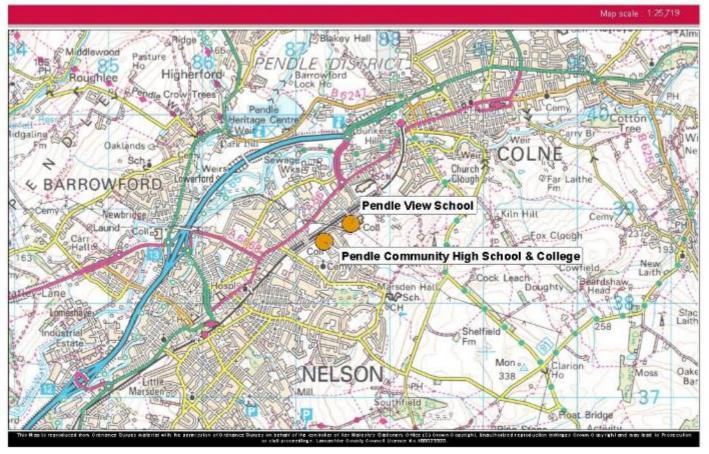


				No of Children on Roll						Total No	Notional	Net	
School				7	8	9	10	11	12	13	on Roll	11-16	Capacity
Number	School Name	Type	PAN))	2		'-	2	Jan 2014	Capacity	Jan 2014
13502	Colne Primet High School	Academy	120	58	79	86	80	109			412	950	950
	Barnoldswick West												
	Craven High Technology												
13103	College	Community	165	94	89	83	111	107			484	845	845
13107	Colne Park High School	Community	186	198	202	185	189	187			961	930	930
	SS John Fisher and												
	Thomas More Roman	VA (C)	150										
	Catholic High School.	VA (C)	130										
13108	Colne			147	155	143	146	144			735	750	750
	Marsden Heights												
13110	Community College	Community	210	166	194	164	162	152			838	1050	1050
13111	Pendle Vale College	Community	210	197	210	209	208	201			1025	1050	1050

Special Schools

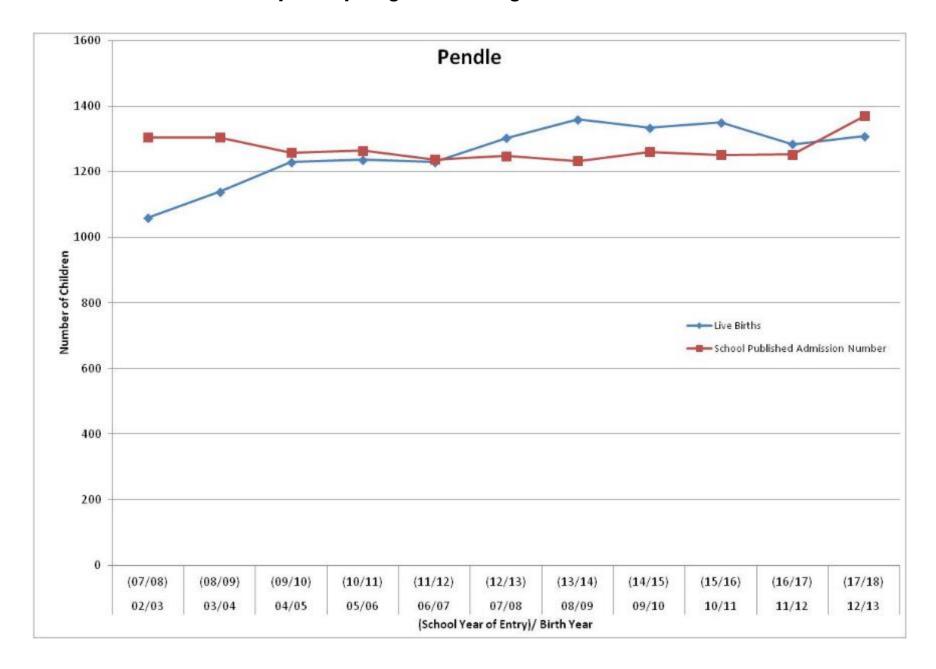
Pendle





DfE No	School No	Establishment	Total Number of Children
7112	13133	Pendle View Primary School	77
7115	13134	Pendle Community High School	123

Graph Comparing Birth Data against School Places



Birth and Roll Projection Information for Pendle

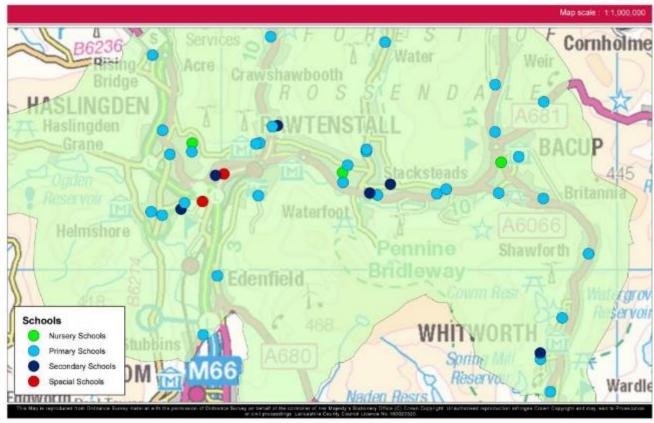
Year of Birth	Total Number of Births that year	Pupils to enter Reception in Year	Historical Average Take-up Rate	Projected Number of Pupils Entering Reception*	September 2014 PAN
09/10	1334	14/15		1201	
10/11	1350	15/16	90%	1215	1297
11/12	1284	16/17	90 /0	1156	1291
12/13	1308	17/18		1177	

^{*} The projected number of pupils entering reception does not include increases due to current or future housing developments, which could significantly increase the number of pupils entering the schools.

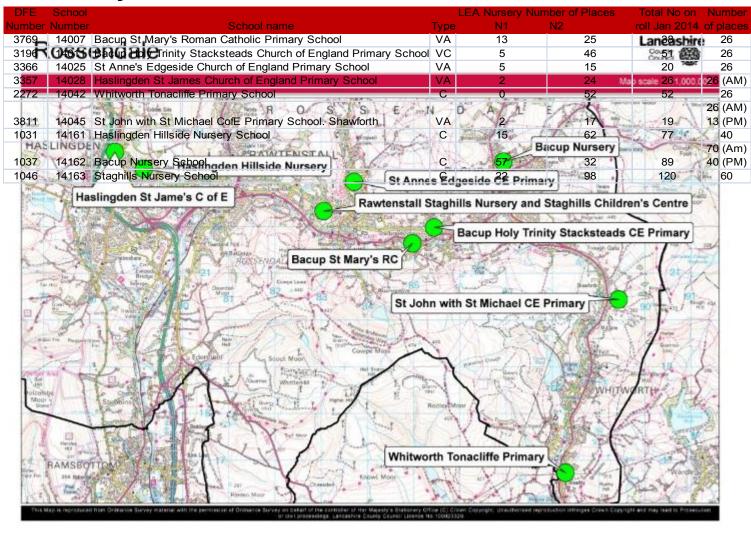
Rossendale

Rossendale





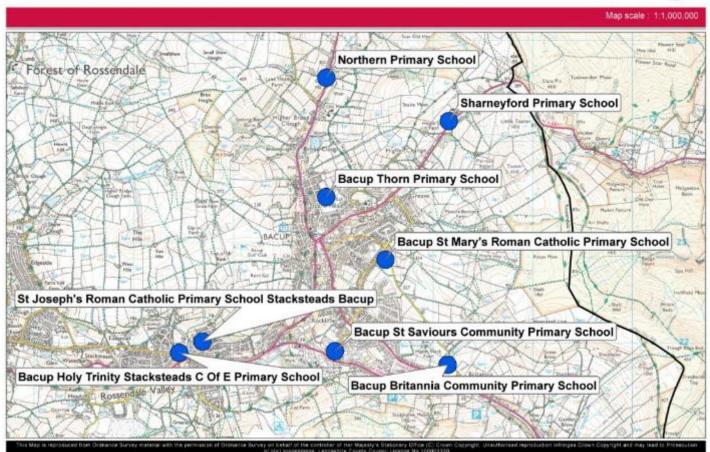
Nursery Schools



Primary Schools

Bacup & Stacksteads

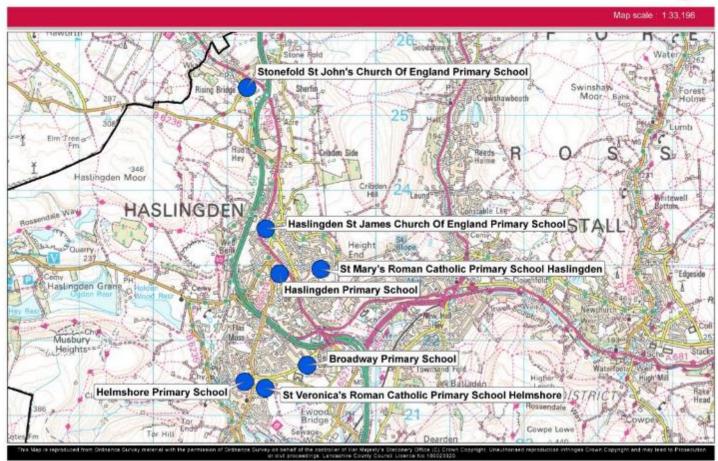




DFE				PAN	N	umb	er of	Child	lren d	on Ro	oll	Total No	Net	%
Number	LCC No	School Name	Type	I AIN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan	Capacity	Surplus
		Bacup Britannia Community												
2109	14001	Primary School	Community	45	30	30	30	30	29	30	29	208	210	1%
2114	14002	Bacup Thorn Primary School	Community	45	32	48	39	37	34	24	29	243	308	21%
2111	14003	Bacup Northern Primary School	Community	30	25	27	25	31	26	22	28	184	203	9%
2113	14005	Bacup Sharneyford Primary School	Community	10	10	10	10	10	8	7	10	65	59	-10%
	7	St Joseph's Roman Catholic												
		Primary School. Stacksteads.												
3768	14006	Bacup	VA(C)	25	9	19	14	19	16	16	15	108	140	23%
		Bacup St Mary's Roman Catholic												
3769	14007	Primary School	VA(C)	30	18	19	20	14	26	16	21	134	189	29%
		Bacup St Saviours Community												
2112	14008	Primary School	Community	16	15	17	10	17	16	8	12	95	112	15%
		Bacup Holy Trinity Stacksteads												
3196	14011	Church of England Primary School	VC (CE)	35	40	40	33	43	34	35	36	261	261	0%

Haslingden

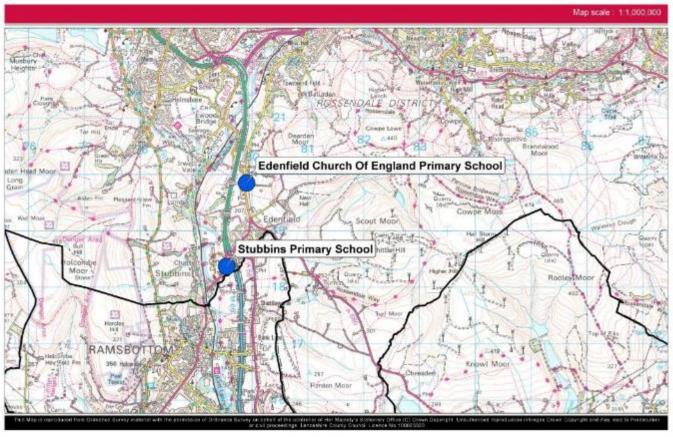




			Number of Children on Roll						oll	Total No	Net	%		
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014		Surplus Places
		Haslingden St James Church of												
3357	14028	England Primary School	VA (CE)	30	17	17	25	21	20	14	23	137	210	35%
			Foundation											
2117	14029	Haslingden Primary School	(Trust)	80	54	72	72	44	57	60	42	401	475	16%
		Haslingden Broadway Primary												
2687	14030	School	Community	30	30	30	30	28	31	31	30	210	210	0%
		Haslingden Helmshore Primary												
2118	14031	School	Community	58	58	60	60	52	60	52	50	392	401	2%
		St Mary's Roman Catholic Primary												
3771	14032	School Haslingden	VA (C)	20	19	20	20	16	20	17	13	125	140	11%
		St John's Stonefold Church of												
3359	14033	England Primary School	VA (CE)	20	18	10	20	18	19	12	20	117	140	16%
		St Veronica's Roman Catholic												
3615	14034	Primary School. Helmshore	VA(C)	25	21	27	27	24	25	25	22	171	175	2%

Ramsbottom

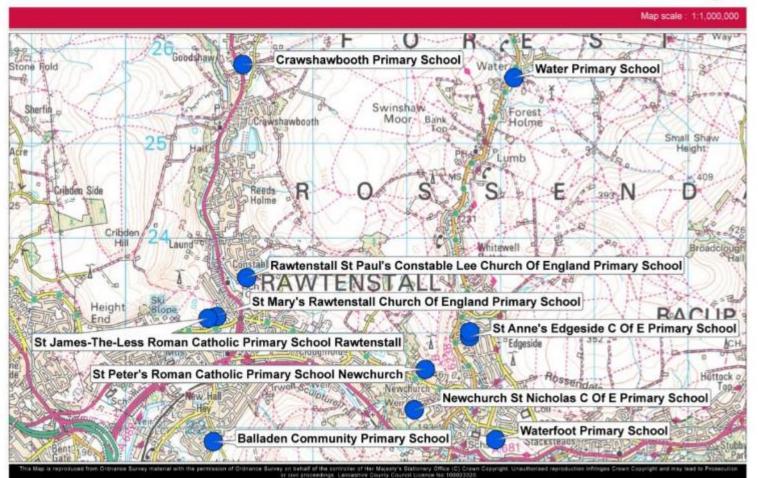




					Number of Children on Roll					oll	Total No	Net	%	
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Type	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6		Capacity Jan 2014	
3099	14038	Edenfield Church of England Primary School	VC (CE)	25	25	25	20	20	21	21	21	153	175	13%
2121	14039	Stubbins Primary School	Community	30	30	29	31	29	32	31	29	211	210	0%

Rawtenstall

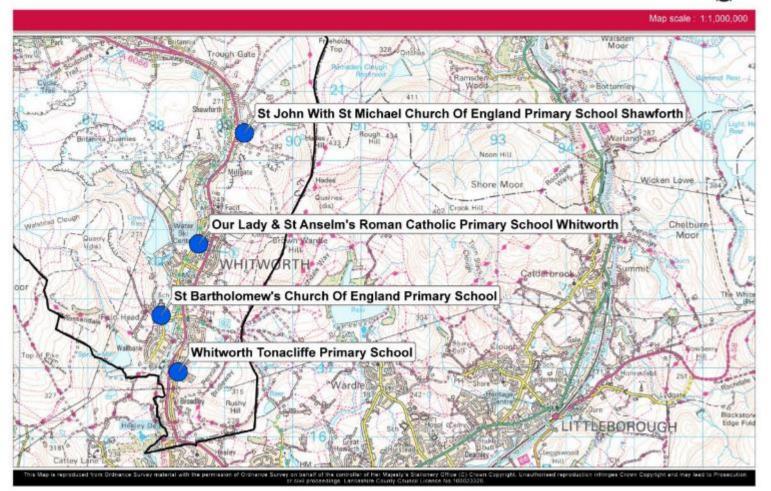




			Number of Children on Roll							oll	Total No	Net	%	
DFE				PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll	Capacity	
Number	LCC No	School Name	Type									Jan 2014	Jan 2014	Places
		Rawtenstall St Paul's Constable Lee CofE												
3022	14015	Primary School	VC (CE)	40	37	39	40	35	32	41	40	264	270	2%
		St James-the-Less Roman Catholic												
3776	14016	Primary School. Rawtenstall	VA(C)	30	29	30	30	31	29	32	22	203	206	1%
		St Mary's Rawtenstall Church of England												
3023	14018	Primary School	VC (CE)	30	22	30	31	29	18	29	31	190	199	5%
2595	14019	Crawshawbooth Primary School	Community	45	45	44	44	44	47	48	39	311	315	1%
		<u>-</u>	_											
2129	14022	Rawtenstall Waterfoot Primary School	Community	45	45	46	43	44	45	45	45	313	315	1%
		St Peter's Roman Catholic Primary												
3775	14023	School. Newchurch	VA (C)	20	18	18	19	18	19	16	13	121	120	-1%
		Newchurch St Nicholas Church of England												
3113	14024	Primary School	VC (CE)	30	13	24	9	17	15	14	17	109	180	39%
		St Anne's Edgeside Church of England VA	, i											
3366	14025	Primary School	VA (CE)	30	19	18	25	23	29	22	25	161	204	21%
		Rawtenstall Balladen Community Primary	` ,											
2409	14026	School	Community	30	30	30	30	29	26	25	30	200	210	5%
2128	14027	Water Primary School	Community	20	6	13	6	15	9	7	7	63	115	45%

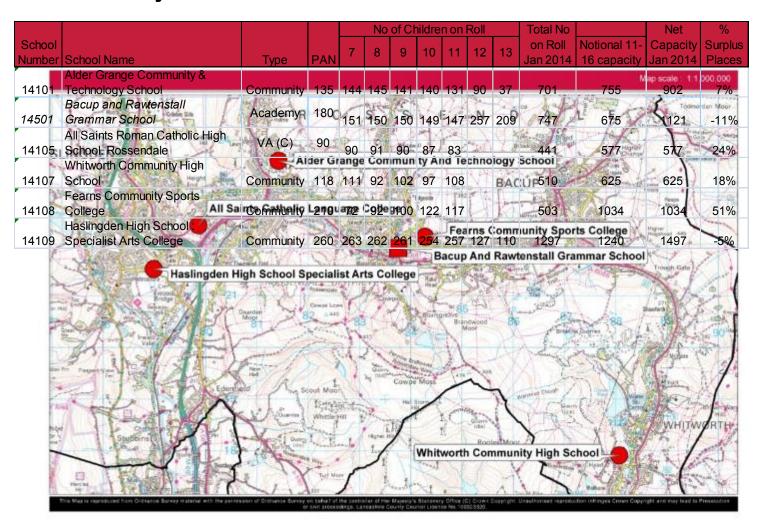
Whitworth





				Number of Children on Roll			Total No Net		%					
DFE Number	LCC No	School Name	Туре	PAN	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	on Roll Jan 2014	Capacity Jan 2014	
		St Bartholomew's Church of England												
3058	14040	Primary School	VC (CE)	25	18	17	19	13	20	16	22	125	150	17%
2272	14042	Whitworth Tonacliffe Primary School	Community	45	42	46	43	44	44	27	45	291	315	8%
3889	14044	Our Lady and St Anselms RC	VA(C)	23	28	23	31	23	18	13	11	147	161	9%
		St John with St Michael CofE Primary												
3811	14045	School. Shawforth	VA (CE)	17	16	20	15	14	13	10	12	100	119	16%

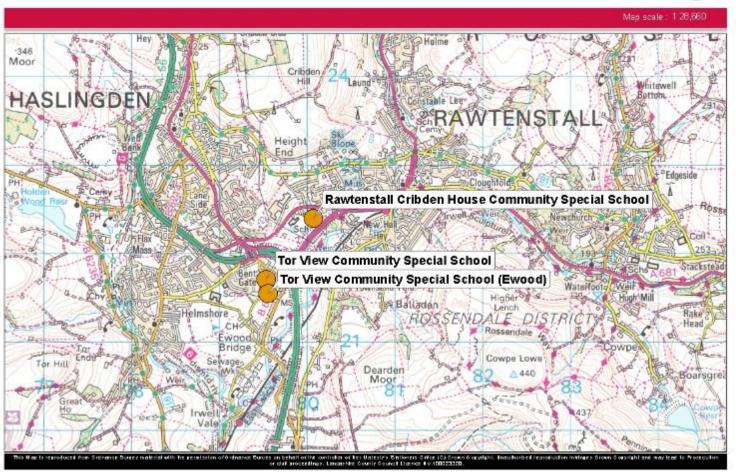
Secondary Schools



Special Schools

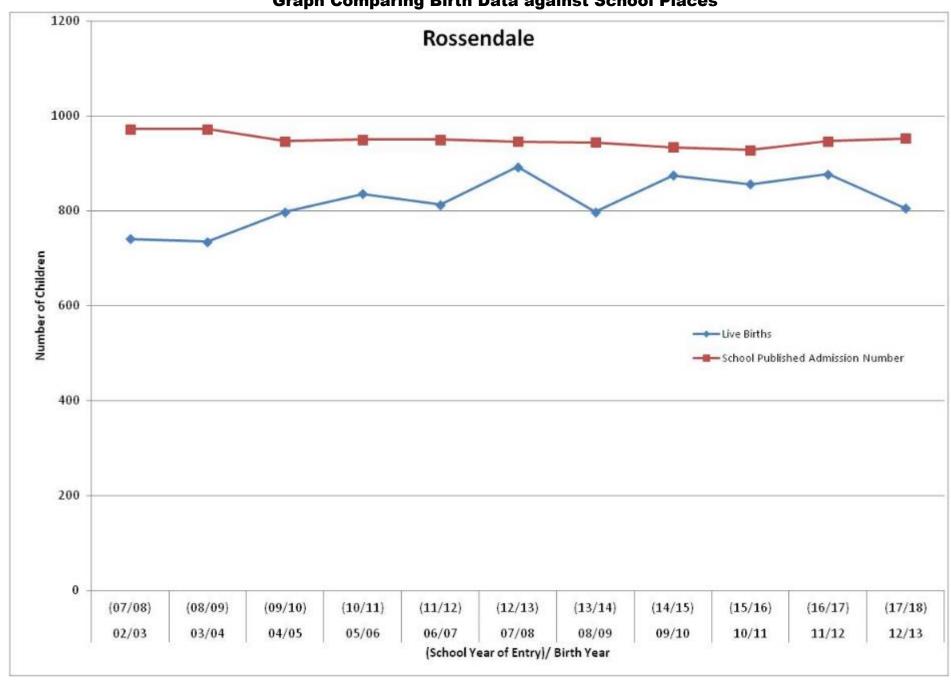
Rossendale





DfE No	School No	Establishment	Total Number of Children
7092	14130	Tor View Community Special School	142
7044	14132	Rawtenstall Cribden House Community Special School	40

Graph Comparing Birth Data against School Places

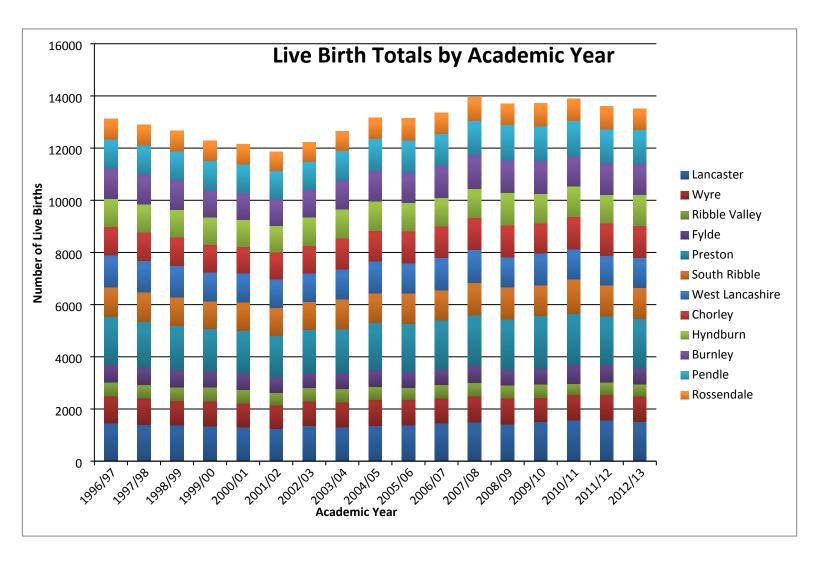


Birth and Roll Projection Information for Rossendale

Year of Birth	Total Number of Births that year	Pupils to enter Reception in Year	Historical Average Take-up Rate	Projected Number of Pupils Entering Reception*	September 2014 PAN
09/10	875	14/15		901	
10/11	856	15/16	103%	882	984
11/12	877	16/17	103 /0	903	304
12/13	805	17/18		829	

^{*} The projected number of pupils entering reception does not include increases due to current or future housing developments, which could significantly increase the number of pupils entering the schools.

Appendix 2 - Birth Data

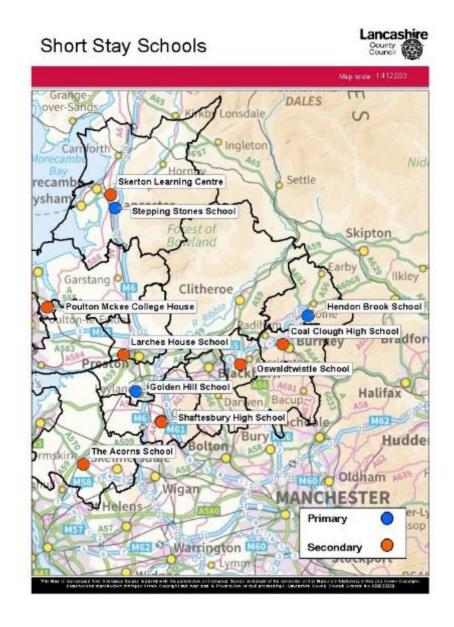


Appendix 3 – Special Schools

Schoo I No	Establishment Name	District	Age Range
00131	Wennington Hall School	Lancaster	11 - 16
00133	Bleasdale School	Lancaster	2 - 19
00134	Royal Cross Primary School	Preston	4 - 11
00139	Hillside Specialist School for Autistic Spectrum Disorder	Ribble Valley	3 - 19
01130	Morecambe Road School	Morecambe	4 - 16
01131	The Loyne Specialist School	Lancaster	2 - 19
02130	Great Arley School	Wyre	4 - 16
02131	Brookfield School	Wyre	11 - 16
02132	Thornton-Cleveleys Red Marsh School	Wyre	2 - 19
04133	Kirkham Pear Tree School	Fylde	2 - 19
06131	Moorbrook School	Preston	11 - 16
06134	Acorns Primary School	Preston	2 - 11
06135	Sir Tom Finney Community High School	Preston	11 - 19
07130	Lostock Hall Moor Hey School	South Ribble	4 - 16
07131	The Coppice School	South Ribble	2 - 19
08135	Hope High School	West Lancashire	11 - 16
08136	Kingsbury Primary School	West Lancashire	2 - 11
08137	West Lancashire Community High School	West Lancashire	11 - 19
08138	Elm Tree Community Primary School	West Lancashire	5 - 11

Schoo I No	Establishment Name	District	Age Range
09130	Chorley Astley Park School	Chorley	4 - 16
09131	Mayfield Specialist School	Chorley	2 - 19
11130	Oswaldtwistle White Ash School	Hyndburn	2 - 11
11131	Broadfield Specialist School	Hyndburn	11 - 19
12134	The Rose School	Burnley	11 - 16
12135	Holly Grove School	Burnley	2 - 11
12136	Ridgewood Community High School	Burnley	11 - 19
13133	Pendle View Primary School	Pendle	2 - 11
13134	Pendle Community High School & College	Pendle	11 - 19
14130	Tor View Community Special School	Rossendale	3 - 19
14132	Rawtenstall Cribden House Community Special School	Rossendale	5 - 11

Appendix 4 - Short Stay Schools



Primary	<u>Places</u>	
Stepping Stones (North Area)	24	
Hendon Brook (East Area)	24	
Golden Hill	40	
Secondary		
Chadwick (Lancaster)	90	
McKee (Fylde / Wyre)	90	
Larches (Preston)	130	
Shaftesbury (Chorley / South Ribble)	130	
Acorns (West Lancashire)	90	
Oswaldtwistle (Hyndburn)	90	
Coal Clough (Burnley)	140	

Appendix 5 – School Organisation Regulations 2013

On 28 January 2014 the new <u>School Organisation (Prescribed Alterations to Maintained Schools) (England) Regulations 2013</u> and <u>School Organisation (Establishment and Discontinuance of Schools) Regulations 2013</u> that came into force, replacing legislation with the same name from 2007.

The legislation comes with <u>guidance</u> which provides information on the processes involved in making significant changes to maintained schools (e.g. expansion), establishing new provision and school closure. Three annexes give further information for proposers, guidance for decision-makers and, guidance on foundation and Trust proposals.

Appendix 6 – Establishing a New School

Where a LA thinks a new school needs to be established in their area, section 6A of Education and Inspections Act 2006 places the Local Authority under a duty to seek proposals to establish an academy/free school and to specify a date by which proposals must be submitted to the Local Authority. In considering the need for a new school, Local Authorities should factor in any free school projects that the department has approved and are due to open. They should also refer to published guidance on the process for establishing new maintained schools (including voluntary aided schools) and new published guidance on expanding and closing schools.

Local authority consultation

It will be for LAs to decide how to consult on the proposed new school and with whom (e.g. potential providers, other schools, academies, the wider community, diocese and any others affected by the proposals). LAs should be clear from their school place planning about the type (e.g. mainstream, special educational needs, pupil referral unit), age range, gender and capacity of the academy/free school they wish to see established, and the expected cost. This clarity is particularly important as potential proposers will be submitting bids on the basis of the specification set out by the LA.

Impact assessment

As part of the planning process for new schools, LAs must also undertake an assessment of the impact of the proposal, both on existing educational institutions locally and in terms of impact on particular groups of pupils from an equalities perspective. This is to enable the Secretary of State to meet her duties under section 9 of the Academies Act 2010 and under section 149 of the Equality Act 2010. Most LAs will already do this, so in practice it will just be a matter of providing the Secretary of State with a copy of their assessment. However, in the unlikely event that the Secretary of State has concerns about the level of analysis, she reserves the right to ask a LA to undertake further work on their impact assessment.

Seeking proposals

The LA should take all necessary steps to ensure that the widest possible range of groups or organisations that might be interested in establishing the new school are aware of the opportunity to do so and have sufficient time to develop proposals. Local good or outstanding schools that are interested in submitting a proposal to run a new school will need to have or acquire both academy status and sponsor approval. The department's list of approved sponsors can be accessed on the internet. The department will also play a role in generating interest from high quality proposers – by posting details of new academy/free school proposals on its own website, encouraging

key stakeholders to do the same and by sign-posting proposals to existing sponsors or potential sponsors who we are aware are keen to operate in that region.

Funding arrangements

As under the previous new school competition arrangements, the LA is responsible for providing the site for the new school, and meeting all associated capital costs.

Local authorities are also required to meet the revenue costs of the new provision. They must make provision in their growth funds to support increases in pupil numbers relating to basic need. This relates to the per-pupil revenue funding in addition to all funding for pre-opening development costs and post-opening funding required to address diseconomies of scale until a school reaches full capacity. This is because the new academy or free school will be funded on a recoupment basis. School funding arrangements allow LAs to retain funding centrally to cover these costs.

Local authorities are expected to work with selected proposers to agree a reasonable and mutually acceptable funding allocation for the LA to cover pre- and post-opening costs. Upon opening, the school will be funded by the Education Funding Agency on the same basis as other academies and free schools in the same LA area.

Notifying the department - school specification

- The LA must notify the department as soon as the need for a new school has been agreed, forwarding to the department:
 - i. a copy of the new school specification, including confirmation:
 - ii. that the LA has identified the required capital to establish the new school, the amount and its source (e.g. LAs basic need funding);
 - iii. that the LA will meet all pre- and post-opening costs associated with establishing the new school (paragraphs 18-20);
- iv. that the LA will provide the site for the new school;
- v. of the address of the site for the new school, or all sites where a school will operate from split sites;
- vi. of site ownership or tenure arrangements and how these will operate for the new school;
- their impact assessment (paragraph 16);
- a link to the LA's website page where the relevant information will be available to interested parties.

Notifying the department – proposals

Once the specified date for submitting the academy/free school proposals to the LA has passed, the LA must provide the Secretary of State with details of the steps the authority has taken to seek proposals for an academy/free school and any proposals submitted to them.

Sponsor approval

The Secretary of State will only consider entering into a funding agreement with an approved sponsor. (See the department's approved sponsor list. Consequently, new proposers will need to be assessed by the department through the normal sponsor approval route. See information on the department's sponsor approval process). We recommend that LAs make it clear when publishing their invitation for proposals that proposers that are not approved by the department will have to go through this approval process and should contact the department at the outset, and certainly before submitting a formal proposal to the LA. If a non-approved sponsor does submit a proposal, the LA should immediately advise the proposer to apply to become a sponsor.

Completing the assessment

There is no requirement of LAs to assess the capacity and capability of proposers as this will form part of the department's assessment. If the LA chooses to carry out an assessment, it should be based on the criteria set out in their published specification and a clear and transparent process should be followed. Any recommended proposal should give strong, credible evidence that the new school will raise the overall standard of education available in the local area, adding very high quality places to the system. LAs should be mindful that the final decision on the choice of proposer rests with the Secretary of State. She reserves the right to put in place a proposer of her own choice, particularly where there is further evidence about the suitability of a proposer, or the availability of a better proposer. LAs should await the Secretary of State's decision before making any public announcements.

All proposals received will undergo a two stage assessment process as detailed below.

Stage one

Local authorities may assess proposals against their specification for the new academy and can, if they wish, recommend their preferred proposer. LAs should provide the Secretary of State at the earliest opportunity with any assessment including their scoring of the proposals.

Stage two

Department officials will assess the capacity, capability and performance of all proposers, taking into consideration any assessment and/or recommendation made by the LA. The purpose of the DfE assessment of proposals is to ensure that the department's data on individual sponsor capacity, capability and track record is taken into account in rating the suitability of those sponsors who have submitted a proposal. The department's assessment will focus, in particular, on strategic vision, educational capacity and performance, financial planning and operational capacity and

governance. For existing sponsors, the department will also focus on the credibility and track record of the proposer (which will be informed by their latest results and Ofsted inspections), their capacity to take on new projects and the local infrastructure that will support the proposal. For new sponsors, the department will also focus on the information supplied through the sponsor application process. This assessment will enable the Regional Schools Commissioner (RSC), on behalf of the Secretary of State, to choose the best proposer possible to take forward the new school. If none of the proposers is assessed as suitable, the Secretary of State reserves the right to put in place any proposer of her own choice.

Funding agreement

Before deciding whether or not to enter into a funding agreement with any proposer, the Secretary of State will need to be satisfied about their suitability to set up and run an academy/free school. The LA should therefore undertake due diligence checks on new proposers. Any proposals put forward by organisations which advocate violence or other illegal activity will be rejected. In order to be approved, proposals should demonstrate that they would support UK democratic values including respect for the basis on which UK laws are made and applied; respect for democracy; support for individual liberties within the law; and mutual tolerance and respect. In order to enable the Secretary of State to take an informed decision, the department may ask proposers to provide additional information about themselves and to consent to checks being carried out.

As soon as a suitable proposer is agreed "in principle" by the Secretary of State, the department will notify the LA, the successful proposer and the local MP. It will then be for the successful proposer to work towards establishing the new academy/free school with support from the LA and the department, as required. The Secretary of State will consider signing a funding agreement with the sponsor once she is content that the school is prepared to open.

Once the LA has been notified of the successful proposer, it is their responsibility to inform other applicants that they have not been successful.

Sponsor consultation

The successful proposer is under a duty, as required by section 10 of the Academies Act 2010, to consult such persons as they think appropriate on whether they should enter into a funding agreement for the new school with the Secretary of State.

The LA will continue to have an interest because of its duties to secure sufficient suitable schools.